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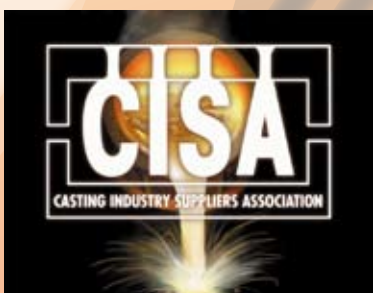
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Emissions from Shell Core Making and Storage

1413-115 HO

October 2007

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UNITED STATES COUNCIL
FOR AUTOMOTIVE RESEARCH

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Emissions from Shell Core Making and Storage

1413-115 HO

This report has been reviewed for completeness and accuracy and approved for release by the following:

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Table of Contents

Executive Summary	1
1.0 Introduction.....	5
1.1. Background	5
1.2. CERP/Technikon Objectives	5
1.3. Report Organization.....	5
1.4. Specific Test Plan and Objectives	6
2.0 Test Methods and Procedures	7
2.1. Testing Program	7
2.1.1. Test Plan Review and Approval	7
2.1.2. Shell Core Making and Storage	7
2.1.3. Emissions Testing	9
2.1.4. Process Parameter Measurements.....	12
2.1.5. Sampling Methods	12
2.2. Data Reduction, Tabulation and Preliminary Report Preparation.....	13
2.2.1. Report Preparation and Review	14
2.3. Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) Procedures	14
3.0 Test Results	17
3.1. Discussion of Results.....	22
Appendix A Test and Sample Plans and Process Instructions.....	31
Appendix B Detailed Emission Results and Quantitation Limits	47
Appendix C Detailed Process Data	59
Appendix D Continuous Emission Charts.....	63
Appendix E Acronyms and Abbreviations.....	75

List of Figures and Tables

Table 1a	Average Emission Indicators Summary Table, Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HO to Test HN, lb/tn Core	2
Table 1b	Average Emission Indicators Summary Table, Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HO to Test HN, lb/lb Binder	2
Table 1-1	Test Plan Summary	6
Figure 2-1	Shell Core Making/Storage Process.....	7
Table 2-1	Beardsley and Piper SF Cormatic Specifications.....	8
Figure 2-3	Cross Section of Shell Step Core	8
Figure 2-2	Shell Core Machine Enclosure.....	8
Figure 2-4	Test Equipment for Emissions Sampling.....	10
Figure 2-5	VOST and On-Line Analyzer	11
Table 2-2	Process Equipment and Methods	12
Figure 2-6	Cooling Rate of Shell Core	12
Table 2-3	Emission Sampling and Analytical Methods	13
Table 3-1a	Test HO Comparison Summary of Selected Target Analytes to Test HN, Average Results, lb/tn core.....	19
Table 3-1b	Test HO Comparison Summary of Selected Target Analytes to Test HN, Average Results, lb/lb binder	20
Table 3-2	System Background Emissions for Test HO	21
Figure 3-1a	Comparison of Emissions Indicators of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/tn core.....	23
Figure 3-2a	Comparison of Selected HAP and POM Emissions of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/tn core.....	23
Figure 3-3a	Comparison of Selected Target Analyte Emissions of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/tn core.....	23
Figure 3-4a	Comparison of Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/tn core	23

Figure 3-1b	Comparison of Emissions Indicators of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/lb binder	24
Figure 3-2b	Comparison of Selected HAP and POM Emissions of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/lb binder	24
Figure 3-3b	Comparison of Selected Target Analyte Emissions of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/lb binder	24
Figure 3-4b	Comparison of Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/lb binder	24
Table 3-3	Additional Identified Compounds from GC/MS Analysis.....	26
Figure 3-5	Comparison of Methane and TGOC Results for Shell Core Making	27
Figure 3-6	Cyclical Pattern of Emissions from Shell Core Making	28
Table 3-4	Summary of Core Making Process Parameters	29

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Executive Summary

A testing protocol was undertaken for Test HO to quantitatively evaluate airborne emissions from shell core making and storage. A phenol-formaldehyde resin coated sand (Technisand™ 630BN Gold, Fairmount Minerals), which does not contain hexamethylenetetramine, was the core making material used for the test. The stated concentration of the binder was 3% based on sand (BOS) weight. Results were compared to Test HN, a baseline shell core making and storage test which used a hexamine containing resin (Technisand™ XC30 Shell Sand, Fairmount Minerals).

A Beardsley and Piper Cormatic Shell core machine, model SF6CA, with 32 natural gas burners, circa 1963, was used for the test. An insulated vertical draft hood draped on three sides with fire resistant and inert fabric and enclosed on the fourth with a wall of aluminum sheeting functioned as the shell core machine enclosure for capturing emissions. The shell machine was configured with the step-core pattern corebox. Emissions were measured from six replicate runs consisting of the making and concurrent storage of 15 cores, immediately followed by a separate storage period within the enclosure after the blow and cure cycle of the final core, to complete an elapsed run time of 60 minutes. Emission samples were continuously collected for the entire core making/storage and separate storage periods.

The emission results were calculated in both pounds of pollutant per pound of binder (lb/lb) and pounds of pollutant per ton of cores (lb/ton). All emissions have been corrected by subtracting background contributions. Subtracting those compounds present from quality control and method background blanks (i.e. ambient background) generates emissions for the complete shell core making process, including machine, natural gas burner, and material emissions. Material (binder) emissions were obtained by subtracting the background contribution produced from a system blank obtained by operating the shell core machine without actual core production. Subtracting the system blank allows comparisons to be made for emissions between material systems only, without contributions from the shell core machine.

The system background contained moderate concentrations of numerous hydrocarbons in-

cluding benzene, toluene, phenol, and xylenes. The measured criteria pollutants and greenhouse gases concentration were also high in the blank. Comparing system blank concentrations to sample concentrations shows that a majority of the differentiated hydrocarbons, the total hydrocarbons as measured by TGOC as Propane, and the methane originated from the shell core machine, including the natural gas burners. It is also apparent that most of the total hydrocarbon emissions as measured by TGOC as Propane is comprised of methane. The emissions for total hydrocarbons and methane parallel each other exactly over the entire core making/storage and storage run.

Total hydrocarbon results for both lb/ton metal and lb/lb binder for Test HO show a statistically significant increase of 75% when compared to Test HN, as shown in Table 1a and Table 1b. Relative decreases of approximately 70% were shown for the other Emission Indicators including the Sum of Target Analytes and the Sum of Target HAPs. The difference between the results of the two tests for non-methane hydrocarbons was found to be insignificant.

Table 1a **Average Emission Indicators Summary Table,
Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HO to Test HN, lb/tn Core**

Analyte Name	Reference Test HN	Test HO	Percent Change from Reference
THC as Propane	5.34E-01	9.34E-01	75
Non-Methane Hydrocarbons	3.28E-01	2.96E-01	-10
Sum of Target Analytes	5.79E-01	1.46E-01	-75
Sum of Target HAPs	1.25E-01	4.06E-02	-67
Sum of Target POMs	ND	4.69E-05	NA

ND=Not Detected

NA=Not Applicable

Table 1b **Average Emission Indicators Summary Table,
Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HO to Test HN, lb/lb Binder**

Analyte Name	Reference Test HN	Test HO	Percent Change from Reference
THC as Propane	9.16E-03	1.60E-02	75
Non-Methane Hydrocarbons	5.63E-03	5.08E-03	-10
Sum of Target Analytes	1.00E-02	2.53E-03	-75
Sum of Target HAPs	2.17E-03	7.07E-04	-67
Sum of Target POMs	ND	8.15E-07	NA

ND=Not Detected

NA=Not Applicable

Two target analytes comprised over 97% of emissions for the system background adjusted data. Ammonia had the highest contribution at 78% followed by phenol at 19%. Formaldehyde accounted for approximately 2% of emissions. The few compounds which supplied the remainder of measurable emissions were all less than 0.1%. Targeted HAPs contributed approximately 22% to total measured emissions.

Five target analyte emissions were lower and two were higher when comparing the two binder systems from Test HO and Test HN. The largest emissions decrease of 77% was found for ammonia, an EPA EPCRA Section 313 chemical, although its contribution (78%) was exactly the same as in Test HN. The largest increase in emissions of 81% was for crotonaldehyde.

A GC/MS analysis of the stack emissions revealed several additional compounds for both Test HO and Test HN. Some of these compounds were of higher concentration than the predicted compounds. Tentative identification included several silicone compounds (from the release agent) and numerous nitrogen containing compounds, including nitro phenols.

Emission results from the testing performed and described herein are not suitable for use as emission factors or for purposes other than evaluating the relative emission reductions associated with the use of alternative materials, equipment, or processes. The emissions measurements are unique to the specific cores produced, materials used, and testing methodology associated with these tests. These measurements should not be used as the basis for estimating emissions from actual commercial foundry applications.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1. Background

Technikon LLC is a privately held contract research organization located in McClellan, California, a suburb of Sacramento. Technikon offers emissions research services to industrial and government clients specializing in the metal casting and point source emissions areas. Technikon operates the Casting Emission Reduction Program (CERP). CERP is a cooperative initiative between the Department of Defense (US Army) and the United States Council for Automotive Research (USCAR). The parties to the CERP Cooperative Research and Development Agreement (CRADA) include The Environmental Leadership Council of USCAR, a Michigan partnership of DaimlerChrysler Corporation, Ford Motor Company, and General Motors Corporation; the U.S. Army Research, Development, and Engineering Command (RDECOM-ARDEC); the American Foundry Society (AFS); and the Casting Industry Suppliers Association (CISA). The US Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA) and the California Air Resources Board (CARB) also have been participants in the CERP program and rely on CERP published reports for regulatory compliance data. All published reports are available on the CERP web site at www.cerp-us.org.

1.2. CERP/Technikon Objectives

The primary objective of CERP is to evaluate materials, equipment, and processes used in the production of metal castings. Technikon's facility was designed to evaluate alternative materials and production processes while achieving significant air emission reductions. The facility's principal testing arena is designed to measure airborne emissions from individually poured molds. This testing facility enables the repeatable collection and evaluation of airborne emissions and associated process data.

1.3. Report Organization

This report has been written to document the methodology and results of a specific test plan

that was used to evaluate airborne emissions from shell core making and storage. Shell cores were made from resin coated sand containing 3% binder BOS.

Section 2.0 of this report includes a summary of the methodologies used for data collection and analysis, procedures for emission calculations, QA/QC procedures, and data management and reduction methods. Specific data collected during this test are summarized in Section 3.0 and detailed data appear in the appendices of this report. Section 4.0 contains a discussion of the results.

The raw data for this test series are archived at the Technikon facility.

1.4. Specific Test Plan and Objectives

Test HO was designed and conducted to evaluate airborne emissions from the making and storage of shell cores. Shell step cores were made with Technisand™ 630BN Gold Shell Sand from Fairmount Minerals containing 3% resin BOS.

Table 1-1 provides a summary of the test plan. The details of the approved test plan are included in Appendix A.

Table 1-1 Test Plan Summary

Type of Process Tested	Shell Core Making	Shell Core Making
Test Plan Number	1413-122 HN	1413-115 HO
Core	3 % (BOS) Fairmount Minerals XC30 Shell sand	3 % (BOS) Fairmount Minerals 630BN Gold Shell sand
Number of Runs	6 runs with 15 cores made	6 runs with 15 cores made
Test Dates	April 23, 2007 through April 25, 2007	April 25, 2007 through April 26, 2007
Emissions Measured	81 target analytes and TGOC as Propane, CO, CO ₂ , NO _x , SO ₂ , CH ₄	75 target analytes and TGOC as Propane, CO, CO ₂ , NO _x , SO ₂ , CH ₄
Process Parameters Measured	Core weight, binder weight, core LOI, core box temperature	Core weight, binder weight, core LOI, core box temperature

2.0 TEST METHODS AND PROCEDURES

2.1. Testing Program

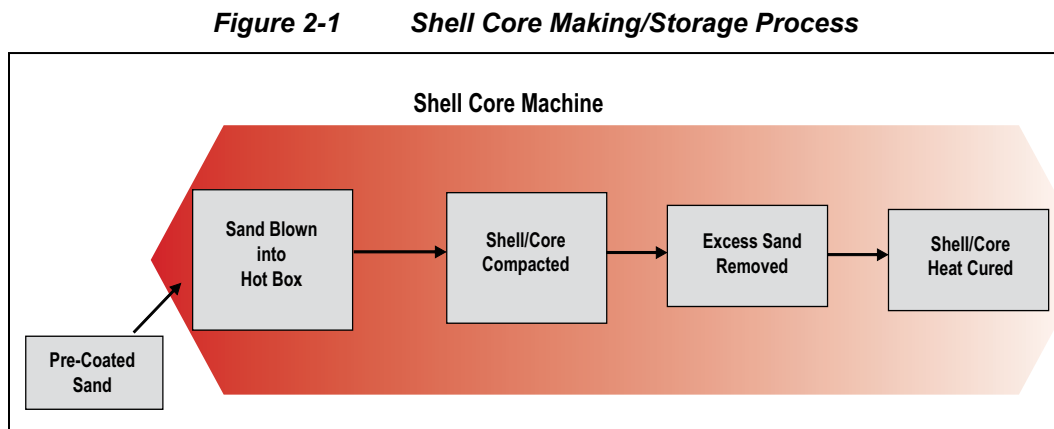
The testing program encompasses the foundry process and emissions testing, both of which are rigorously controlled. Relevant parameters are monitored and recorded prior to and during the emission tests. Process measurements for the shell core tests included the weights of the cores, loss on ignition (LOI) values for the core prior to the test, and the temperature of the corebox. Measured source parameters included stack temperature, pressure, volumetric flow rate, and moisture content. All parameters were maintained within prescribed ranges to ensure the reproducibility of the test runs.

2.1.1. Test Plan Review and Approval

The proposed test plan was reviewed and approved by the Technikon staff and by CERP Working Group Chairs as appropriate. The Test Plans for Test HO and the baseline shell core Test HN are included in Appendix A.

2.1.2. Shell Core Making and Storage

Figure 2-1 is a diagram of the shell core making and storage test setup.



**Table 2-1 Beardsley and Piper
SF Cormatic Specifications**

Sand magazine capacity	60 lbs
Core box: Maximum height	20 in
Maximum length	15.5 in
Maximum width	21 in
BTU per hour natural gas	90000
Voltage	125 VAC
Amps	8

**Figure 2-2 Shell Core
Machine Enclosure**



**Figure 2-3 Cross Section
of Shell Step Core**



Shell cores were made on a standard vertically parted semi-automated machine. A Beardsley and Piper Cormatic Shell core machine, model SF6CA, with 32 natural gas burners, circa 1963 was used for the test. Machine specifications are summarized in Table 2-1. The shell machine was configured with the step core core-box. This pattern was specifically built to evaluate core emissions. An insulated vertical draft hood draped on three sides with fire resistant and chemically inert fabric and enclosed on the fourth side with a wall of aluminum sheeting functioned as the shell core machine enclosure for capturing emissions. The machine within the enclosure is shown in Figure 2-2.

Prior to the start of the core making run, the shell corebox was preheated to and maintained at about 450°F. Fifteen cores were yielded for the core making portion of each run. An individual core took less than 2½ minutes to produce. Finished cores had the color of toast or chestnut with an approximate wall thickness of 1/4 inch. An example of a sectioned finished shell core can be seen in Figure 2-3.

The start of the core making run commenced when sand was initially blown into the iron corebox. After the investment cycle the core was removed from the corebox, which signaled the end of the 2 minutes of core making time. The core was then immediately placed on a table located inside the enclosed hood for cooling and storage. This period was termed “core making/storage,” because cooling cores were constantly present and potentially contributing

to emissions during core making. Cores were made continuously until the 15 cores were produced, which averaged just over 30 minutes. All cores were stored on the table under the hood immediately upon removal from the machine. After the 15th core was removed from the shell core machine and placed on the table along with the previously made cores, the separate core “storage” period began and continued until the predetermined 60 minute run time had elapsed. This separate storage period lasted just under 30 minutes.

2.1.3. Emissions Testing

Emissions testing included several methods for measuring both speciated and undifferentiated hydrocarbons and other chemical classes. The primary test method used for speciation was Method 18, one of the US Environmental Protection Agency’s (EPA) reference methods for volatile organic compound (VOC) analysis from smokestacks and other industrial sources. Method 18 is an “umbrella” method, and is generally used to identify and/or measure as many compounds as possible in order to calculate actual VOC emissions from other measurements (e.g. EPA Method 25 or 25A). The method is a guideline and a system of quality assurance (QA) checks for VOC analysis rather than a rigorous, explicit manual for sampling or analysis.

As described in the method, sampling was conducted using a Volatile Organic Sampling Train (VOST). A sample gas stream was extracted from the source and then routed using the train through tubes containing adsorbents, which are the collection materials upon which the organic analytes are deposited. The selection of sampling media was based on the compounds expected to be evolved during the test. Adsorption tube samples were collected and analyzed for seventy-six (76) compounds using detailed collection and analysis procedures based on approved federal methods, including those of the EPA.

Two methods were employed to measure undifferentiated hydrocarbon emissions as Emission Indicators: TGOc as Propane, performed in accordance with EPA Method 25A, and non-methane hydrocarbons as determined from methane results obtained in a manner prescribed in EPA CTM-042.

Method 25A is an instrument based method in which the stack gas is introduced directly to a flame ionization detector (FID) without first separating the components. In Method 25A,

sampling is accomplished by extracting a gas stream from the stack effluent and transferring it via heated non-reactive tubing to the FID analyzer under very controlled temperature and pressure conditions. The FID measures the quantity of carbon containing molecules and is calibrated by a gas standard, which in this case is the three carbon alkane, propane (C_3H_8). The FID will give a response relative to the calibration standard and results are expressed in terms of the gas used for calibration. Because the FID responds to all carbon containing compounds, methane (CH_4) and other exempt compounds are included in the total hydrocarbon results.

Methane was analyzed by a separate FID equipped with an oxidizing catalyst (methane cutter) that removes all non-methane hydrocarbons (NMHC). The calibration gas for this FID is methane (CH_4). The two FIDs were run simultaneously, and collected data every second. NMHC results were then determined by subtracting the detected methane from the average total hydrocarbon value.

Continuous on-line monitoring of a subgroup of criteria pollutants and greenhouse gases including carbon dioxide (CO_2), carbon monoxide (CO), and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) was conducted according to US EPA Methods 3A, 10, and 7E, respectively.

Figure 2-4 shows the emission sampling equipment set-up for Test HO. The generated

Figure 2-4 **Test Equipment for
Emissions Sampling**

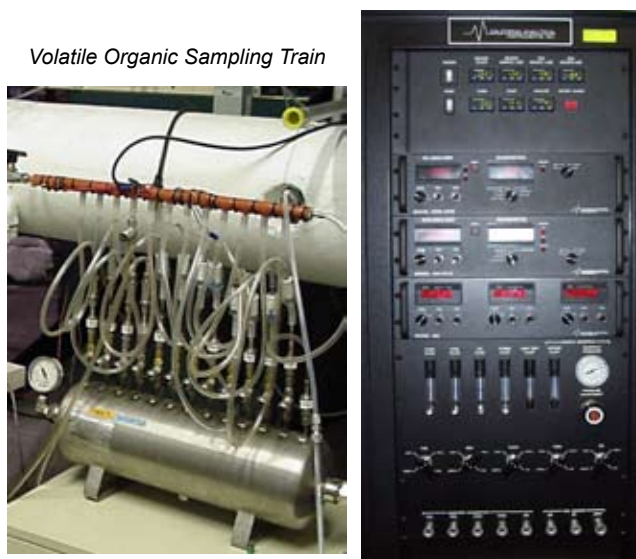


emissions were transported through an insulated seven (7) inch stack located above the shell core machine. The flow rate of the emission capture air through the stack was nominally 220 scfm.

Heated sample probes inserted into the stack at relevant locations, determined by EPA Method 1, enabled collection of emissions directly from the stack. One probe provided gases for the sampling manifold to which was attached the VOST and

a heated line for the methane analyzer. Another probe in the stack was used to continuously draw effluent samples and transport them through a second heated sample line to an emissions console that contains a battery of gas analyzers. This console, or emissions bench, consists of a total hydrocarbon analyzer for TGOC analysis, two infrared analyzers (for CO and CO₂) and a chemiluminescence analyzer for NO_x. All of the continuous monitors are located in Technikon's laboratory. Figure 2-5 shows details of the VOST and the emissions bench.

Figure 2-5 VOST and On-Line Analyzer



The heated sample lines were located approximately 120 feet away from the laboratory. A pressure drop of approximately 2 psi in the FID instruments resulted from the extended distance between the sampling location and the analytical instruments. Sample flows were decreased due to the extended distance, but were still within instrument ranges and sufficient for accurate sampling. Calibrations and calibration checks were performed throughout the test and indicated that the pressure drop could be compensated for, and did not significantly influence measurements.

Mass emission rates for all analytes were calculated using continuous monitoring or laboratory analytical results, measured source data and appropriate process data. Average emission results for individual runs are presented in Appendix B.

Speciated analyte emissions were calculated in addition to five "Emission Indicators:" TGOC as Propane, NMHC, Sum of Target Analytes, Sum of Target Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), and the Sum of Target Polycyclic Organic Matter (POMs). Full descriptions of these indicators can be found in Section 3.0 of this report.

2.1.4. Process Parameter Measurements

Table 2-2 lists the process parameters that were monitored during each test.

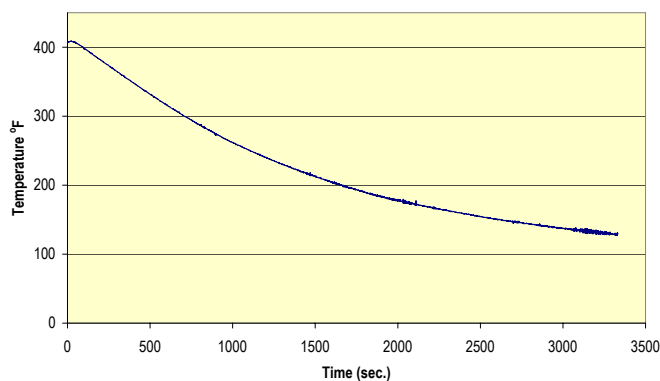
Table 2-2 **Process Equipment and Methods**

Process Parameters	Equipment and Method(s)
Core Weight	Mettler SB12001 Digital Scale (Gravimetric)
LOI %	Denver Instruments XE-100 Analytical Scale (AFS procedure 5100-00-S)
Core Box Temperature	Omega HH-23 Digital Thermometer

A thermocouple was placed inside of a cooling core during each of the six runs to track cooling rates, in addition to monitoring the core box temperature. Figure 2-6 gives the typical cooling decay rate from the maximum temperature reached by the core (approximately 405°F) to the end of the run, as exemplified by run HO003.

Figure 2-6 **Cooling Rate of Shell Core**

HO003 Core Cooling



2.1.5. Sampling Methods

The specific sampling and analytical methods used for Test HO are based on federal reference methods shown in Table 2-3. The details of the specific testing procedures and their variance from the reference methods are included in the Technikon Standard Operating Procedures.

Table 2-3 Emission Sampling and Analytical Methods

Measurement Parameter	Test Method(s)
Port Location	US EPA Method 1
Number of Traverse Points	US EPA Method 1
Gas Velocity and Temperature	US EPA Method 2
Gas Density and Molecular Weight	US EPA Method 3a
Gas Moisture	US EPA Method 4 (Gravimetric)
Target Analytes including HAPs and POMs	US EPA Methods TO17, TO11; NIOSH Methods S347; OSHA PV 2003
TGOC	US EPA Method 25A
CO	US EPA Method 10
CO ₂	US EPA Method 3A
NO _x	US EPA Method 7E
SO ₂	OSHA ID 200
CH ₄	US EPA CTM 042

Some methods modified to meet specific CERP test objectives.

2.2. Data Reduction, Tabulation and Preliminary Report Preparation

Data calculations for determining emission concentrations resulting from the specific test plan outlined in Appendix A are based on process and emission parameters. The analytical results of the emissions sampling provide the mass of each analyte in the sample. The total mass of the analyte emitted is calculated by multiplying the mass of analyte in the sample by the ratio of total stack gas volume to sample volume. The total stack gas volume is calculated from the measured stack gas velocity and duct diameter and corrected to dry standard conditions using the measured stack pressures, temperatures, gas molecular weight and moisture content. The total mass of analyte is then divided by the weight of the casting poured or weight of binder to provide emissions data in pounds of analyte per ton core or pounds of analyte per pound of binder.

All emissions have been background subtracted. When sample measurements are made, the observed result includes the portion of the analyte in the sample, plus a response due to background contributions from either ambient or system blanks. The net analyte sample concentration is therefore the amount of the analyte, if any, found in the blank subtracted from the amount of analyte found in the sample. Background correcting the data allows

determination of emissions resulting only from the specific materials or process tested, and not those that may be present in either the ambient air of the research foundry, or from the manufacturing equipment used during the sampling period.

Subtracting those analytes found in quality control and method blanks (i.e. ambient background) results in emissions for the complete shell core making process, including all emissions from the machine, natural gas burners and any material emissions. Subtracting those analytes found in the system blank provides emissions for the materials used in making cores, including the resin. The system blank was obtained by operating the shell core machine for a simulated 60 minute run, but without core production. Any generated emissions were from operation of the shell core machine system only, including the 32 natural gas burners. Subtracting this system background from the analytical results obtained during testing eliminates all emissions given off by operation of the machine.

Individual speciated emission rates and reporting limit results for each analyte for all sampling runs are included in Appendix B of this report. Average emission results for the test are given in Section 3.0, Tables 3-1a and 3-1b.

2.2.1. Report Preparation and Review

The Preliminary Draft Report is created and reviewed by Process Team and Emissions Team members to ensure its completeness, consistency with the test plan, and adherence to QA/QC procedures. Appropriate observations, conclusions and recommendations are added to the report to produce a Draft Report. The Draft Report is then reviewed by senior management and comments are incorporated into a draft Final Report prior to final signature approval and distribution.

2.3. Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) Procedures

Detailed QA/QC and data validation procedures for the process parameters, stack measurements, and laboratory analytical procedures are included in the Technikon Emissions Testing and Analytical Testing Standard Operating Procedures. In order to ensure the timely review of critical quality control parameters, the following procedures are followed:

- Immediately following the individual sampling events performed for each test, specific process parameters are reviewed by the Process Engineer to ensure that the parameters are maintained within the prescribed control ranges. Where data are not within the prescribed ranges, the Manager of Process Engineering and the Vice President of Operations determine whether the individual test samples should be invalidated or flagged for further analysis following review of the laboratory data.
- The source (stack) and sampling parameters, analytical results and corresponding laboratory QA/QC data are reviewed by the Emissions Measurement Team to confirm the validity of the data. Senior management of Analytical Measurement Technologies reviews and approves the recommendation, if any, that individual sample data should be invalidated. Invalidated data are not used in subsequent calculations.

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3.0 TEST RESULTS

Average results for the emissions measured during Test HO, and their comparison to the shell core making and storage baseline Test HN, are presented in Tables 3-1a and 3-1b. Concentrations are given in both lb/ton of cores and lb/lb of binder. All emission results presented in these tables were determined by subtracting the system background. The system background was obtained by operating the shell core machine without core production resulting in emissions from the materials used for core making and core storage only. Compounds found in the system background are reported in Table 3-2.

The individual chemical compounds targeted for collection and analyses from airborne emissions from the shell core process were chosen based on the chemistry of the binder under investigation, potential emissions from the operation of the shell core machine, and analytes historically targeted. These compounds, termed “target analytes” (TA), were chosen for their potential to emit based on chemical and foundry operational parameters.

Included in the tables are the “Sum of Target Analytes,” the “Sum of Target HAPs,” and the “Sum of Target POMs.” These three analyte sums are part of the group termed “Emission Indicators.” The emissions indicator called the “Sum of Target Analytes” is the sum of the individual speciated analytes that were targeted for collection and analysis, and detected at a level above the practical quantitation limit.

The target analyte sum includes targeted compounds that may also be defined as HAPs and POMs. By definition, HAPs are specific compounds listed in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. The term POM defines a broad class of compounds based on chemical structure and boiling point. POMs as a class are a listed HAP. A subset of compounds from the current list of EPA HAPs was targeted for collection and analysis. These individual target HAPs (which may also be POMs by nature of their chemical properties) detected in the samples are summed together and defined as the “Sum of Target HAPs,” while the “Sum of Target POMs” only sums those organic HAPs that are also defined as POMs.

Also included in this group and reported in the first section of the tables are “TGOc as

Propane” as determined by Method 25A, and NMHC. The second section of the tables includes average emission results for select HAPs and POMs. Additional individual target analytes are given in the third section of the tables. Average values for a subgroup of criteria and greenhouse gases including CO, CO₂, CH₄, SO₂, and NO_x are given in the fourth section of the tables. A few individual isomers are reported in the tables, and have not been combined or reported as a group. Isomers which have been targeted and analyzed may be summed as a group using the information located in these tables and in Appendix B.

Table 3-1a Test HO
Comparison Summary of
Selected Target Analytes to
Test HN, Average Results,
lb/tn core

Analyte Name	Reference Test HN	Test HO	Percent Change from Reference
Emission Indicators			
THC as Propane	5.34E-01	9.34E-01	75
Non-Methane Hydrocarbons	3.28E-01	2.96E-01	-10
Sum of Target Analytes	5.79E-01	1.46E-01	-75
Sum of Target HAPs	1.25E-01	4.06E-02	-67
Sum of Target POMs	ND	4.69E-05	NA
Selected Target HAPs and POMs			
Phenol	1.12E-01	3.23E-02	-71
Formaldehyde	1.11E-02	7.18E-03	-35
Toluene	4.46E-04	3.27E-05	-93
Propionaldehyde (Propanal)	4.30E-04	1.79E-04	-58
Acetaldehyde	3.62E-04	2.62E-04	-28
Acrolein	1.17E-04	1.54E-04	32
Benzene	≤PQL	2.95E-05	NA
Cresol, o-	≤PQL	3.16E-05	NA
Hexane	≤PQL	6.38E-05	NA
Naphthalene	≤PQL	4.69E-05	NA
Styrene	≤PQL	3.01E-04	NA
Additional Selected Target Analytes			
Ammonia	4.53E-01	1.03E-01	-77
Crotonaldehyde	4.81E-04	8.70E-04	81
2-Butanone (MEK)	3.35E-04	3.02E-04	-10
Benzaldehyde	2.47E-04	≤PQL	NA
Butyraldehyde/Methacrolein	2.46E-04	2.94E-04	20
Pentanal (Valeraldehyde)	1.15E-04	≤PQL	NA
Butylbenzene, sec-	≤PQL	2.99E-05	NA
Diethylbenzene, 1,3-	≤PQL	3.02E-05	NA
Diethylbenzene, 1,4-	≤PQL	3.74E-05	NA
Dimethylphenol, 3,4-	≤PQL	8.01E-05	NA
Heptane	≤PQL	4.21E-05	NA
Tetradecane	≤PQL	2.87E-05	NA
Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	≤PQL	4.60E-05	NA
Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases			
Carbon Dioxide	1.59E+01	1.49E+01	-6
Methane	2.06E-01	6.38E-01	210
Carbon Monoxide	1.26E-01	1.15E-01	-9
Nitrogen Oxides	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
Sulfur Dioxide	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA

ND=Not Detected

NA= Not Applicable

I=Invalidated Data

≤PQL=Less than or equal to the Practical Quantitation Limit

Table 3-1b Test HO
Comparison Summary of
Selected Target Analytes to
Test HN, Average Results, lb/
lb binder

Analyte Name	Reference Test HN	Test HO	Percent Change from Reference
Emission Indicators			
THC as Propane	9.16E-03	1.60E-02	75
Non-Methane Hydrocarbons	5.63E-03	5.08E-03	-10
Sum of Target Analytes	1.00E-02	2.53E-03	-75
Sum of Target HAPs	2.17E-03	7.07E-04	-67
Sum of Target POMs	ND	8.15E-07	NA
Selected Target HAPs and POMs			
Phenol	1.95E-03	5.62E-04	-71
Formaldehyde	1.93E-04	1.25E-04	-35
Toluene	7.79E-06	5.64E-07	-93
Propionaldehyde (Propanal)	7.48E-06	3.17E-06	-58
Acetaldehyde	6.31E-06	4.58E-06	-27
Acrolein	2.03E-06	2.72E-06	34
Naphthalene	≤PQL	8.15E-07	NA
Benzene	≤PQL	5.13E-07	NA
Cresol, o-	≤PQL	5.42E-07	NA
Hexane	≤PQL	1.11E-06	NA
Styrene	≤PQL	5.24E-06	NA
Additional Selected Target Analytes			
Ammonia	7.85E-03	1.80E-03	-77
Crotonaldehyde	8.37E-06	1.53E-05	83
2-Butanone (MEK)	5.82E-06	5.23E-06	-10
Benzaldehyde	4.30E-06	≤PQL	NA
Butyraldehyde/Methacrolein	4.27E-06	5.24E-06	23
Pentanal (Valeraldehyde)	1.98E-06	≤PQL	NA
Tetradecane	≤PQL	4.95E-07	NA
Diethylbenzene, 1,3-	≤PQL	5.19E-07	NA
Heptane	≤PQL	7.33E-07	NA
Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	≤PQL	8.00E-07	NA
Cymene, p-	≤PQL	4.84E-07	NA
Butylbenzene, sec-	≤PQL	5.13E-07	NA
Diethylbenzene, 1,4-	≤PQL	6.42E-07	NA
Dimethylphenol, 3,4-	≤PQL	1.37E-06	NA
Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases			
Carbon Dioxide	2.73E-01	2.56E-01	-6
Methane	3.54E-03	1.10E-02	210
Carbon Monoxide	2.16E-03	1.97E-03	-9
Nitrogen Oxides	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
Sulfur Dioxide	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA

ND=Not Detected

NA= Not Applicable

I=Invalidated Data

≤PQL=Less than or equal to the Practical Quantitation Limit

Compounds found in the system background are reported in Table 3-2. These values were subtracted from the analytical results for each run prior to calculating emission factors in units of lb/lb binder and lb/ton cores.

Table 3-2 System Background Emissions for Test HO

Analyte	Value	Unit
TGOC as Propane	109.4	ppm
CO	14.6	ppm
CO ₂	1381.5	ppm
NO _x	0.5	ppm
Acenaphthalene	49.3	ng
Anthracene	113.0	ng
Benzene	33.4	ng
Butylbenzene, n-	28.2	ng
Butylbenzene, tert-	201.0	ng
Cyclohexane	47.5	ng
Decane	24.2	ng
Diisopropylbenzene, 1,3-	85.2	ng
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,3-	25.5	ng
Ethylbenzene	34.0	ng
Heptane	53.6	ng
Hexane	138.0	ng
Methylnaphthalene, 1-	215.0	ng
Methylnaphthalene, 2-	25.4	ng
Octane	39.1	ng
Phenol	249.0	ng
Styrene	34.4	ng
Toluene	59.8	ng
Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	30.6	ng
Xylene, mp-	90.2	ng
Xylene, o-	27.7	ng
Acetaldehyde	389.0	µg
Formaldehyde	6580.0	µg

Emissions data that have been determined to be below the practical quantitation limit (PQL) after data validation and verification are substituted with the numerical value used for the PQL, rather than with the value of zero. This practice results in a conservative value for the average test emissions. If an analyte has calculated concentrations above the PQL for some runs, but values for other runs fall below the PQL, the PQL value is included when calculating analyte averages and sums. However, if an analyte has a concentration that is below the PQL for all runs in a test, the test average is indicated by \leq PQL (less than or equal to the PQL) in the Tables and Figures of this report, and no runs are included in any summations or averages. Omitting these less-than-reporting-limit analytes in calculations ensures that only those targeted compounds which contribute to emissions are included in emission sums.

Examination of measured process parameters indicated that Test HO was run within acceptable ranges and limits. The primary causes and secondary influences on emissions were controlled for each individual run, so that for shell core making and storage, resultant air emissions reflect only the difference in the process and materials being tested.

3.1. Discussion of Results

Figures 3-1a to 3-4a (lb/ton of core) and Figures 3-1b to 3-4b (lb/lb of binder) graphically present the emissions data from Tables 3-1a and 3-1b for Test HO compared to Test HN for the five emissions indicators, selected individual HAP, other target analyte, and selected criteria pollutant and greenhouse gases.

Figure 3-1a Comparison of Emissions Indicators of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/tn core

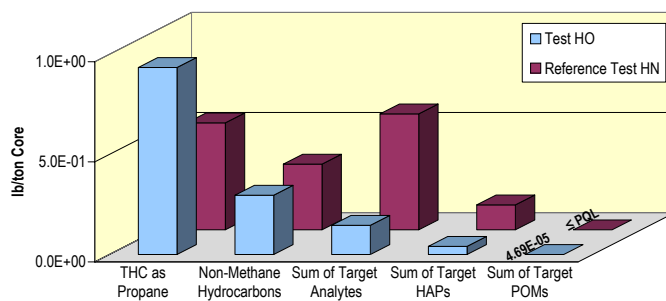


Figure 3-2a Comparison of Selected HAP and POM Emissions of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/tn core

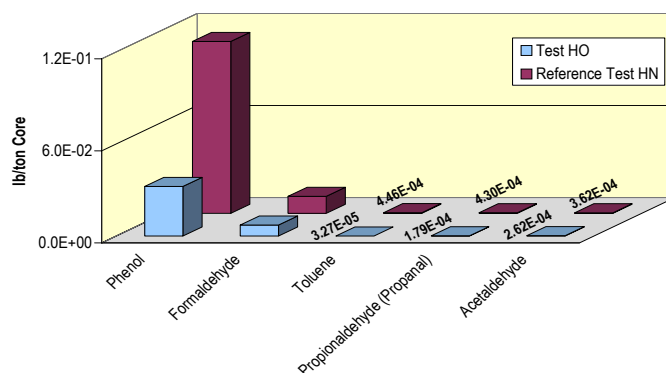


Figure 3-3a Comparison of Selected Target Analyte Emissions of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/tn core

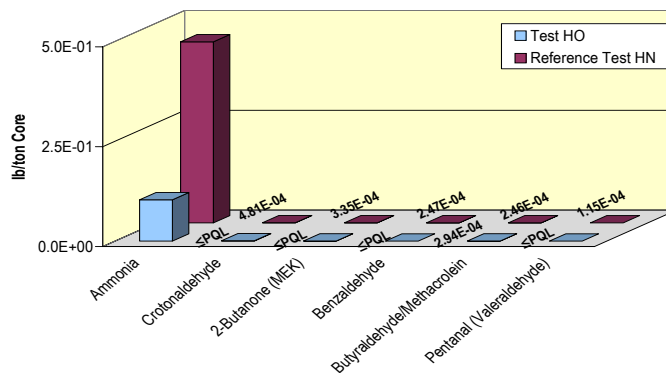


Figure 3-4a Comparison of Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/tn core

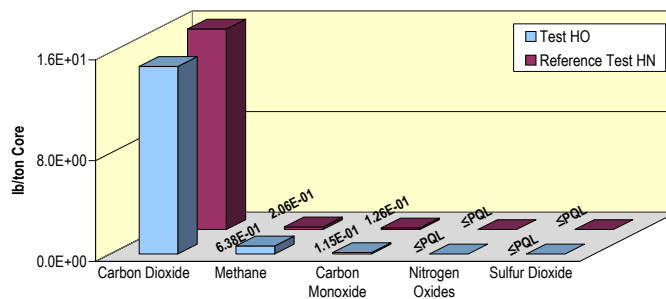


Figure 3-1b Comparison of Emissions Indicators of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/lb binder

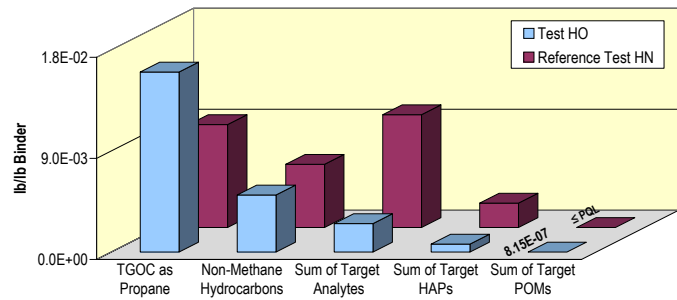


Figure 3-2b Comparison of Selected HAP and POM Emissions of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/lb binder

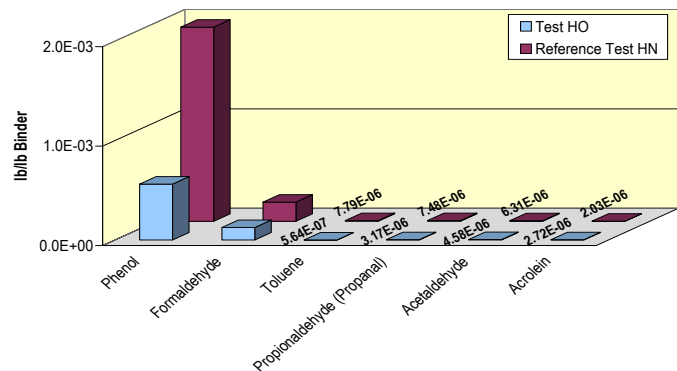


Figure 3-3b Comparison of Selected Target Analyte Emissions of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/lb binder

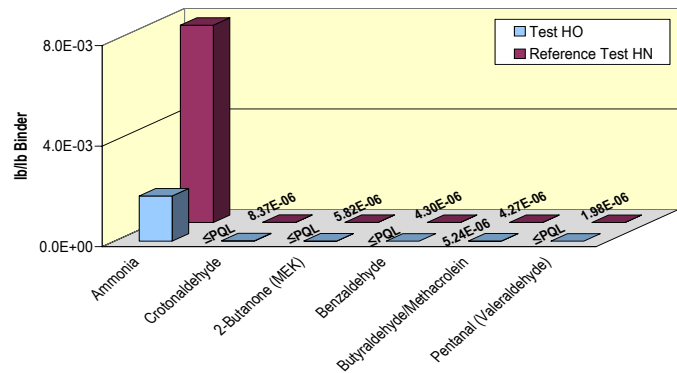
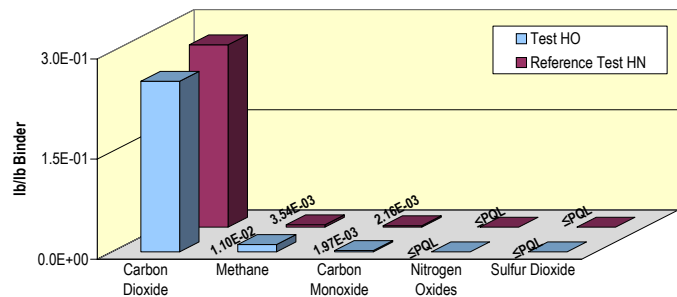


Figure 3-4b Comparison of Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases of Test HO to Reference Test HN, Average Results, lb/lb binder



Two target analytes comprised over 97% of emissions for the system background adjusted data. Ammonia had the highest contribution at 78% followed by phenol at 19%. Formaldehyde was the third highest emitter, but contributed only 2% to emissions. Phenol and formaldehyde are HAPs, and although ammonia is not an EPA regulated HAP, it is a reportable chemical as part of the EPA's EPCRA Section 313 chemical list. The few compounds which supplied the remainder of measurable emissions were all less than 0.1%. Of the 76 target analytes, 22 were responsible for emissions, including 11 HAPs. Targeted HAPs contributed approximately 22% to total measured emissions.

Five target analyte emissions were lower and two were higher when comparing the two binder systems used in Test HO and Test HN. The largest emissions decrease of 77% was found for ammonia, although its contribution (78%) to the total measured targeted emissions was exactly the same as in Test HN. The largest increase in emissions of 81% was for crotonaldehyde.

The target analyte sum would theoretically closely match the results for total hydrocarbons obtained by Method 25A, excluding exempt compounds such as methane, and including compounds such as formaldehyde and ammonia, which are less responsive in the FID. For the results reported here, the Sum of Target Analytes is only 17% of the measured TGOC as Propane results. Calculating TGOC as Propane value adjusted by the above named compounds gives a value that is only 12% lower than the measured TGOC as Propane value.

A GC/MS analysis of the stack emissions revealed several additional compounds for both Test HO and Test HN. Some of these compounds were of higher concentration than the predicted compounds, and several are on either the US EPA's HAP or SARA 313 chemical lists. A probability based matching algorithm was used to match the mass spectra of the unknown compounds to a standard GC/MS library (NIST Mass Spectral Database, 1998). Tentative identification included several silicone compounds (likely from the release agent used during core making) and numerous nitrogen containing compounds, including nitro phenols. A list of these compounds is given in Table 3-3.

**Table 3-3 Additional Identified Compounds
from GC/MS Analysis**

Compound
3-Penten-2-ol
4H-3,1-Benzoxazin-2(1H)-One
Acetonitrile, Dimethylamino
Benzaldehyde, 2-Hydroxy
Benzeneacetonitrile, 4-Hydroxy-
Benzoic Acid, 2-[(Trimethylsilyl)O
Cyclotetrasiloxane, Octamethyl-
Cyclotrisiloxane, Hexamethyl
Ethylenimine [#]
Formamide, N,N-Dimethyl- ⁺
O-(N-Methylformimidoyl)Phenol
P-Benzoquinone [#]
Pentane
Pentane, 2-Methyl- 2-Meth
Phenol, 2-Nitro- ⁺
Phenol, 4-Methyl-2-Nitro-
Phenol, 4-Methyl-2-Nitro-
Silane, 5,5-Dimethyl-4-Methylene
Silicone Polymer
Silicone Polymer
Spiro[2.4]Hept-5-Ene, 5-Trimethyls

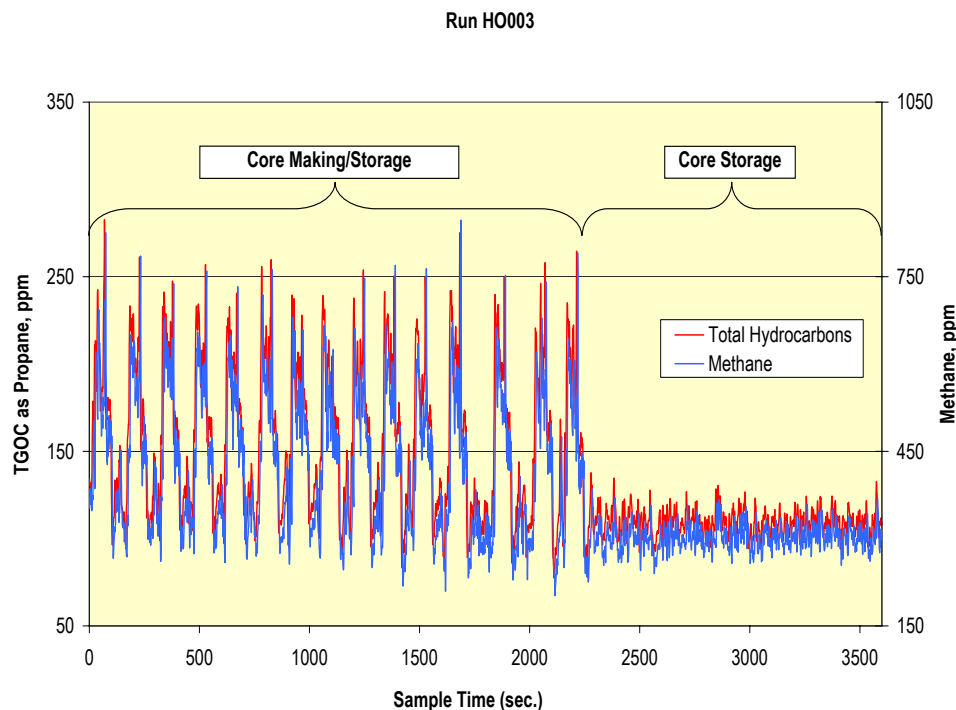
[#] HAP Chemical

⁺ SARA 313 Chemical

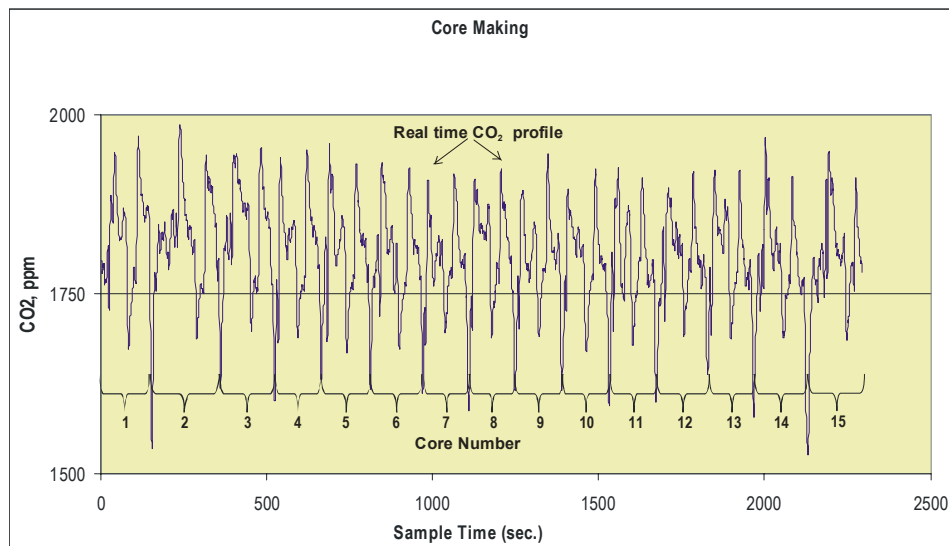
Material emissions for core making/storage and storage were attained by subtracting a background sample obtained by operating the shell core machine without core production. The system background contained moderate concentrations of numerous hydrocarbons including benzene, toluene, phenol, and xylenes. The measured criteria pollutants and greenhouse gases concentration were also high in the system blank. Comparing system blank concentrations to sample concentrations shows that a majority of the differentiated hydrocarbons, the total hydrocarbons as measured by TGOC as Propane, and the CH₄ originated from the shell core machine, including the natural gas burners. It is also apparent that

most of the total hydrocarbon emissions as measured by TGOc as propane is comprised of CH_4 . The emissions for total hydrocarbons and methane parallel each other exactly over the entire core making/storage and storage run, as shown by example for run HO003 in Figure 3-5.

Figure 3-5 Comparison of Methane and TGOc Results for Shell Core Making



For the continuous monitors, data were acquired every second, and the average value calculated over the entire sampling period is reported as the run average. For both Test HO and Test HN, this average value includes data acquired during the actual core making as well as the short interval between cores (after a finished core was removed from the machine until another was made), and the final 30 minute core storage period (where the cooling cores were stored under the hood after the core making/storage period). The separate storage and cooling period that began after the removal of the fifteenth core shows low emissions. The average for each run is therefore an underestimation of emissions. An example of the cyclical nature of the core making and storage is shown in Figure 3-6 for CO_2 .

Figure 3-6 **Cyclical Pattern of Emissions from Shell Core Making**

Stack samples were also continuously drawn through the media on the VOST during the entire cyclical core making/storage and separate storage periods. The sampling media is minimally affected by those intervals between cores and the separate storage period when there were few to no emissions. This is due to the sample being one single sample that is consolidated over the entire run, rather than a calculated average of numerous samples.

The cooling curve for the cores was anticipated to mimic the decrease in emissions on core storage. However, in comparing Figure 2-6 with the storage period shown in Figure 3-5, emissions decreased much faster than the cooling curve. Immediately upon removal from the machine, emissions dropped almost to background levels.

Average core parameters for Test HO are summarized in Table 3-4, and detailed information regarding testing, sampling, data collection and results for each sampling event are contained in the four appendices. Appendix A contains test plans, instructions and the sampling plans for Test HO. Appendix B contains detailed emissions data and average results for all targeted analytes. Target analyte practical quantitation limits expressed in both lb/lb binder and lb/ton metal are also shown in Appendix B. Appendix C contains detailed process data. Appendix D contains continuous monitor charts. The charts are pre-

sented to show TGOC, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, methane, and oxides of nitrogen time-dependent emissions profiles for each individual emissions run. Charts have not been background corrected. Appendix E contains acronyms and abbreviations.

Table 3-4 Summary of Core Making Process Parameters

	Test HN	Test HO
Test Dates	4/23/07-4/25/07	4/25/07-4/26/07
Average cooled core weight, g	2515.6	2617.9
Average core box temperature	456	448
% stated core binder (BOS)	3	3
% calculated actual binder	2.9	2.9
Number of cores made in run	15	15
Total core weight in from run, lbs.	83.2	86.6
Total binder weight in run, lbs.	2.4	2.5
Core LOI, %	3.21	2.86

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APPENDIX A

TEST AND SAMPLE PLANS AND PROCESS INSTRUCTIONS

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Technikon Test Plan

page 1 of 2

Fill-in and check all that apply

♦ **CONTRACT NUMBER:** 1413 **TASK NUMBER** 122 **DOUBLE ALPHA** HN

♦ **SITE:** ☒ On Site at Research Foundry ☐ Off Site at _____

♦ **DATE RANGE:** From Apr. 23, 2007 to APR. 25, 2007

♦ **TEST TYPE:** ☒ Emissions Testing ☐ Mechanical Properties ☐ Casting Quality
☒ Baseline ☐ Comparison to _____ ☐ Other _____

♦ **PROCESSES:** ☒ Core ☐ Mold
☐ Pouring ☐ Cooling ☐ Shakeout ☐ Mixing ☒ Making ☐ Storage
☐ Other _____

♦ **METAL:** ☐ Iron ☐ Aluminum ☐ Steel ☐ Other _____ Pour Temp: _____ °F NA
Alloy _____

♦ **PATTERN:** ☒ Step ☐ Star ☐ Irregular Gear ☐ Other _____

♦ **MOLD:** Number Molds _____ Number Cavities _____ NA
Flask Dimensions _____ Storage Temp: _____ °F

♦ **CORE TYPE:** ☐ Cold box ☐ Warm box ☐ Hot box ☐ No-bake ☒ Shell ☐ Oil
☐ Phenolic Urethane ☐ Furan ☐ Inorganic (inc. Sodium Silicate) ☐ Epoxy-Acrylic
☐ Alkaline Phenolic Ester
☐ Coated ☐ Core Wash ☐ Naphthalene Depleted
☐ CO₂ Cured ☐ SO₂ Cured ☐ Acid Cured ☐ TEA Cured ☐ Methyl Formate Cured
☐ Hot Air Cured
☐ Other _____
Product Name(s) Technisand XC30

♦ **CORE COATING:** ☒ None ☐ All Runs ☐ Conditioning Runs Only ☐ Test Runs Only ☐ Baumé _____
Application Method _____ Drying Method _____
Product Name(s) _____

♦ **CORE SAND:** ☐ Greensand ☐ Seacoal ☐ No-Bake ☒ Other Shell
Additives _____
Product Name(s) Technisand XC 30

♦ **CORE BINDER:** Type Phenol-Formaldehyde Concentration 3% (BOS) Ratio ($\frac{P1}{P2}$) _____
Product Name(s) Novalac

♦ **ACTIVATOR:** Type NA Concentration _____ ☐ BOS ☐ BOR
Product Name(s) _____

Technikon Test Plan

page 2 of 2

Fill-in and check all that apply

- ♦ **CONTRACT NUMBER:** 1413 **TASK NUMBER** 122 **DOUBLE ALPHA** HN

- ♦ **RELEASE AGENT:** Type ____ Concentration ____ (BOS)
 Product Name(s) Ashland Zip-Slip 109 W

- ♦ **RUNS:** Number for Conditioning ____ Duration ____ Description ____
 Number for Sampling 7 Cores per run 15 (1 with 30) Description 3 minutes making per core for a total of
 1 hour sampling time per test

- ♦ **WASTE MATERIAL** ☒ All ☐ None ☐ Core Butts ☐ Loose Sand ☐ Dog bones
 TO BE SAMPLED: For: Contaminates listed in EPA CRF section 40 part 261.24

- ♦ **TEST OBJECTIVES:** To measure emissions from shell core making of Fairmount minerals Technisand XC30 3% BOS shell
 sand.

- ♦ **RESULTS TO BE** CO, CO2, NOx, CH4, NH3, SO2 and Select Target Analytes and POMs to be reported in pounds of
 REPORTED: emissions per pound of binder and pounds per ton of cores made.

- ♦ **ADDITIONAL** Technikon will use the shell core machine to perform this test. There will not be total enclosure of the
 COMMENTS: machine in order to allow the operator to operate the machine..

This test plan is routed to and/or reviewed by the following:

Senior Process Engineer
 Production Engineer
 Measurement Technology Manager
 V.P. Operations
 Steering Committee Emissions Team Chair

Technikon Test Plan

page 1 of 2

Fill-in and check all that apply

♦ **CONTRACT NUMBER:** 1413 **TASK NUMBER** 115 **DOUBLE ALPHA** HO

♦ **SITE:** ☒ On Site at Research Foundry ☐ Off Site at _____

♦ **DATE RANGE:** From Apr 25, 2007 to Apr 26, 2007

♦ **TEST TYPE:** ☒ Emissions Testing ☐ Mechanical Properties ☐ Casting Quality
☐ Baseline ☒ Comparison to HN ☐ Other _____

♦ **PROCESSES:** ☒ Core ☐ Mold
☐ Pouring ☐ Cooling ☐ Shakeout ☐ Mixing ☒ Making ☒ Storage
☐ Other _____

♦ **METAL:** ☐ Iron ☐ Aluminum ☐ Steel ☐ Other _____ Pour Temp: _____ °F NA
Alloy _____

♦ **PATTERN:** ☒ Step ☐ Star ☐ Irregular Gear ☐ Other _____

♦ **MOLD:** Number Molds _____ Number Cavities _____ NA
Flask Dimensions _____ Storage Temp: _____ °F

♦ **CORE TYPE:** ☐ Cold box ☐ Warm box ☐ Hot box ☐ No-bake ☒ Shell ☐ Oil
☐ Phenolic Urethane ☐ Furan ☐ Inorganic (inc. Sodium Silicate) ☐ Epoxy-Acrylic
☐ Alkaline Phenolic Ester
☐ Coated ☐ Core Wash ☐ Naphthalene Depleted
☐ CO₂ Cured ☐ SO₂ Cured ☐ Acid Cured ☐ TEA Cured ☐ Methyl Formate Cured
☐ Hot Air Cured
☐ Other _____
Product Name(s) Technisand 630BN Gold

♦ **CORE COATING:** ☒ None ☐ All Runs ☐ Conditioning Runs Only ☐ Test Runs Only ☐ Baumé _____
Application Method _____ Drying Method _____
Product Name(s) _____

♦ **CORE SAND:** ☐ Greensand ☐ Seacoal ☐ No-Bake ☐ Other Shell
Additives _____
Product Name(s) Technisand 630BN Gold

♦ **CORE BINDER:** Type Phenol-Formaldehyde Concentration 3% (BOS) Ratio ($\frac{P1}{P2}$) _____
Product Name(s) Novalac

♦ **ACTIVATOR:** Type NA Concentration _____ ☐ BOS ☐ BOR
Product Name(s) _____

page 2 of 2

♦ **CONTRACT NUMBER:** 1413 **TASK NUMBER** 115 **DOUBLE ALPHA** HO

♦ **RELEASE AGENT:** Type Concentration (BOS)
Product Name(s) Ashland Zip-Slip 109 W

♦ **RUNS:** Number for Conditioning Duration Description
Number for Sampling 6 Duration 15 Description 3 minutes making per core for a total of 1 hour sampling time per test

♦ **WASTE MATERIAL TO BE SAMPLED:** ☒ All ☐ None ☐ Core Butts ☐ Loose Sand ☐ Dog bones
For: Contaminates listed in EPA CRF section 40 part 261.24

♦ **TEST OBJECTIVES:** To measure emissions from shell core making of Fairmount minerals Technisand 630BN Gold 3% BOS shell sand.

♦ **RESULTS TO BE REPORTED:** CO, CO2, NOx, CH4, NH3, SO2 and Select Target Analytes and POMs to be reported in pounds of emissions per pound of binder and pounds per ton of cores made.

♦ **ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:** Technikon will use the shell core machine to perform this test. There will not be total enclosure of the machine in order to allow the operator to operate the machine..

This test plan reviewed by:

Senior Process Engineer
Production Engineer
Measurement Technology Manager
V.P. Operations
Steering Committee Emissions Team Chair

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HN - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)		Comments: One hour of core making accompanied by an additional half hour of core storage for a total period of 90 minutes
4/25/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HN010	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HN01001		1						60	1	Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								60	2	BLOCKED
	Excess								60	3	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HN01002		1						200	4	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
	Excess								200	5	BLOCKED
NIOSH S347	HN01003		1						1000	6	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
NIOSH 6016	HN01004		1						1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HN01005		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
	Excess								1000	9	BLOCKED
TO11	HN01006		1						1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Excess								1000	11	BLOCKED
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HN - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)		Comments: System blank with core blower burners on
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HN011	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HN01101		1						60	1	Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								60	2	BLOCKED
	Excess								60	3	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HN01102		1						200	4	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
	Excess								200	5	BLOCKED
NIOSH S347	HN01103		1						1000	6	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
NIOSH 6016	HN01104								1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HN01105		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
	Excess								1000	9	BLOCKED
TO11	HN01106		1						1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Excess								1000	11	BLOCKED
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

OCTOBER 2007

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HN - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/23/2007											
THC, CH4, CO, CO ₂ & NOx	HN001	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HN00101		1						60	1	Carbopak charcoal
TO-17	HN00102			1					0		Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								60	2	BLOCKED
	Excess								60	3	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HN00103		1						200	4	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
Acetophenone	HN00104			1					0		15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
	Excess								200	5	BLOCKED
NIOSH S347	HN00105		1						1000	6	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
NIOSH S347	HN00106			1					0		Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
NIOSH 6016	HN00107		1						1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
NIOSH 6016	HN00108			1					0		Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HN00109		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
OSHA ID200	HN00110			1					0		100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
TO11	HN00111		1						1000	9	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
TO11	HN00112			1					1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
TO11	HN00113			1					0		DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Excess								1000	11	BLOCKED
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HN - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/23/2007											
THC, CH4, CO, CO ₂ & NOx	HN002	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HN00201		1						60	1	Carbopak charcoal
TO-17	HN00202			1					60	2	Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								60	3	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HN00203		1						200	4	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
Acetophenone	HN00204			1					200	5	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
NIOSH S347	HN00205		1						1000	6	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
NIOSH S347	HN00206			1					1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
NIOSH 6016	HN00207		1						1000	8	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HN00208		1						1000	9	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
	Excess								1000	10	BLOCKED
TO11	HN00209		1						1000	11	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HN - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/24/2007											
THC, CH4, CO, CO ₂ & NOx	HN003	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HN00301		1						60	1	Carbopak charcoal
TO-17 MS	HN00302		1						60	2	Carbopak charcoal
TO-17 MS	HN00303			1					60	3	Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								200	4	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HN00304		1						200	5	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
NIOSH S347	HN00305		1						1000	6	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
NIOSH 6016	HN00306		1						1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
NIOSH 6016	HN00307			1					1000	8	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HN00308		1						1000	9	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
OSHA ID200	HN00309			1					1000	10	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
TO11	HN00310		1						1000	11	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HN - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/24/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HN004	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HN00401		1						60	1	Carbopak charcoal
TO-17	HN00402					1			60	1	Carbopak charcoal
Excess									60	2	BLOCKED
Excess									60	3	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HN00403		1						200	4	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
Excess									200	5	BLOCKED
NIOSH S347	HN00404		1						1000	6	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
Excess									1000	7	BLOCKED
OSHA ID200	HN00405		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
Excess									1000	9	BLOCKED
TO11	HN00406		1						1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
Excess									1000	11	BLOCKED
Moisture			1						500	12	TOTAL
Excess									5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HN - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/24/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HN005	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HN00501		1						60	1	Carbopak charcoal
Excess									60	2	BLOCKED
Excess									60	3	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HN00502		1						200	4	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
Excess									200	5	BLOCKED
NIOSH S347	HN00503		1						1000	6	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
Excess									1000	7	BLOCKED
OSHA ID200	HN00504		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
Excess									1000	9	BLOCKED
TO11	HN00505		1						1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
Excess									1000	11	BLOCKED
Moisture			1						500	12	TOTAL
Excess									5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HN - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/25/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HN006	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HN00601		1						60	1	Carbopak charcoal
Excess									60	2	BLOCKED
Excess									60	3	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HN00602		1						200	4	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
Excess									200	5	BLOCKED
NIOSH S347	HN00603		1						1000	6	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
Excess									1000	7	BLOCKED
OSHA ID200	HN00604		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
Excess									1000	9	BLOCKED
TO11	HN00605		1						1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
Excess									1000	11	BLOCKED
Moisture			1						500	12	TOTAL
Excess									5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HO - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)		Comments: One hour of core making accompanied by an additional half hour of core storage for a total period of 90 minutes. TEST NOT DONE.
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HO010	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HO01001		1						200	1	Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								200	2	BLOCKED
	Excess								200	3	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	4	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	5	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HO01002		1						1000	6	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
NIOSH S347	HO01003		1						1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HO01005		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
	Excess								1000	9	BLOCKED
TO11	HO01006		1						1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Excess								1000	11	BLOCKED
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HO - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)		Comments: System blank with core blower burners on. There was some sand in the hopper.
4/26/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HO011	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HO01101		1						200	1	Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								200	2	BLOCKED
	Excess								200	3	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	4	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	5	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HO01102		1						1000	6	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
NIOSH S347	HO01103		1						1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HO01105		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
	Excess								1000	9	BLOCKED
TO11	HO01106		1						1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Excess								1000	11	BLOCKED
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HO - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)		Comments: System blank with core blower burners on and no sand in the hopper. No tube samples taken.
4/30/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HO012	X									TOTAL

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HO - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/25/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HO001	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HO00101		1						200	1	Carbopak charcoal
TO-17	HO00102				1				0		Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								200	2	BLOCKED
	Excess								200	3	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	4	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	5	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HO00103		1						1000	6	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
Acetophenone	HO00104				1				0		15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
NIOSH S347	HO00105		1						1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
NIOSH S347	HO00106				1				0		Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HO00109		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
OSHA ID200	HO00110				1				0		100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
TO11	HO00111		1						1000	9	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
TO11	HO00112			1					1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
TO11	HO00113				1				0		DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Excess								1000	11	BLOCKED
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HO - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/25/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HO002	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HO00201		1						200	1	Carbopak charcoal
TO-17	HO00202			1					200	2	Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								200	3	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	4	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	5	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HO00203		1						1000	6	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
Acetophenone	HO00204			1					1000	7	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
NIOSH S347	HO00205		1						1000	8	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
NIOSH S347	HO00206			1					1000	9	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HO00208		1						1000	10	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
TO11	HO00209		1						1000	11	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HO - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/26/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HO003	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HO00301		1						200	1	Carbopak charcoal
TO-17 MS	HO00302		1						200	2	Carbopak charcoal
TO-17 MS	HO00303			1					200	3	Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								400	4	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	5	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HO00304		1						1000	6	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
NIOSH S347	HO00305		1						1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HO00308		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
OSHA ID200	HO00309			1					1000	9	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
TO11	HO00310		1						1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Excess								1000	11	BLOCKED
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HO - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/26/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HO004	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HO00401		1						200	1	Carbopak charcoal
TO-17	HO00402					1			200	1	Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								200	2	BLOCKED
	Excess								200	3	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	4	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	5	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HO00403		1						1000	6	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
NIOSH S347	HO00404		1						1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
	Excess								1000	8	BLOCKED
OSHA ID200	HO00405		1						1000	9	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
	Excess								1000	10	BLOCKED
TO11	HO00406		1						1000	11	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Moisture		1						500	12	BLOCKED
	Excess		1						5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HO - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/26/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HO005	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HO00501		1						200	1	Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								200	2	BLOCKED
	Excess								200	3	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	4	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	5	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HO00502		1						1000	6	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
NIOSH S347	HO00503		1						1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HO00504		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
	Excess								1000	9	BLOCKED
TO11	HO00505		1						1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Excess								1000	11	BLOCKED
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

RESEARCH FOUNDRY HO - SERIES SAMPLE PLAN

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments:
4/26/2007											
THC, CH ₄ , CO, CO ₂ & NO _x	HO006	X									TOTAL
TO-17	HO00601		1						200	1	Carbopak charcoal
	Excess								200	2	BLOCKED
	Excess								200	3	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	4	BLOCKED
	Excess								400	5	BLOCKED
Acetophenone	HO00602		1						1000	6	15/30 mg Tenax (SKC 226-35-03)
NIOSH S347	HO00603		1						1000	7	Acid Silica Gel (SKC 226-10-06)
OSHA ID200	HO00604		1						1000	8	100/50 mg Carbon Bead (SKC 226-80)
	Excess								1000	9	BLOCKED
TO11	HO00605		1						1000	10	DNPH Silica Gel (SKC 226-119)
	Excess								1000	11	BLOCKED
	Moisture		1						500	12	TOTAL
	Excess								5000	13	Excess

Series – 1413-122 HN

Core Making and Storage

Fairmount Minerals Technisand XC30 Shell Sand Process Instructions

A. The Experiment:

1. Measure total selected emissions from the making of step cores with Technisand XC30. This will also include a storage time.

B. Materials:

1. Technisand XC30, 3% resin (BOS).
2. Ashland Zipslip 109 W parting spray.
3. Dow Corning #7 release agent.

C. Machine setup.

1. Install and align the upgraded step core box onto the shell core machine.
2. Adjust gas and allow time for the east side of the shell box to reach 450F.

D. Core Making test: Six (6) tests each having fifteen (15) approximately two (2) minute core cycles, with a thirty (30) minute storage cycle.

Note: It may take up to two (2) hours to temperature stabilize all the equipment.

Note: Use a smoke generator to verify that containment is achieved particularly around the shell box during machine use.

1. Prepare the core machine emission enclosure.
2. Cycle the core machine for 2-5 cycles or until background emissions are stable based on the THC and good core manufacture is achieved. Remove these cores from the enclosure.
3. When everybody is ready, start the emission sampling clock and open the sample train. Sample continuously for 15 to 20 core cycles, approximately thirty (30) minutes and while cores are in the hood, sample for another 30 minutes for a total of 60 minutes.
4. Make the first core and place a thermocouple in it.
5. Make cores continuously and place each core on the cart/table in the enclosure after removed from the machine. Any stoppage will impact the fugitive emission level.
6. Record sample number, box temperature, and start time made of each core throughout the test.

Note: Occasionally, an incompletely cured core will occur. This does not necessarily constitute a failed sample emission cycle. Inferior cores should not be used for other purposes. Cores made for storage testing should be complete and no less than 0.1 pounds lighter than the median core weight for the group. Cores made for other testing may have the tip missing (0.05 pounds).

7. Do not stop making cores unless emission background level is allowed to re-stabilize before another test is begun.
8. Set up the sample train again and repeat the test for another fifteen core test. A total of six (6) tests are to be performed.
9. Empty and clean the core machine and core sand mixer.

Tom Fennell
Process Engineer

Series – 1413-115 HO

Core Making and Storage *Fairmount Minerals Technisand 630BN Gold Shell Sand* **Process Instructions**

A. The Experiment:

1. Measure total selected emissions from the making of step cores with Technisand 630BN Gold. This will also include a storage time.

B. Materials:

1. Technisand 630BN Gold, 3% resin (BOS).
2. Ashland Zipslip 109 W parting spray.
3. Dow Corning #7 release agent.

C. Machine setup.

1. Install and align the upgraded step core box onto the shell core machine.
2. Adjust gas and allow time for the east side of the shell box to reach 450F.

D. Core Making test: Six (6) tests each having fifteen (15) approximately two (2) minute core cycles, with a thirty (30) minute storage cycle.

Note: It may take up to two (2) hours to temperature stabilize all the equipment.

Note: Use a smoke generator to verify that containment is achieved particularly around the shell box during machine use.

1. Prepare the core machine emission enclosure.
2. Cycle the core machine for 2-5 cycles or until background emissions are stable based on the THC and good core manufacture is achieved. Remove these cores from the enclosure.
3. When everybody is ready, start the emission sampling clock and open the sample train. Sample continuously for 15 to 20 core cycles, approximately thirty (30) minutes and while cores are in the hood, sample for another 30 minutes for a total of 60 minutes.
4. Make the first core and place a thermocouple in it.
5. Make cores continuously and place each core on the cart/table in the enclosure after removed from the machine. Any stoppage will impact the fugitive emission level.
6. Record sample number, box temperature, and start time made of each core throughout the test.

Note: Occasionally, an incompletely cured core will occur. This does not necessarily constitute a failed sample emission cycle. Inferior cores should not be used for other purposes. Cores made for storage testing should be complete and no less than 0.1 pounds lighter than the median core weight for the group. Cores made for other testing may have the tip missing (0.05 pounds).

7. Do not stop making cores unless emission back ground level is allowed to re-stabilize before another test is begun.
8. Set up the sample train again and repeat the test for another fifteen core test. A total of six (6) tests are to be performed.
9. Empty and clean the core machine and core sand mixer.

Tom Fennell
Process Engineer

APPENDIX B

DETAILED EMISSION RESULTS AND QUANTITATION LIMITS

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Emissions Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HN, lb/ton core

TA	POM	HAP		HN001	HN002	HN003	HN004	HN005	HN006	Average	Standard Deviation
			Test Dates	23-Apr-07	23-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	25-Apr-07	-	-
Emission Indicators											
			THC as Propane	5.17E-01	I	3.70E-01	4.59E-01	5.04E-01	8.22E-01	5.34E-01	1.71E-01
			Non-Methane Hydrocarbons	I	I	2.62E-01	2.64E-01	2.76E-01	5.28E-01	3.28E-01	1.30E-01
			Sum of Target Analytes	5.61E-01	5.90E-01	5.60E-01	5.86E-01	6.10E-01	5.70E-01	5.79E-01	1.94E-02
			Sum of Target HAPs	1.16E-01	1.32E-01	1.23E-01	1.29E-01	1.33E-01	1.14E-01	1.25E-01	8.05E-03
			Sum of Target POMs	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA
Selected Target HAPs and POMs											
TA		H	Phenol	1.04E-01	1.19E-01	1.10E-01	1.16E-01	1.21E-01	1.03E-01	1.12E-01	7.44E-03
TA		H	Formaldehyde	1.06E-02	1.19E-02	1.18E-02	1.06E-02	1.14E-02	1.03E-02	1.11E-02	6.88E-04
TA		H	Toluene	4.43E-04	≤PQL	≤PQL	1.35E-03	5.15E-04	≤PQL	4.46E-04	4.77E-04
TA		H	Propionaldehyde (Propanal)	3.78E-04	4.41E-04	4.23E-04	3.62E-04	4.29E-04	5.45E-04	4.30E-04	6.44E-05
TA		H	Acetaldehyde	3.84E-04	3.51E-04	3.20E-04	3.97E-04	4.29E-04	2.94E-04	3.62E-04	5.03E-05
TA		H	Acrolein	I	1.23E-04	≤PQL	1.19E-04	1.19E-04	≤PQL	1.17E-04	5.22E-06
TA	P	H	Acenaphthalene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Anthracene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,8-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,7-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Methylnaphthalene, 1-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Methylnaphthalene, 2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Naphthalene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Trimethylnaphthalene, 2,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Benzene	≤PQL	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Biphenyl	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Cresol, mp-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Cresol, o-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Ethylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Hexane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Styrene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Xylene, mp-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Xylene, o-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Acetophenone	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
Additional Selected Target Analytes											
TA			Ammonia	4.43E-01	4.56E-01	4.36E-01	4.56E-01	4.75E-01	4.54E-01	4.53E-01	1.34E-02
TA			Crotonaldehyde	5.15E-04	4.71E-04	4.38E-04	4.16E-04	4.77E-04	5.72E-04	4.81E-04	5.61E-05
TA			2-Butanone (MEK)	3.82E-04	2.87E-04	3.32E-04	3.23E-04	3.68E-04	3.15E-04	3.35E-04	3.50E-05
TA			Benzaldehyde	≤PQL	2.12E-04	2.89E-04	2.24E-04	2.62E-04	3.84E-04	2.47E-04	9.04E-05
TA			Butyraldehyde/Methacrolein	3.13E-04	2.25E-04	2.36E-04	2.04E-04	2.33E-04	2.62E-04	2.46E-04	3.81E-05
TA			Pentanal (Valeraldehyde)	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	1.14E-04	1.27E-04	1.15E-04	6.71E-06
TA			Cyclohexane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA

(continued on next page)

I=invalidated

NA=not applicable

≤PQL=less than or equal to practical quantitation limit

Emissions Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HN, lb/ton core (continued)

TA	POM	HAP		HN001	HN002	HN003	HN004	HN005	HN006	Average	Standard Deviation
			Test Dates	23-Apr-07	23-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	25-Apr-07	-	-
TA			Decane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dodecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Heptane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Hexaldehyde	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Indan	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Nonane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Octane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Propylbenzene, n-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Tetradecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Undecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			alpha-Methylstyrene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Butylbenzene, n-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Butylbenzene, sec-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Butylbenzene, tert-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Cymene, p-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diisopropylbenzene, 1,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 3,4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Indene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Isobutylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Isopropylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Tridecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylphenol, 2,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylphenol, 2,4,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
0.00E+00											
			Methane	I	I	1.08E-01	1.95E-01	2.28E-01	2.94E-01	2.06E-01	7.74E-02
			Carbon Monoxide	1.16E-01	1.26E-01	1.59E-01	1.04E-01	1.08E-01	1.44E-01	1.26E-01	2.15E-02
			Nitrogen Oxides	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
			Sulfur Dioxide	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

I=invalidated

NA=not applicable

≤PQL=less than or equal to practical quantitation limit

Detailed Emissions Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HN, lb/lb binder

TA	POM	HAP		HN001	HN002	HN003	HN004	HN005	HN006	Average	Standard Deviation
			Test Dates	23-Apr-07	23-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	25-Apr-07	-	-
Emission Indicators											
			THC as Propane	8.88E-03	I	6.34E-03	7.86E-03	8.66E-03	1.41E-02	9.16E-03	2.92E-03
			Non-Methane Hydrocarbons	I	I	4.49E-03	4.53E-03	4.74E-03	9.04E-03	5.63E-03	2.23E-03
			Sum of Target Analytes	9.62E-03	1.01E-02	9.72E-03	1.03E-02	1.07E-02	9.80E-03	1.00E-02	4.22E-04
			Sum of Target HAPs	1.99E-03	2.31E-03	2.13E-03	2.26E-03	2.35E-03	1.97E-03	2.17E-03	1.63E-04
			Sum of Target POMs	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA
Selected Target HAPs and POMs											
TA		H	Phenol	1.79E-03	2.08E-03	1.91E-03	2.03E-03	2.12E-03	1.77E-03	1.95E-03	1.51E-04
TA		H	Formaldehyde	1.82E-04	2.09E-04	2.05E-04	1.87E-04	2.00E-04	1.77E-04	1.93E-04	1.31E-05
TA		H	Toluene	7.60E-06	≤PQL	≤PQL	2.37E-05	9.07E-06	≤PQL	7.79E-06	8.40E-06
TA		H	Propionaldehyde (Propanal)	6.48E-06	7.74E-06	7.35E-06	6.37E-06	7.55E-06	9.38E-06	7.48E-06	1.09E-06
TA		H	Acetaldehyde	6.59E-06	6.15E-06	5.55E-06	6.97E-06	7.55E-06	5.06E-06	6.31E-06	9.18E-07
TA		H	Acrolein	I	2.16E-06	≤PQL	2.08E-06	2.09E-06	≤PQL	2.03E-06	1.15E-07
TA	P	H	Acenaphthalene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Anthracene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,8-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,7-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Methylnaphthalene, 1-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Methylnaphthalene, 2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Naphthalene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Trimethylnaphthalene, 2,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Benzene	≤PQL	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Biphenyl	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Cresol, mp-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Cresol, o-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Ethylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Hexane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Styrene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Xylene, mp-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Xylene, o-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Acetophenone	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
Additional Selected Target Analytes											
TA			Ammonia	7.60E-03	7.75E-03	7.56E-03	8.02E-03	8.36E-03	7.80E-03	7.85E-03	2.99E-04
TA			Crotonaldehyde	8.83E-06	8.25E-06	7.60E-06	7.30E-06	8.40E-06	9.84E-06	8.37E-06	9.10E-07
TA			2-Butanone (MEK)	6.55E-06	5.03E-06	5.77E-06	5.68E-06	6.49E-06	5.41E-06	5.82E-06	5.97E-07
TA			Benzaldehyde	≤PQL	3.72E-06	5.02E-06	3.94E-06	4.62E-06	6.60E-06	4.30E-06	1.56E-06
TA			Butyraldehyde/Methacrolein	5.38E-06	3.95E-06	4.10E-06	3.58E-06	4.11E-06	4.51E-06	4.27E-06	6.19E-07
TA			Pentanal (Valeraldehyde)	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	2.00E-06	2.18E-06	1.98E-06	1.18E-07
TA			Cyclohexane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA

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I=invalidated

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Detailed Emissions Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HN, lb/lb binder (continued)

TA	POM	HAP		HN001	HN002	HN003	HN004	HN005	HN006	Average	Standard Deviation
			Test Dates	23-Apr-07	23-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	24-Apr-07	25-Apr-07	—	—
TA			Decane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dodecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Heptane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Hexaldehyde	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Indan	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Nonane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Octane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Propylbenzene, n-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Tetradecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Undecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			alpha-Methylstyrene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Butylbenzene, n-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Butylbenzene, sec-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Butylbenzene, tert-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Cymene, p-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diisopropylbenzene, 1,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 3,4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Indene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Isobutylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Isopropylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Tridecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylphenol, 2,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylphenol, 2,4,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
Selected Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases											
			Carbon Dioxide	2.71E-01	2.63E-01	2.83E-01	2.82E-01	2.75E-01	2.65E-01	2.73E-01	8.29E-03
			Methane	I	I	1.85E-03	3.34E-03	3.92E-03	5.04E-03	3.54E-03	1.33E-03
			Carbon Monoxide	1.99E-03	2.16E-03	2.72E-03	1.79E-03	1.85E-03	2.47E-03	2.16E-03	3.68E-04
			Nitrogen Oxides	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
			Sulfur Dioxide	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA

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**Practical Reporting Limits, Core Make/Store and Storage, Test
HN, lb/ton core**

Analyte	lb/tn core	Analyte	lb/tn core
2-Butanone (MEK)	1.11E-04	Dodecane	1.23E-04
Acenaphthalene	1.23E-04	Ethylbenzene	1.23E-04
Acetaldehyde	1.11E-04	Ethyltoluene, 2-	1.23E-04
Acetophenone	1.43E-02	Ethyltoluene, 3-	1.23E-04
Acrolein	1.11E-04	Ethyltoluene, 4-	1.23E-04
alpha-Methylstyrene	1.23E-04	Formaldehyde	1.11E-04
Ammonia	4.32E-03	Heptane	1.23E-04
Anthracene	1.23E-04	Hexaldehyde	1.11E-04
Benzaldehyde	1.11E-04	Hexane	1.23E-04
Benzene	1.23E-04	Indan	1.23E-04
Biphenyl	1.23E-04	Indene	1.23E-04
Butylbenzene, n-	1.23E-04	Isobutylbenzene	1.23E-04
Butylbenzene, sec-	1.23E-04	Isopropylbenzene	1.23E-04
Butylbenzene, tert-	1.23E-04	Methane	1.34E-02
Butylaldehyde/Methacrolein	1.86E-04	Methylnaphthalene, 1-	1.23E-04
Carbon Dioxide	3.68E-02	Methylnaphthalene, 2-	1.23E-04
Carbon Monoxide	2.34E-02	Naphthalene	1.23E-04
Cresol, mp-	1.23E-04	Nitrogen Oxides	2.51E-02
Cresol, o-	1.23E-04	Nonane	1.23E-04
Crtonaldehyde	1.11E-04	o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	2.97E-04
Cyclohexane	1.23E-04	Octane	1.23E-04
Cymene, p-	1.23E-04	Pentalan (Valeraldehyde)	1.11E-04
Decane	1.23E-04	Phenol	1.23E-04
Diethylbenzene, 1,2-	1.23E-04	Propionaldehyde (Propanal)	1.11E-04
Diethylbenzene, 1,3-	1.23E-04	Propylbenzene, n-	1.23E-04
Diethylbenzene, 1,4-	1.23E-04	Styrene	1.23E-04
Diisopropylbenzene, 1,3-	1.23E-04	Sulfur Dioxide	1.48E-03
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,2-	1.23E-04	Tetradecane	1.23E-04
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,3-	1.23E-04	THC as Propane	3.68E-02
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,5-	1.23E-04	Toluene	1.23E-04
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,6-	1.23E-04	Tridecane	1.23E-04
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,8-	1.23E-04	Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	1.23E-04
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,3-	1.23E-04	Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	1.23E-04
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,6-	1.23E-04	Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	1.23E-04
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,7-	1.23E-04	Trimethylnaphthalene, 2,3,5-	1.23E-04
Dimethylphenol, 2,3-	1.23E-04	Trimethylphenol, 2,3,5-	1.23E-04
Dimethylphenol, 2,4-	1.23E-04	Trimethylphenol, 2,4,6-	1.23E-04
Dimethylphenol, 2,5-	1.23E-04	Undecane	1.23E-04
Dimethylphenol, 2,6-	1.23E-04	Xylene, mp-	1.23E-04
Dimethylphenol, 3,4-	1.23E-04	Xylene, o-	1.23E-04
Dimethylphenol, 3,5-	1.23E-04		

**Practical Reporting Limits, Core Make/Store and Storage, Test
HN, lb/lb binder**

Analyte	lb/lb Binder	Analyte	lb/lb Binder
2-Butanone (MEK)	1.91E-06	Dodecane	2.11E-06
Acenaphthalene	2.11E-06	Ethylbenzene	2.11E-06
Acetaldehyde	1.91E-06	Ethyltoluene, 2-	2.11E-06
Acetophenone	2.45E-04	Ethyltoluene, 3-	2.11E-06
Acrolein	1.91E-06	Ethyltoluene, 4-	2.11E-06
alpha-Methylstyrene	2.11E-06	Formaldehyde	1.91E-06
Ammonia	7.41E-05	Heptane	2.11E-06
Anthracene	2.11E-06	Hexaldehyde	1.91E-06
Benzaldehyde	1.91E-06	Hexane	2.11E-06
Benzene	2.11E-06	Indan	2.11E-06
Biphenyl	2.11E-06	Indene	2.11E-06
Butylbenzene, n-	2.11E-06	Isobutylbenzene	2.11E-06
Butylbenzene, sec-	2.11E-06	Isopropylbenzene	2.11E-06
Butylbenzene, tert-	2.11E-06	Methane	2.30E-04
Butylaldehyde/Methacrolein	3.18E-06	Methylnaphthalene, 1-	2.11E-06
Carbon Dioxide	6.32E-04	Methylnaphthalene, 2-	2.11E-06
Carbon Monoxide	4.02E-04	Naphthalene	2.11E-06
Cresol, mp-	2.11E-06	Nitrogen Oxides	4.31E-04
Cresol, o-	2.11E-06	Nonane	2.11E-06
Crtonaldehyde	1.91E-06	o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	5.09E-06
Cyclohexane	2.11E-06	Octane	2.11E-06
Cymene, p-	2.11E-06	Pentalan (Valeraldehyde)	1.91E-06
Decane	2.11E-06	Phenol	2.11E-06
Diethylbenzene, 1,2-	2.11E-06	Propionaldehyde (Propanal)	1.91E-06
Diethylbenzene, 1,3-	2.11E-06	Propylbenzene, n-	2.11E-06
Diethylbenzene, 1,4-	2.11E-06	Styrene	2.11E-06
Diisopropylbenzene, 1,3-	2.11E-06	Sulfur Dioxide	2.53E-05
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,2-	2.11E-06	Tetradecane	2.11E-06
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,3-	2.11E-06	THC as Propane	6.32E-04
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,5-	2.11E-06	Toluene	2.11E-06
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,6-	2.11E-06	Tridecane	2.11E-06
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,8-	2.11E-06	Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	2.11E-06
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,3-	2.11E-06	Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	2.11E-06
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,6-	2.11E-06	Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	2.11E-06
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,7-	2.11E-06	Trimethylnaphthalene, 2,3,5-	2.11E-06
Dimethylphenol, 2,3-	2.11E-06	Trimethylphenol, 2,3,5-	2.11E-06
Dimethylphenol, 2,4-	2.11E-06	Trimethylphenol, 2,4,6-	2.11E-06
Dimethylphenol, 2,5-	2.11E-06	Undecane	2.11E-06
Dimethylphenol, 2,6-	2.11E-06	Xylene, mp-	2.11E-06
Dimethylphenol, 3,4-	2.11E-06	Xylene, o-	2.11E-06
Dimethylphenol, 3,5-	2.11E-06		

Detailed Emissions - Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HO, lb/ton core

TA	POM	HAP		HO001	HO002	HO003	HO004	HO005	HO006	Average	Standard Deviation
			Test Dates	25-Apr-07	25-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	-	-
Emission Indicators											
			THC as Propane	8.21E-01	9.94E-01	1.09E+00	8.17E-01	8.12E-01	1.08E+00	9.34E-01	1.33E-01
			Non-Methane Hydrocarbons	4.42E-01	4.40E-01	1.82E-01	1.40E-01	1.52E-01	4.21E-01	2.96E-01	1.52E-01
			Sum of Target Analytes	1.35E-01	1.44E-01	1.53E-01	1.53E-01	1.45E-01	1.45E-01	1.46E-01	6.86E-03
			Sum of Target HAPs	3.90E-02	3.93E-02	3.93E-02	4.50E-02	4.11E-02	4.01E-02	4.06E-02	2.27E-03
			Sum of Target POMs	4.99E-05	6.00E-05	4.25E-05	3.73E-05	4.94E-05	4.25E-05	4.69E-05	7.97E-06
Selected Target HAPs and POMs											
TA		H	Phenol	3.15E-02	3.13E-02	3.08E-02	3.48E-02	3.34E-02	3.23E-02	3.23E-02	1.51E-03
TA		H	Formaldehyde	6.60E-03	6.77E-03	7.40E-03	8.97E-03	6.47E-03	6.88E-03	7.18E-03	9.35E-04
TA		H	Styrene	1.89E-04	4.21E-04	2.83E-04	2.44E-04	4.60E-04	2.12E-04	3.01E-04	1.13E-04
TA		H	Acetaldehyde	2.19E-04	2.62E-04	2.25E-04	3.80E-04	2.54E-04	2.33E-04	2.62E-04	6.00E-05
TA		H	Propionaldehyde (Propanal)	1.67E-04	1.90E-04	1.97E-04	1.86E-04	1.60E-04	1.78E-04	1.79E-04	1.40E-05
TA		H	Acrolein	1.25E-04	1.62E-04	1.59E-04	1.67E-04	1.74E-04	1.36E-04	1.54E-04	1.92E-05
TA		H	Hexane	5.87E-05	5.14E-05	8.79E-05	9.40E-05	≤PQL	6.25E-05	6.38E-05	2.43E-05
TA	P	H	Naphthalene	4.99E-05	6.00E-05	4.25E-05	3.73E-05	4.94E-05	4.25E-05	4.69E-05	7.97E-06
TA		H	Toluene	3.73E-05	≤PQL	3.42E-05	4.04E-05	≤PQL	≤PQL	3.27E-05	5.36E-06
TA		H	Cresol, o-	4.87E-05	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	3.16E-05	8.39E-06
TA		H	Benzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	3.01E-05	3.17E-05	3.07E-05	2.95E-05	1.54E-06
TA	P	H	Acenaphthalene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Anthracene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,8-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,7-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Methylnaphthalene, 1-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Methylnaphthalene, 2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Trimethylnaphthalene, 2,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Biphenyl	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Cresol, mp-	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Ethylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Xylene, mp-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Xylene, o-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Acetophenone	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
Additional Selected Target Analytes											
TA			Ammonia	9.40E-02	1.03E-01	1.12E-01	1.07E-01	1.02E-01	1.03E-01	1.03E-01	5.95E-03
TA			Crotonaldehyde	7.95E-04	8.93E-04	1.02E-03	8.87E-04	8.43E-04	7.84E-04	8.70E-04	8.50E-05
TA			2-Butanone (MEK)	2.89E-04	3.19E-04	3.53E-04	2.43E-04	3.11E-04	2.93E-04	3.02E-04	3.67E-05
TA			Butyraldehyde/Methacrolein	2.96E-04	3.43E-04	3.11E-04	2.47E-04	3.26E-04	2.41E-04	2.94E-04	4.18E-05
TA			Dimethylphenol, 3,4-	3.40E-04	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	8.01E-05	1.27E-04
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	4.08E-05	4.02E-05	5.66E-05	5.09E-05	4.34E-05	4.43E-05	4.60E-05	6.45E-06
TA			Heptane	3.35E-05	3.54E-05	4.45E-05	5.77E-05	3.92E-05	4.24E-05	4.21E-05	8.68E-06
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,4-	8.38E-05	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	3.74E-05	2.27E-05
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,3-	4.07E-05	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	3.02E-05	5.12E-06
TA			Butylbenzene, sec-	3.87E-05	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	2.99E-05	4.30E-06

(continued on next page)

ND=Not Detected

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I=Invalidated Data

≤PQL=Less than or equal to the Practical Quantitation Limit

Detailed Emissions - Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HO, lb/ton core (continued)

TA	POM	HAP		HO001	HO002	HO003	HO004	HO005	HO006	Average	Standard Deviation
			Test Dates	25-Apr-07	25-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	-	-
TA			Tetradecane	≤PQL	3.02E-05	≤PQL	≤PQL	2.96E-05	≤PQL	2.87E-05	9.02E-07
TA			Benzaldehyde	≤PQL	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Cyclohexane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Decane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dodecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 2-	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Hexaldehyde	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Indan	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Nonane	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Octane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Pentanal (Valeraldehyde)	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Propylbenzene, n-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Undecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			alpha-Methylstyrene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Butylbenzene, n-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Butylbenzene, tert-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Cymene, p-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diisopropylbenzene, 1,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Indene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Isobutylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Isopropylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Tridecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylphenol, 2,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylphenol, 2,4,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
Selected Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases											
			Carbon Dioxide	1.42E+01	1.58E+01	1.69E+01	1.44E+01	1.41E+01	1.40E+01	1.49E+01	1.19E+00
			Methane	3.79E-01	5.53E-01	9.04E-01	6.77E-01	6.59E-01	6.57E-01	6.38E-01	1.72E-01
			Carbon Monoxide	1.15E-01	9.87E-02	1.35E-01	1.34E-01	1.05E-01	1.02E-01	1.15E-01	1.62E-02
			Nitrogen Oxides	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
			Sulfur Dioxide	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA

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Detailed Emissions Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HO, lb/lb binder

TA	POM	HAP		HO001	HO002	HO003	HO004	HO005	HO006	Average	Standard Deviation
			Test Dates	25-Apr-07	25-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	—	—
Emission Indicators											
			THC as Propane	1.41E-02	1.70E-02	1.87E-02	1.40E-02	1.39E-02	1.85E-02	1.60E-02	2.29E-03
			Non-Methane Hydrocarbons	7.58E-03	7.56E-03	3.12E-03	2.40E-03	2.61E-03	7.22E-03	5.08E-03	2.61E-03
			Sum of Target Analytes	2.32E-03	2.47E-03	2.62E-03	2.71E-03	2.54E-03	2.54E-03	2.53E-03	1.35E-04
			Sum of Target HAPs	6.71E-04	6.74E-04	6.72E-04	7.96E-04	7.22E-04	7.05E-04	7.07E-04	4.85E-05
			Sum of Target POMs	8.55E-07	1.03E-06	7.28E-07	6.61E-07	8.67E-07	7.46E-07	8.15E-07	1.32E-07
Selected Target HAPs and POMs											
TA		H	Phenol	5.39E-04	5.37E-04	5.27E-04	6.16E-04	5.87E-04	5.67E-04	5.62E-04	3.45E-05
TA		H	Formaldehyde	1.16E-04	1.16E-04	1.27E-04	1.59E-04	1.14E-04	1.21E-04	1.25E-04	1.71E-05
TA		H	Styrene	3.23E-06	7.23E-06	4.85E-06	4.32E-06	8.08E-06	3.72E-06	5.24E-06	1.97E-06
TA		H	Acetaldehyde	3.83E-06	4.49E-06	3.85E-06	6.73E-06	4.46E-06	4.09E-06	4.58E-06	1.09E-06
TA		H	Propionaldehyde (Propanal)	3.17E-06	3.25E-06	3.37E-06	3.29E-06	2.81E-06	3.12E-06	3.17E-06	1.96E-07
TA		H	Acrolein	2.42E-06	2.77E-06	2.73E-06	2.97E-06	3.05E-06	2.38E-06	2.72E-06	2.74E-07
TA		H	Hexane	1.01E-06	8.82E-07	1.50E-06	1.67E-06	≤PQL	1.10E-06	1.11E-06	4.29E-07
TA	P	H	Naphthalene	8.55E-07	1.03E-06	7.28E-07	6.61E-07	8.67E-07	7.46E-07	8.15E-07	1.32E-07
TA		H	Toluene	6.38E-07	≤PQL	5.85E-07	7.15E-07	≤PQL	≤PQL	5.64E-07	9.84E-08
TA		H	Cresol, o-	8.35E-07	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	5.42E-07	1.44E-07
TA		H	Benzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	5.33E-07	5.56E-07	5.39E-07	5.13E-07	3.36E-08
TA	P	H	Acenaphthalene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Anthracene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,8-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,7-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Methylnaphthalene, 1-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Methylnaphthalene, 2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA	P	H	Trimethylnaphthalene, 2,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Biphenyl	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Cresol, mp-	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Ethylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Xylene, mp-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Xylene, o-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA		H	Acetophenone	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
Additional Selected Target Analytes											
TA			Ammonia	1.61E-03	1.77E-03	1.92E-03	1.89E-03	1.79E-03	1.81E-03	1.80E-03	1.08E-04
TA			Crotonaldehyde	1.48E-05	1.53E-05	1.74E-05	1.57E-05	1.48E-05	1.38E-05	1.53E-05	1.22E-06
TA			Butyraldehyde/Methacrolein	5.87E-06	5.89E-06	5.33E-06	4.37E-06	5.73E-06	4.24E-06	5.24E-06	7.51E-07
TA			2-Butanone (MEK)	4.96E-06	5.48E-06	6.05E-06	4.31E-06	5.46E-06	5.14E-06	5.23E-06	5.87E-07
TA			Dimethylphenol, 3,4-	5.82E-06	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	1.37E-06	2.18E-06
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	7.00E-07	6.89E-07	9.70E-07	9.02E-07	7.62E-07	7.78E-07	8.00E-07	1.13E-07
TA			Heptane	5.75E-07	6.08E-07	7.62E-07	1.02E-06	6.88E-07	7.44E-07	7.33E-07	1.60E-07
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,4-	1.44E-06	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	6.42E-07	3.89E-07
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,3-	6.97E-07	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	5.19E-07	8.76E-08
TA			Butylbenzene, sec-	6.63E-07	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	5.13E-07	7.35E-08
TA			Tetradecane	≤PQL	5.17E-07	≤PQL	≤PQL	5.19E-07	≤PQL	4.95E-07	1.83E-08

(continued on next page)

ND=Not Detected

NA= Not Applicable

I=Invalidated Data

≤PQL=Less than or equal to the Practical Quantitation Limit

Detailed Emissions Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HO, lb/lb binder (continued)

TA	POM	HAP		HO001	HO002	HO003	HO004	HO005	HO006	Average	Standard Deviation
			Test Dates	25-Apr-07	25-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	26-Apr-07	-	-
TA			Cymene, p-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	4.90E-07	≤PQL	4.84E-07	2.89E-09
TA			Benzaldehyde	≤PQL	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Cyclohexane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Decane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dodecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 2-	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Hexaldehyde	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Indan	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Nonane	I	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Octane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Pentanal (Valeraldehyde)	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Propylbenzene, n-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Undecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			alpha-Methylstyrene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Butylbenzene, n-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Butylbenzene, tert-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diethylbenzene, 1,2-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Diisopropylbenzene, 1,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,3-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 2,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Dimethylphenol, 3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Ethyltoluene, 4-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Indene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Isobutylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Isopropylbenzene	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Tridecane	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylphenol, 2,3,5-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
TA			Trimethylphenol, 2,4,6-	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
Selected Criteria Pollutants and Greenhouse Gases											
			Carbon Dioxide	2.43E-01	2.71E-01	2.91E-01	2.47E-01	2.42E-01	2.39E-01	2.56E-01	2.06E-02
			Methane	6.50E-03	9.49E-03	1.55E-02	1.16E-02	1.13E-02	1.13E-02	1.10E-02	2.96E-03
			Carbon Monoxide	1.97E-03	1.69E-03	2.32E-03	2.31E-03	1.80E-03	1.75E-03	1.97E-03	2.78E-04
			Nitrogen Oxides	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA
			Sulfur Dioxide	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	≤PQL	NA

ND=Not Detected

NA= Not Applicable

I=Invalidated Data

≤PQL=Less than or equal to the Practical Quantitation Limit

Practical Reporting Limits, Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HO, lb/ton core

Analyte	lb/tn core	Analyte	lb/tn core
2-Butanone (MEK)	1.05E-04	Dodecane	2.82E-05
Acenaphthalene	2.82E-05	Ethylbenzene	2.82E-05
Acetaldehyde	1.05E-04	Ethyltoluene, 2-	2.82E-05
Acetophenone	3.43E-03	Ethyltoluene, 3-	2.82E-05
Acrolein	1.05E-04	Ethyltoluene, 4-	2.82E-05
alpha-Methylstyrene	2.82E-05	Formaldehyde	1.05E-04
Ammonia	7.08E-03	Heptane	2.82E-05
Anthracene	2.82E-05	Hexaldehyde	1.05E-04
Benzaldehyde	1.05E-04	Hexane	2.82E-05
Benzene	2.82E-05	Indan	2.82E-05
Biphenyl	2.82E-05	Indene	2.82E-05
Butylbenzene, n-	2.82E-05	Isobutylbenzene	2.82E-05
Butylbenzene, sec-	2.82E-05	Isopropylbenzene	2.82E-05
Butylbenzene, tert-	2.82E-05	Methane	2.18E-04
Butylaldehyde/Methacrolein	1.75E-04	Methylnaphthalene, 1-	2.82E-05
Carbon Dioxide	5.99E-04	Methylnaphthalene, 2-	2.82E-05
Carbon Monoxide	3.81E-04	Naphthalene	2.82E-05
Cresol, mp-	2.82E-05	Nitrogen Oxides	4.08E-04
Cresol, o-	2.82E-05	Nonane	2.82E-05
Crotonaldehyde	1.05E-04	o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	2.81E-04
Cyclohexane	2.82E-05	Octane	2.82E-05
Cymene, p-	2.82E-05	Pentanal (Valeraldehyde)	1.05E-04
Decane	2.82E-05	Phenol	2.82E-05
Diethylbenzene, 1,2-	2.82E-05	Propionaldehyde (Propanal)	1.05E-04
Diethylbenzene, 1,3-	2.82E-05	Propylbenzene, n-	2.82E-05
Diethylbenzene, 1,4-	2.82E-05	Styrene	2.82E-05
Diisopropylbenzene, 1,3-	2.82E-05	Sulfur Dioxide	1.41E-03
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,2-	2.82E-05	Tetradecane	2.82E-05
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,3-	2.82E-05	THC as Propane	6.32E-04
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,5-	2.82E-05	Toluene	2.82E-05
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,6-	2.82E-05	Tridecane	2.82E-05
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,8-	2.82E-05	Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	2.82E-05
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,3-	2.82E-05	Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	2.82E-05
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,6-	2.82E-05	Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	2.82E-05
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,7-	2.82E-05	Trimethylnaphthalene, 2,3,5-	2.82E-05
Dimethylphenol, 2,3-	2.82E-05	Trimethylphenol, 2,3,5-	2.82E-05
Dimethylphenol, 2,4-	2.82E-05	Trimethylphenol, 2,4,6-	2.82E-05
Dimethylphenol, 2,5-	2.82E-05	Undecane	2.82E-05
Dimethylphenol, 2,6-	2.82E-05	Xylene, mp-	2.82E-05
Dimethylphenol, 3,4-	2.82E-05	Xylene, o-	2.82E-05
Dimethylphenol, 3,5-	2.82E-05		

Practical Reporting Limits, Core Make/Store and Storage, Test HO, lb/lb binder

Analyte	lb/lb Binder	Analyte	lb/lb Binder
2-Butanone (MEK)	1.81E-06	Dodecane	4.83E-07
Acenaphthalene	4.83E-07	Ethylbenzene	4.83E-07
Acetaldehyde	1.81E-06	Ethyltoluene, 2-	4.83E-07
Acetophenone	5.88E-05	Ethyltoluene, 3-	4.83E-07
Acrolein	1.81E-06	Ethyltoluene, 4-	4.83E-07
alpha-Methylstyrene	4.83E-07	Formaldehyde	1.81E-06
Ammonia	6.07E-05	Heptane	4.83E-07
Anthracene	4.83E-07	Hexaldehyde	1.81E-06
Benzaldehyde	1.81E-06	Hexane	4.83E-07
Benzene	4.83E-07	Indan	4.83E-07
Biphenyl	4.83E-07	Indene	4.83E-07
Butylbenzene, n-	4.83E-07	Isobutylbenzene	4.83E-07
Butylbenzene, sec-	4.83E-07	Isopropylbenzene	4.83E-07
Butylbenzene, tert-	4.83E-07	Methane	2.18E-04
Butylaldehyde/Methacrolein	3.01E-06	Methylnaphthalene, 1-	4.83E-07
Carbon Dioxide	5.99E-04	Methylnaphthalene, 2-	4.83E-07
Carbon Monoxide	3.81E-04	Naphthalene	4.83E-07
Cresol, mp-	4.83E-07	Nitrogen Oxides	4.08E-04
Cresol, o-	4.83E-07	Nonane	4.83E-07
Crotonaldehyde	1.81E-06	o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	4.82E-06
Cyclohexane	4.83E-07	Octane	4.83E-07
Cymene, p-	4.83E-07	Pentanal (Valeraldehyde)	1.81E-06
Decane	4.83E-07	Phenol	4.83E-07
Diethylbenzene, 1,2-	4.83E-07	Propionaldehyde (Propanal)	1.81E-06
Diethylbenzene, 1,3-	4.83E-07	Propylbenzene, n-	4.83E-07
Diethylbenzene, 1,4-	4.83E-07	Styrene	4.83E-07
Diisopropylbenzene, 1,3-	4.83E-07	Sulfur Dioxide	2.43E-06
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,2-	4.83E-07	Tetradecane	4.83E-07
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,3-	4.83E-07	THC as Propane	5.99E-04
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,5-	4.83E-07	Toluene	4.83E-07
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,6-	4.83E-07	Tridecane	4.83E-07
Dimethylnaphthalene, 1,8-	4.83E-07	Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,3-	4.83E-07
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,3-	4.83E-07	Trimethylbenzene, 1,2,4-	4.83E-07
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,6-	4.83E-07	Trimethylbenzene, 1,3,5-	4.83E-07
Dimethylnaphthalene, 2,7-	4.83E-07	Trimethylnaphthalene, 2,3,5-	4.83E-07
Dimethylphenol, 2,3-	4.83E-07	Trimethylphenol, 2,3,5-	4.83E-07
Dimethylphenol, 2,4-	4.83E-07	Trimethylphenol, 2,4,6-	4.83E-07
Dimethylphenol, 2,5-	4.83E-07	Undecane	4.83E-07
Dimethylphenol, 2,6-	4.83E-07	Xylene, mp-	4.83E-07
Dimethylphenol, 3,4-	4.83E-07	Xylene, o-	4.83E-07
Dimethylphenol, 3,5-	4.83E-07		

APPENDIX C

DETAILED PROCESS DATA

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Detailed Process Data - Test Series HN

Technisand XC30 Coremaking							
Test Dates	04/23/07	04/23/07	04/24/07	04/24/07	04/24/07	04/25/07	Averages
Emissions Sample #	HN001	HN002	HN003	HN004	HN005	HN006	
Production Sample #	HN001	HN002	HN003	HN004	HN005	HN006	
Average cooled core weight, g	2479.8	2533.7	2508.8	2539.2	2545.6	2486.5	2515.6
Average core box temperature	452	452	459	460	458	455	456
% stated core binder (BOS)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
% calculated actual binder	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
Number of cores made in run	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Total core weight in from run, Lbs.	82.01	83.79	82.96	83.97	84.18	82.23	83.19
Total binder weight in run, Lbs.	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4
Core LOI, %	3.1627	3.2267	3.2703	3.2101	3.2257	3.1912	3.21

Detailed Process Data - Test Series HO

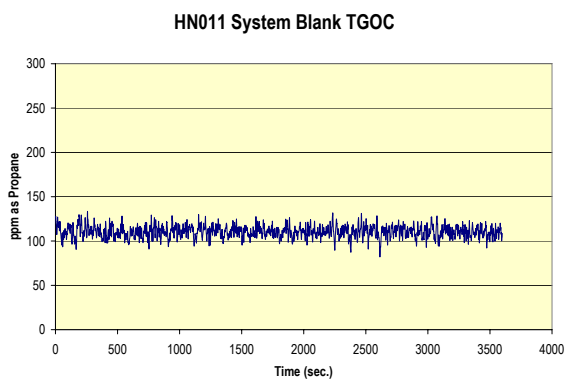
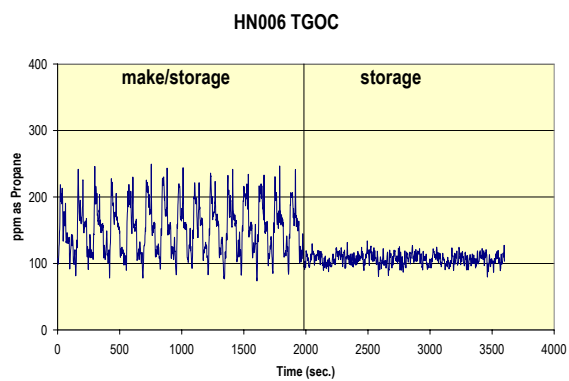
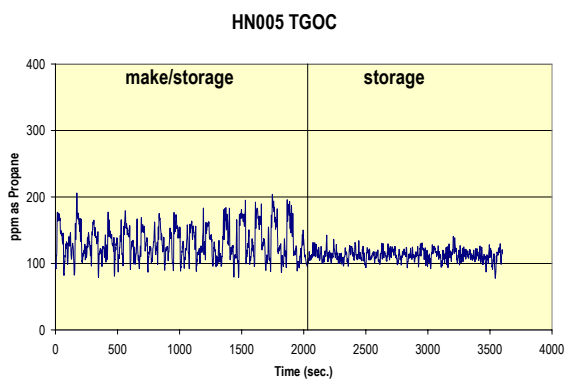
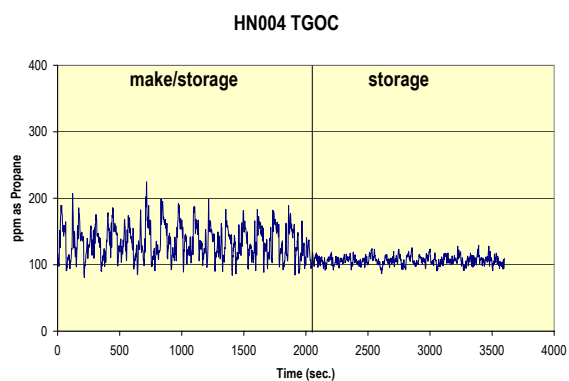
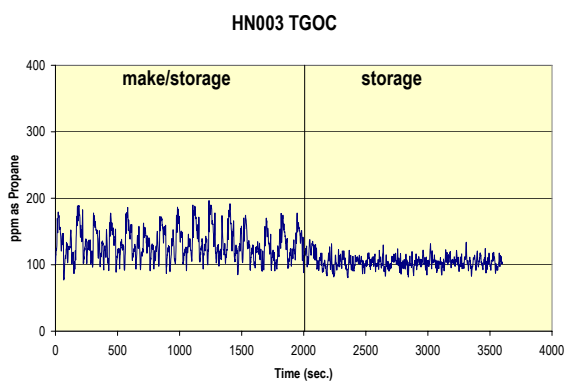
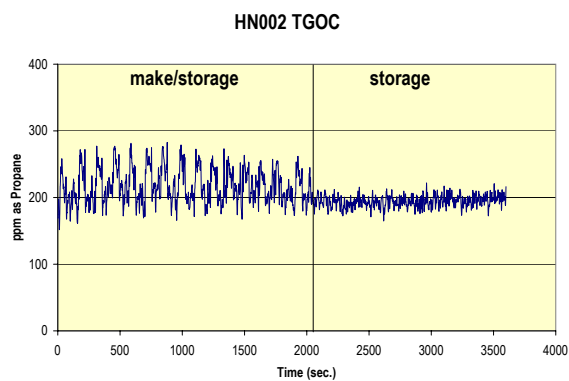
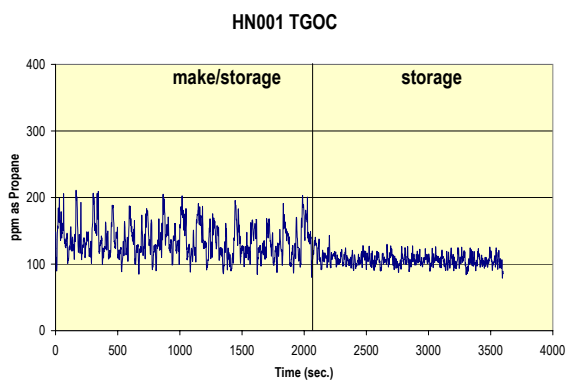
Technisand 630BN Gold Coremaking							
Test Dates	04/25/07	04/25/07	04/26/07	04/26/07	04/26/07	04/26/07	Averages
Emissions Sample #	HO001	HO002	HO003	HO004	HO005	HO006	
Production Sample #	HO001	HO002	HO003	HO004	HO005	HO006	
Average Cooled Core Weight, g	2570.6	2646.2	2567.1	2655.9	2634.5	2633.2	2617.9
Average Core Box Temperature	439	448	453	455	450	444	448
% stated core binder (BOS)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
% calculated actual binder	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
Number of cores made in run	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Total core weight in from run, Lbs.	85.01	87.51	84.89	87.83	87.12	87.08	86.57
Total binder weight in run, Lbs.	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5
Core LOI, %	2.9006	2.8549	ND	2.8598	2.8778	2.8290	2.86

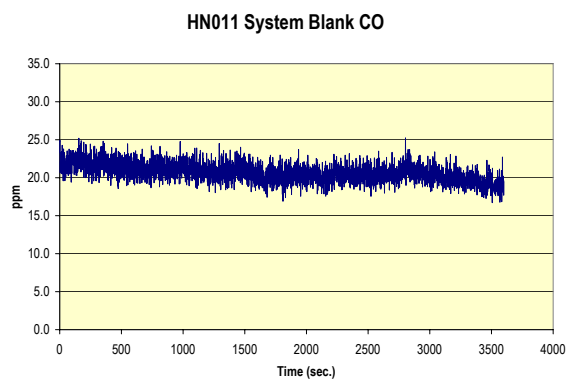
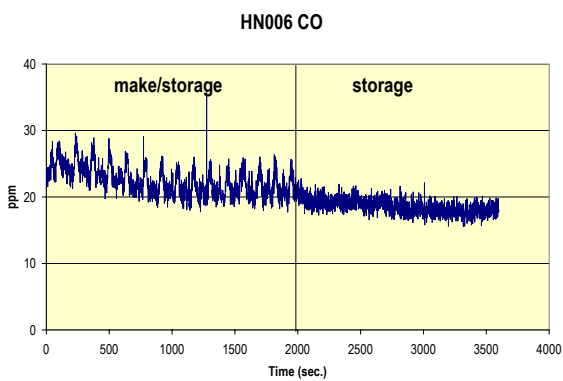
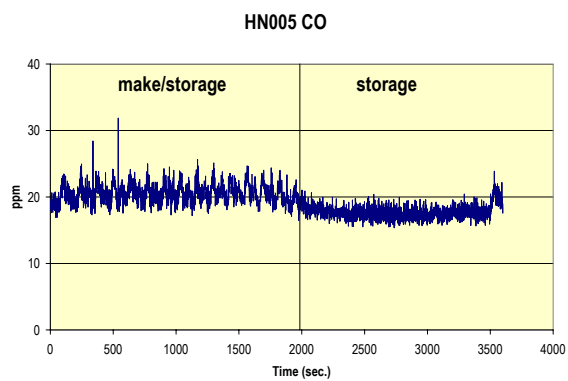
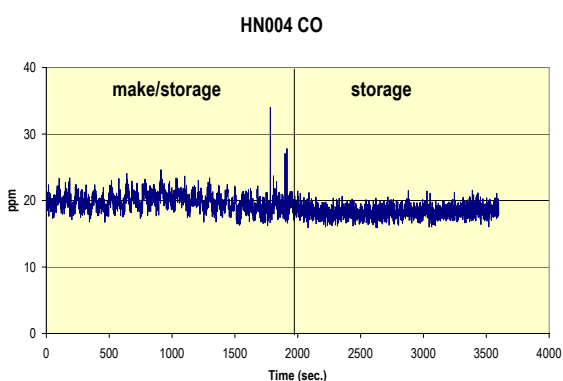
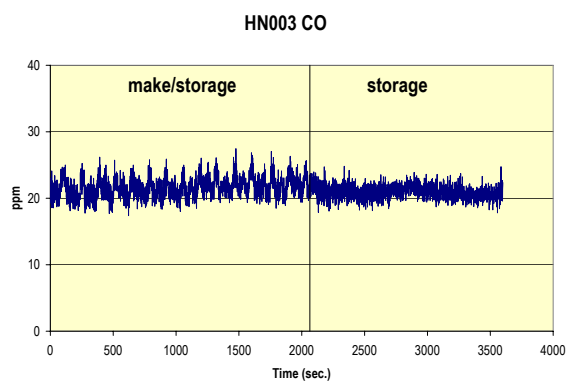
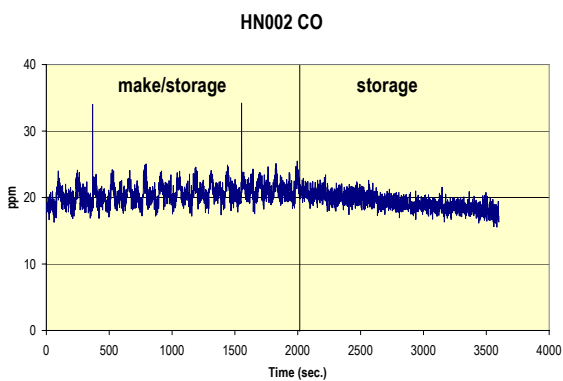
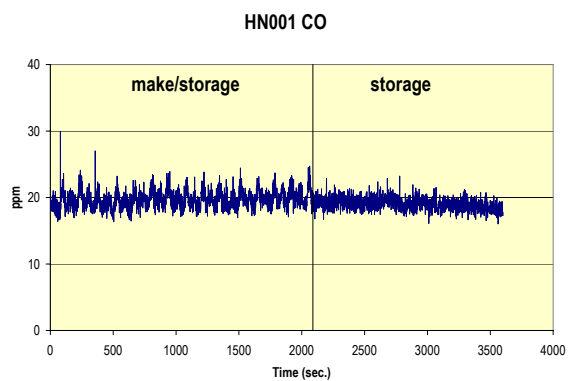
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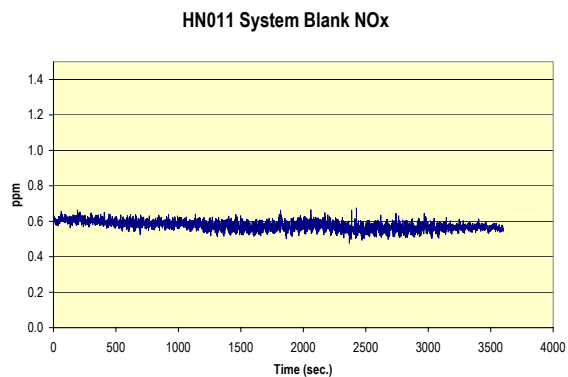
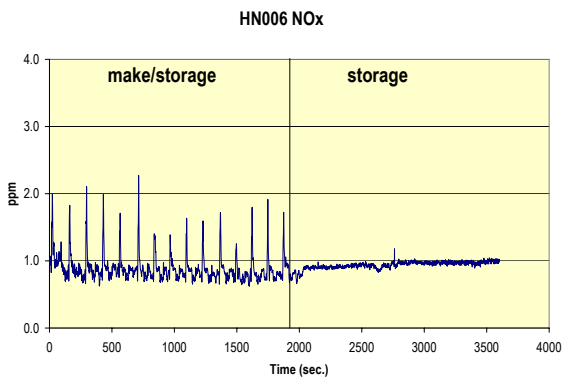
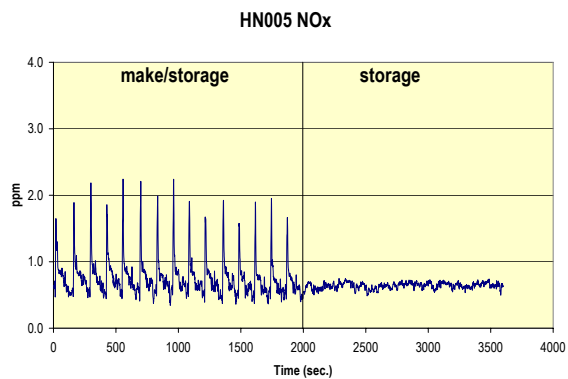
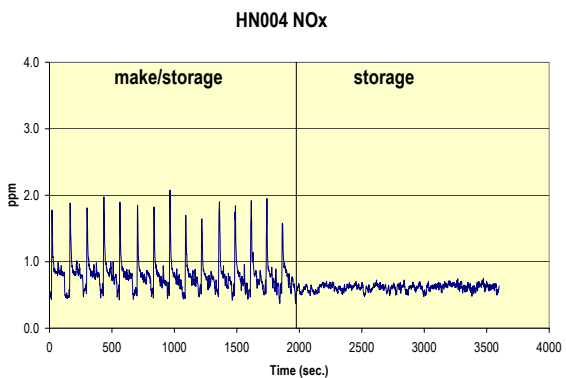
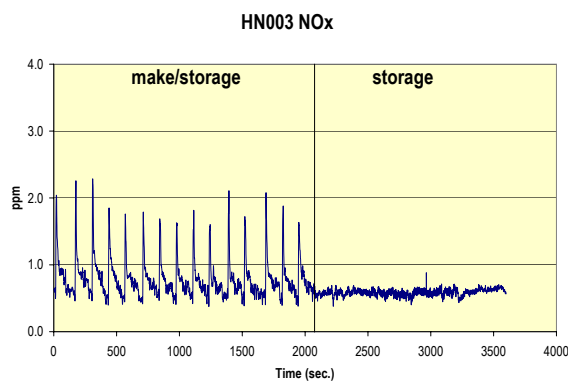
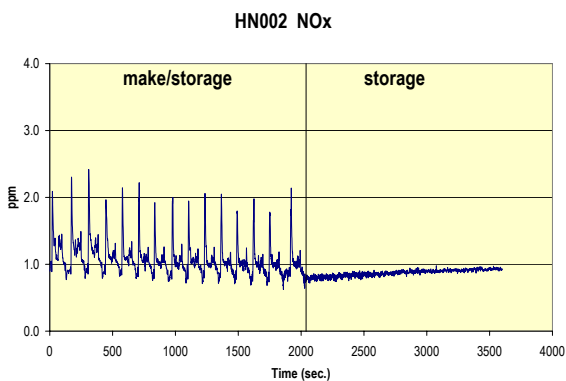
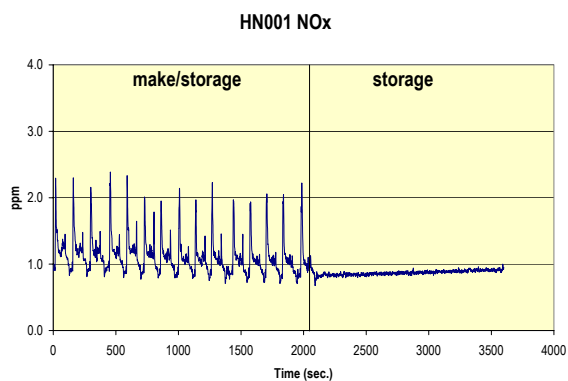
APPENDIX D

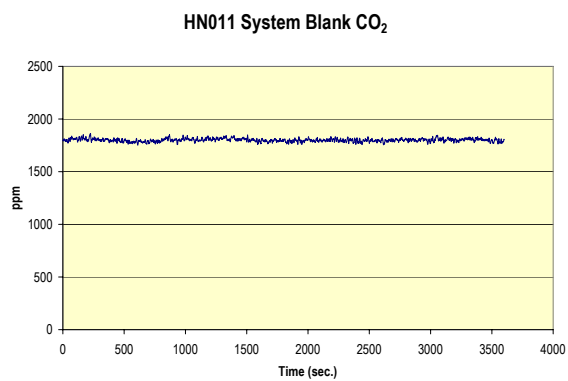
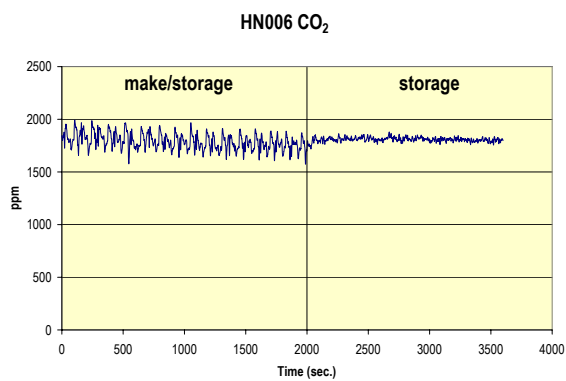
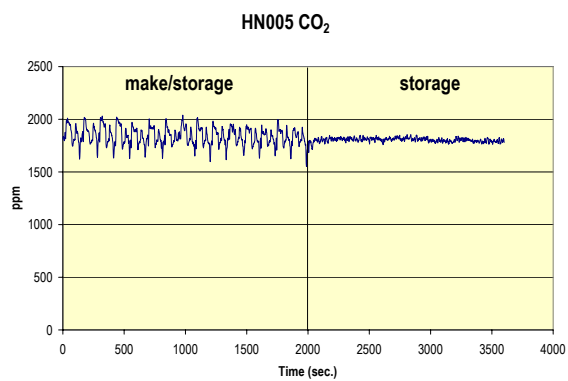
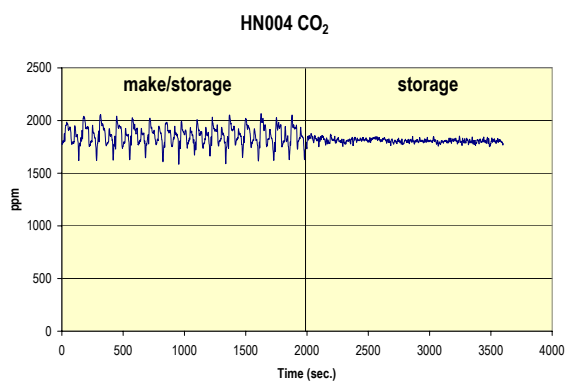
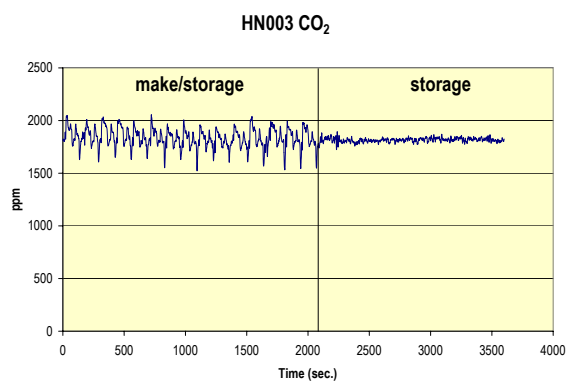
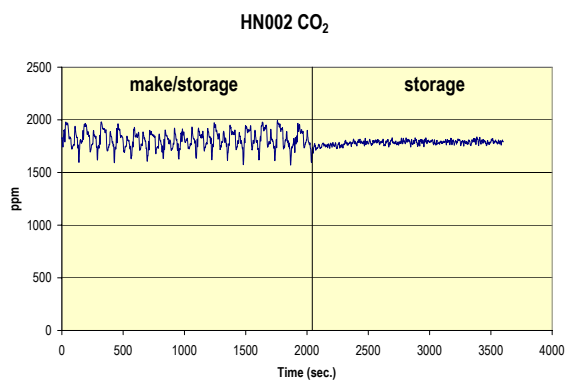
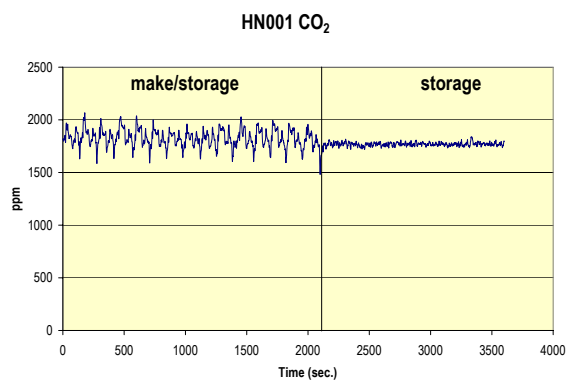
CONTINUOUS EMISSION CHARTS

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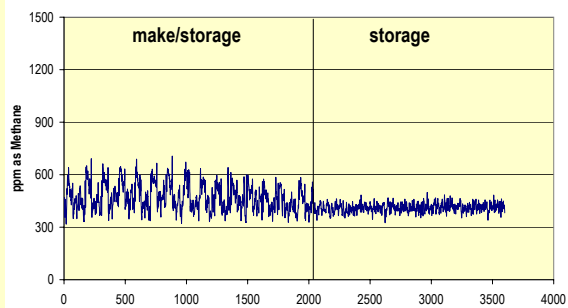
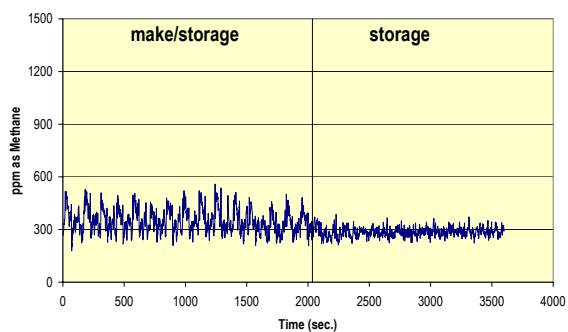
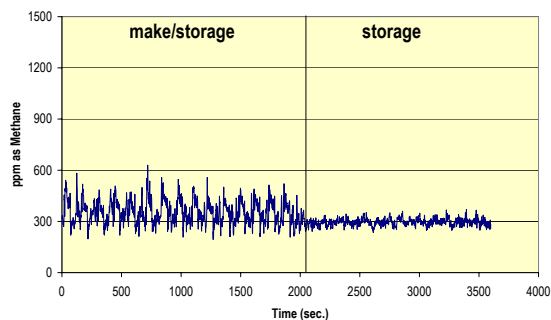
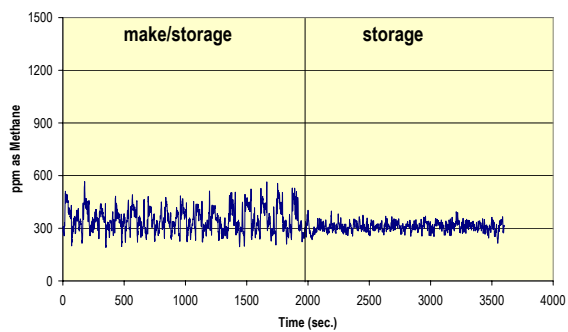
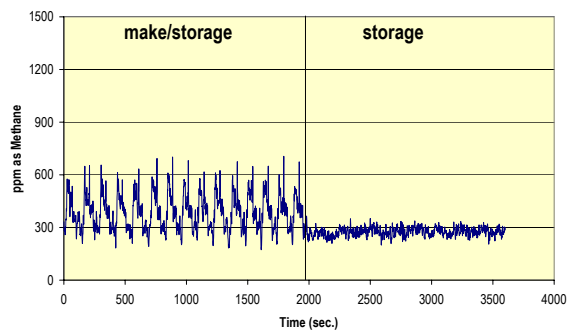
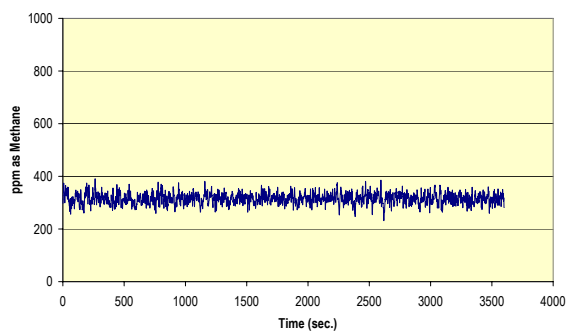


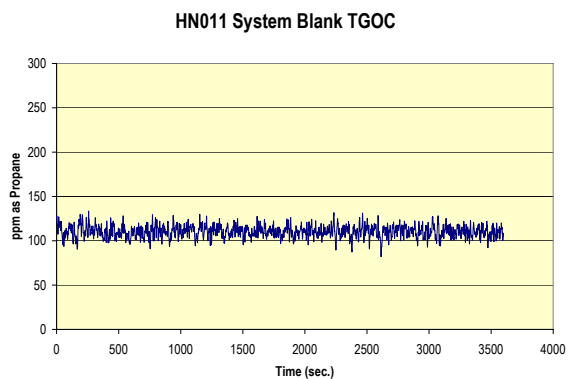
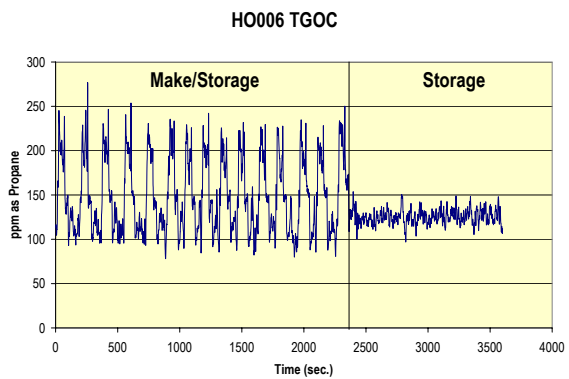
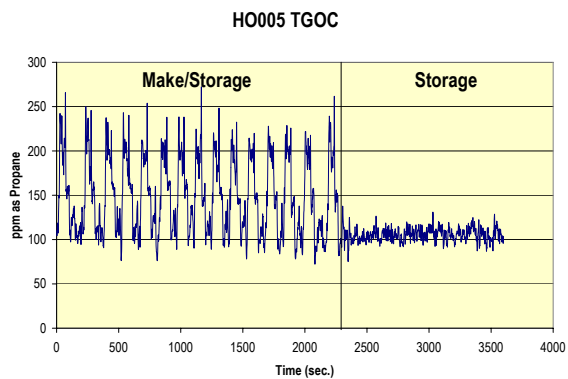
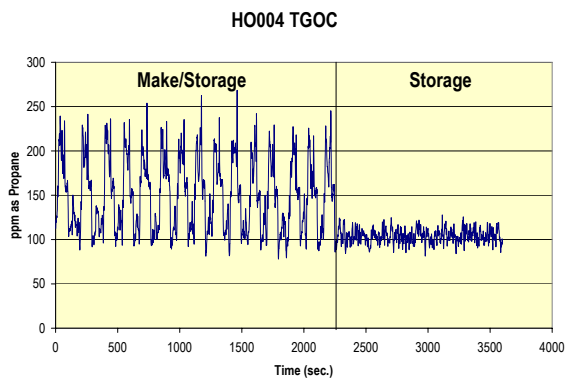
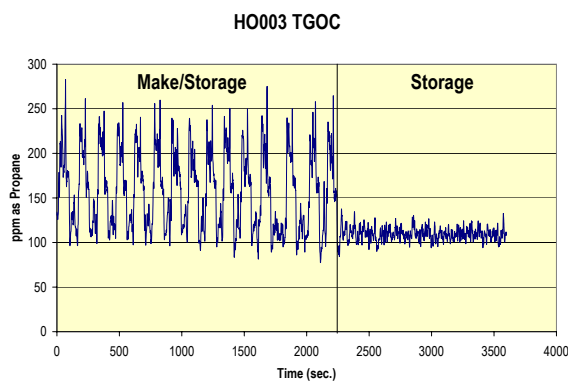
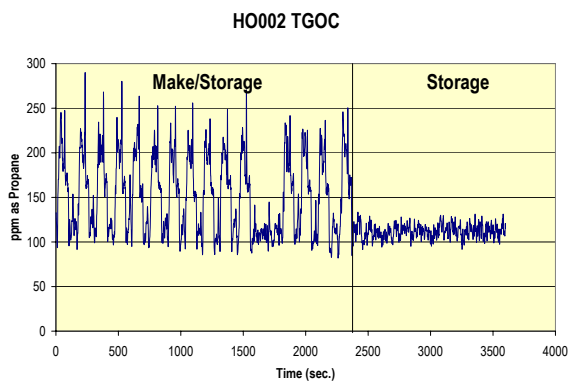
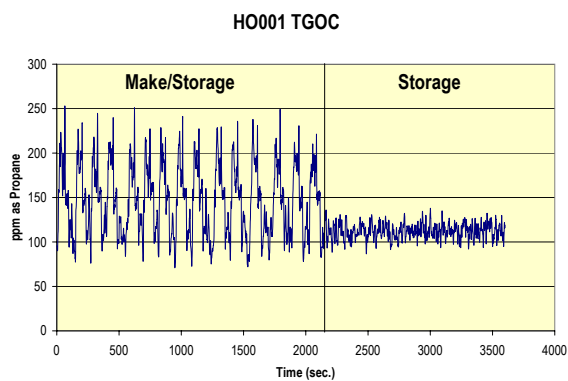


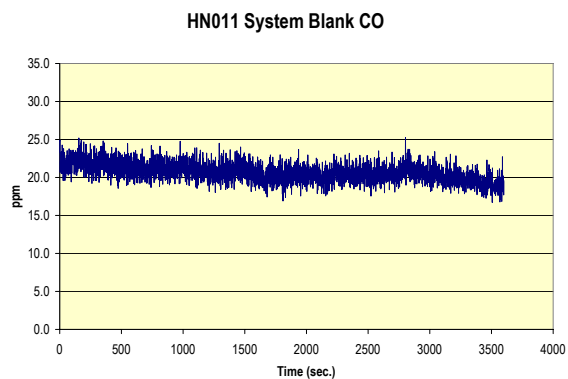
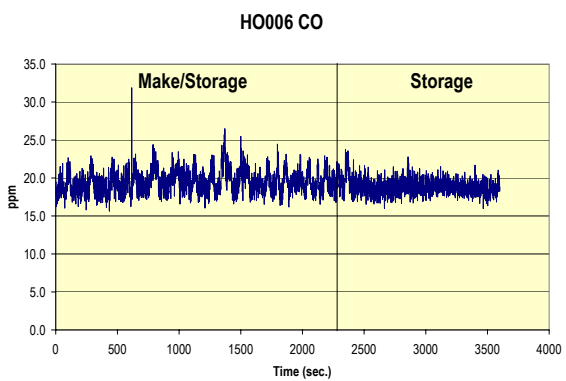
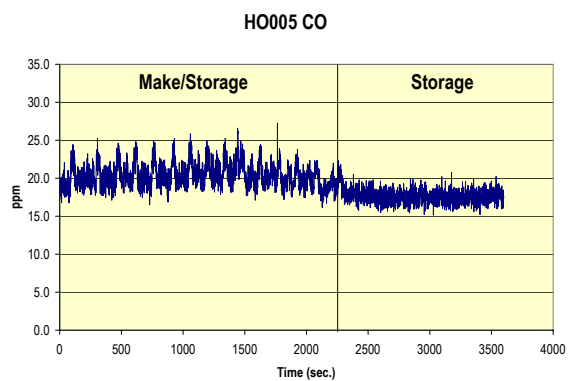
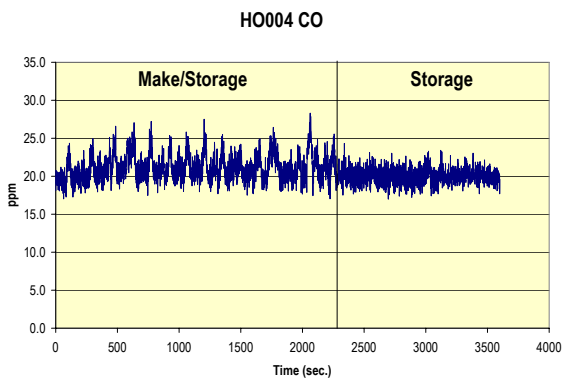
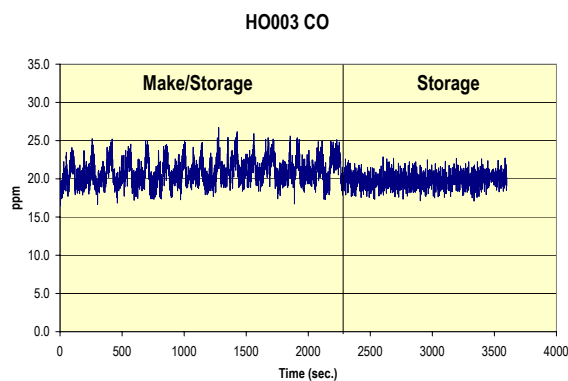
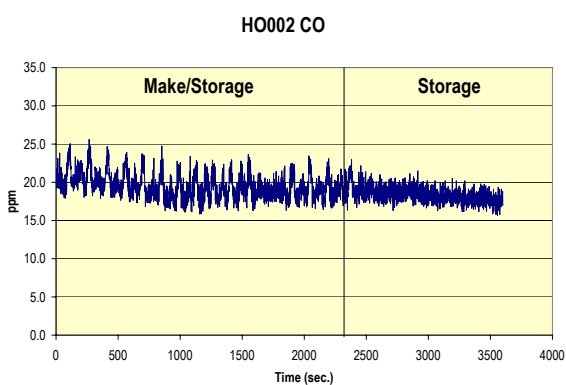
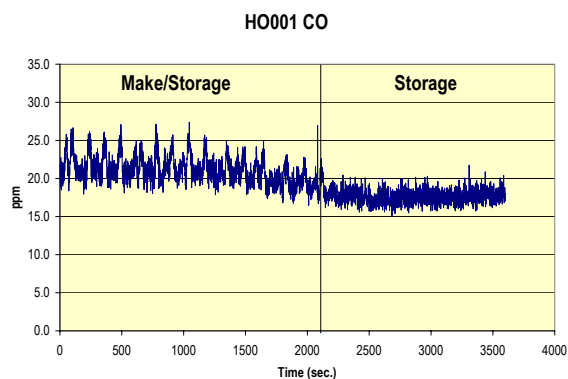


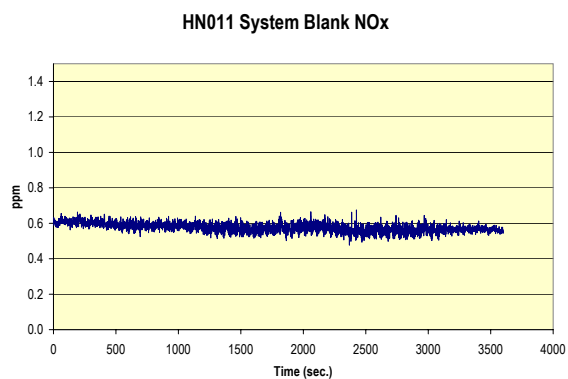
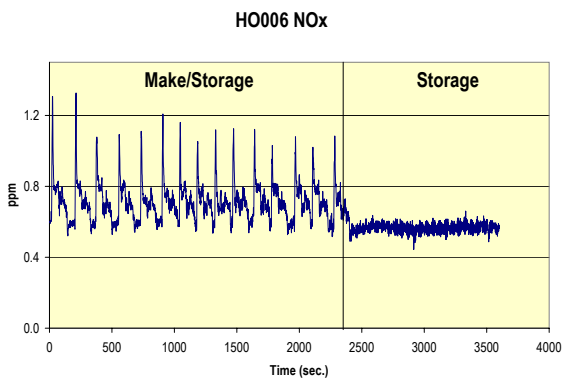
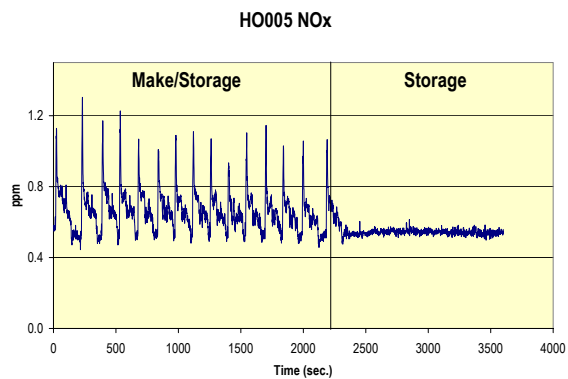
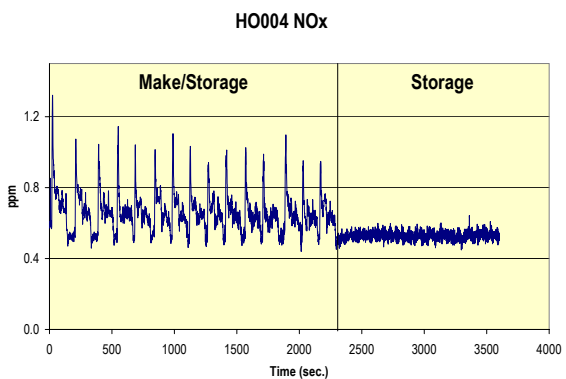
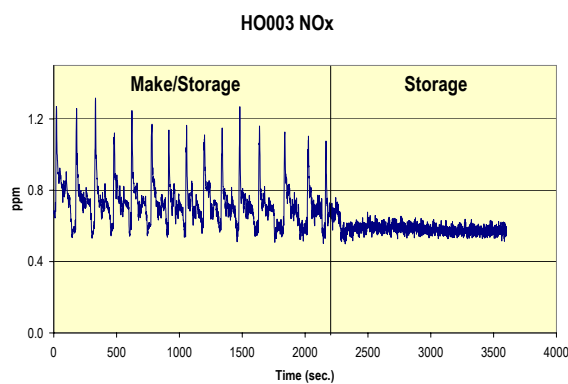
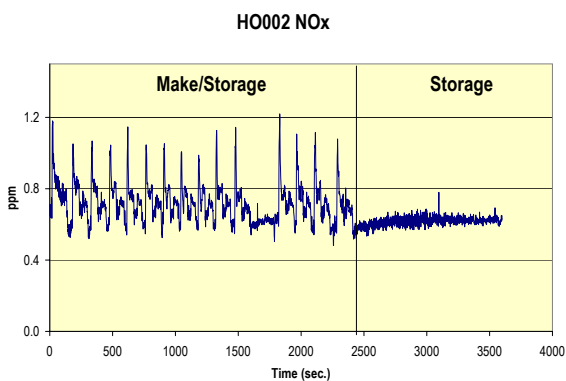
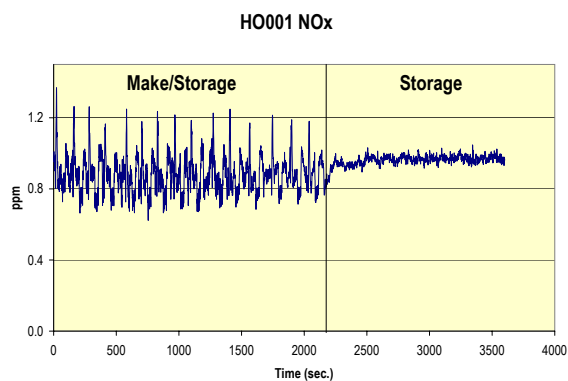


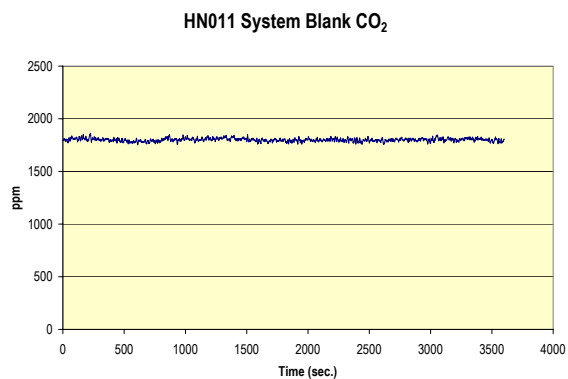
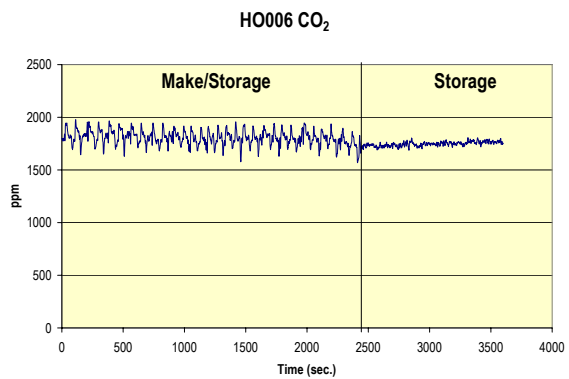
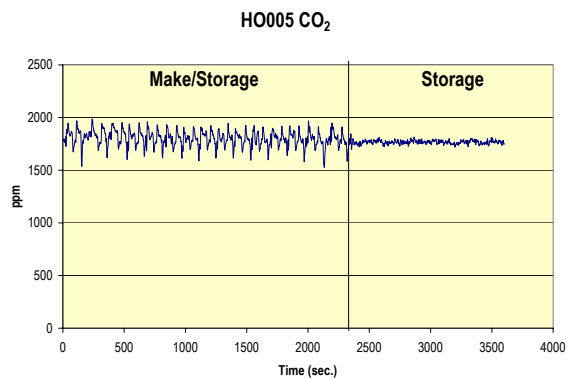
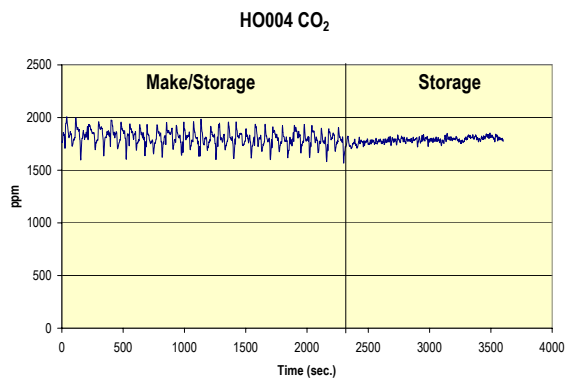
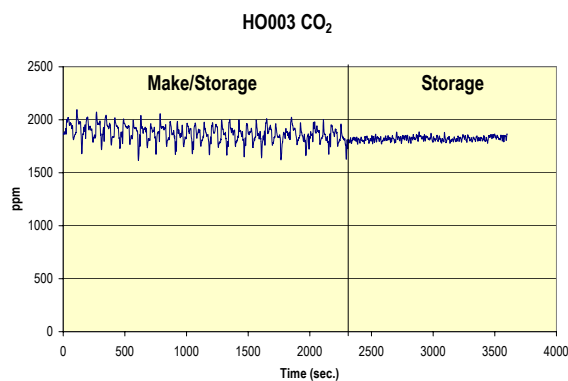
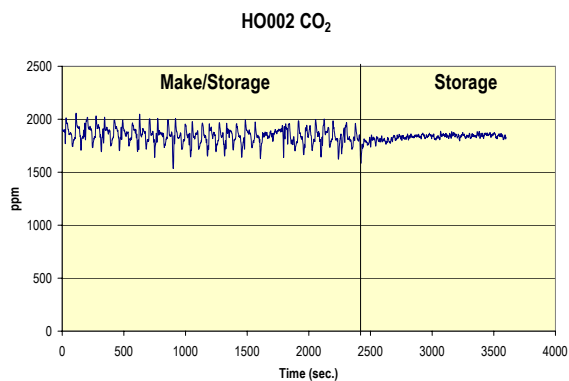
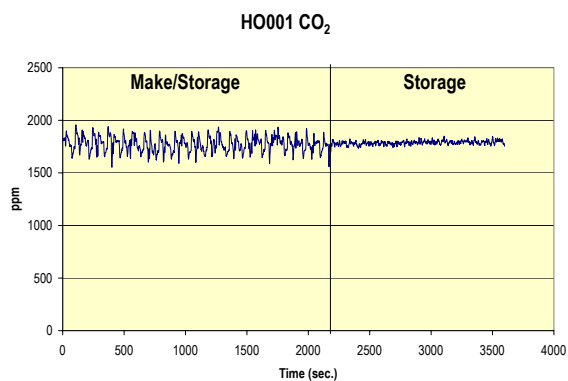
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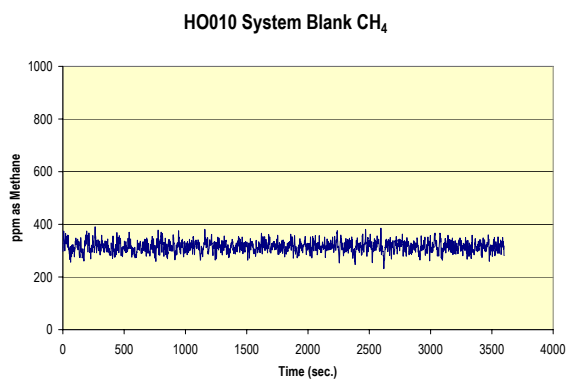
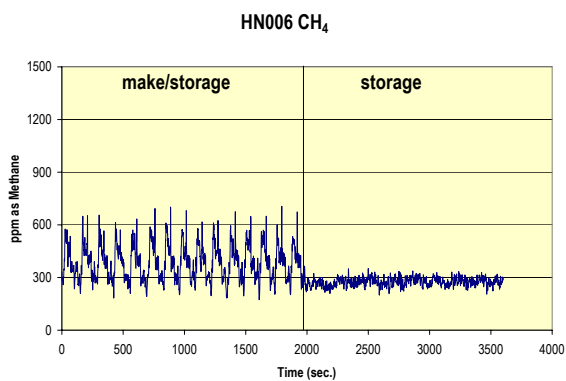
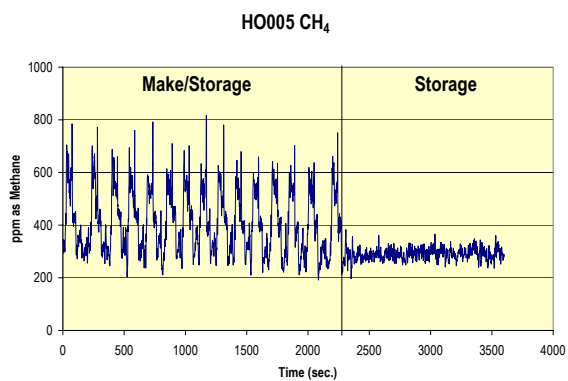
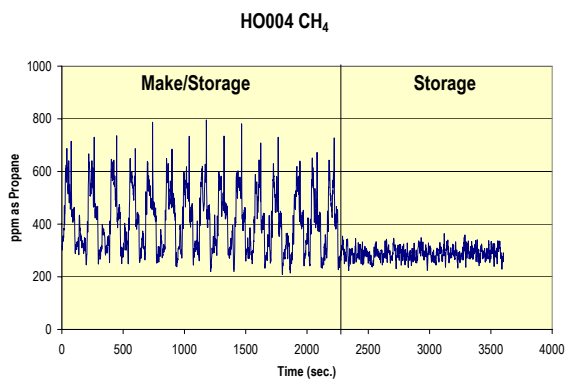
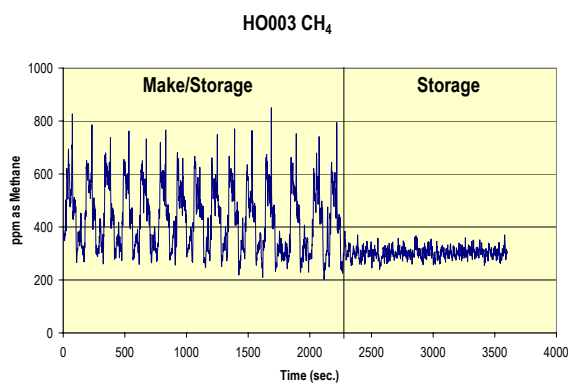
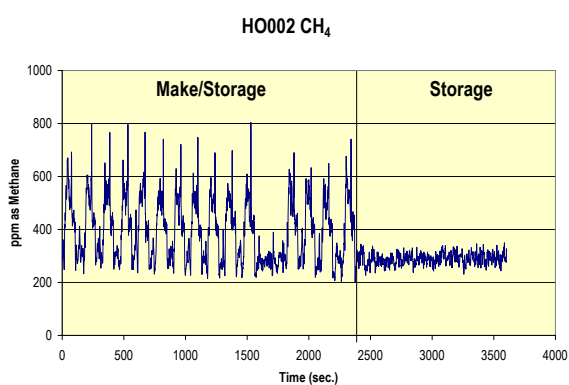
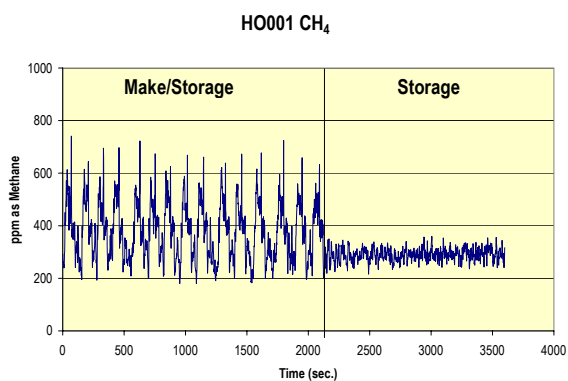
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APPENDIX E

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

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Acronyms & Abbreviations

AFS	American Foundry Society
ARDEC	(US) Army Armament Research, Development and Engineering Center
BO	Based on ().
BOS	Based on Sand.
CAAA	Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990
CARB	California Air Resources Board
CERP	Casting Emission Reduction Program
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CH₄	Methane
CISA	Casting Industry Suppliers Association
CO	Carbon Monoxide
CO₂	Carbon Dioxide
CRADA	Cooperative Research and Development Agreement
CTM	Conditional Test Method
DOD	Department of Defense
DOE	Department of Energy
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
ERC	Environmental Research Consortium
FID	Flame Ionization Detector
GC/MS	Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry
GS	Greensand
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant defined by the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendment
HC	Hydrocarbon
I	Invalidated Data
Lb/Lb	Pound per Pound of Binder used
Lb/Tn	Pound per Ton of Metal poured
LOI	Loss on Ignition
MB	Methylene Blue
NA	Not Applicable; Not Available
ND	Non-Detect; Not detected below the practical quantitation limit
NG	Natural Gas
NMHC	Non-Methane Hydrocarbons

NO_x	Oxides of Nitrogen
NT	Not Tested
PCS	Pouring, Cooling, Shakeout
POM	Polycyclic Organic Matter
psi	Pounds per Square Inch
QA/QC	Quality Assurance/Quality Control
scfm	Standard Cubic Feet per Minute
SO₂	Sulfur Dioxide
TA	Target Analyte
TEA	Triethylamine
TGOC	Total Gaseous Organic Concentration
THC	Total Hydrocarbon Concentration
US EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
USCAR	United States Council for Automotive Research
VOST	Volatile Organic Sampling Train
WBS	Work Breakdown Structure