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US Army Task N256 Ashland Iron No Bake NBE 1 and 2 **Ester Cured Phenolic / Iron**

Technikon # RE 100121 DZ

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Pre-Production Air Emission Test Report

No-Bake Binder Systems

Ester Cured Phenolic / Iron

Emissions Test

RE100121DZ

This report has been reviewed f	or completeness and accuracy and approved to	or release by
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The data contained in this report were developed to assess the relative emissions profile of the product or process being evaluated against a standardized baseline process profile. You may not obtain the same results in your facility. Data was not collected to assess casting quality, cost, or producibility.



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Executive Summary

This report contains the results of emission testing to evaluate the pouring, cooling, and shakeout emissions from Test DZ, an Ester Cured Phenolic No-Bake binder system. These data are compared to results from Test DG, a baseline Phenolic Urethane No-Bake binder system. All testing was conducted by Technikon, LLC in its Pre-Production foundry.

The Pre-Production Foundry is a simple general purpose manual foundry that was adapted and instrumented to make detailed organic emission measurements, using methods based on EPA protocols for pouring, casting cooling, and shakeout processes on *discrete* molds. The measurements are conducted under tightly controlled conditions not feasible in a commercial foundry. Evaluating a new product or process in the Technikon Pre-Production Foundry reduces the risk of new material or product introduction for the foundry industry.

The specific objective of Test DG was to establish air emission data against which the air emissions from new materials, equipment and processes, designed to reduce organic Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) and Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs). This report documents the following test series: A comparison of an Ester Cured Phenolic binder (Test DZ) to the reference Phenolic Urethane binder system (Test DG).

The testing performed involved the collection of continuous air samples over a seventy-five minute period, including the mold pouring, cooling, shakeout, and post shakeout periods. Process and stack parameters were measured and include: the weights of the casting, mold, binder; Loss on Ignition (LOI) values for the mold prior to the test; metallurgical data; and stack temperature, pressure, volumetric flow rate and moisture content. The process parameters were maintained within prescribed ranges in order to ensure the reproducibility of the tests. Samples were collected and analyzed for over seventy (70) target compounds using procedures based on US EPA Method 18. Continuous monitoring of the Total Gaseous Organic Concentration (TGOC), formerly Total Hydrocarbon Content (THC), of the emissions was conducted according to US EPA Method 25A. Finally, the "condensable" organic material in the emissions was determined using a Technikon developed procedure. The "condensables" represent the "back half" catch from US EPA Method 5.

The mass emission rate of each parameter or target compound was calculated, in pounds per ton of metal, using the Method 25A data or the laboratory analytical results, the measured source data, and the weight of each casting. Results for structural isomers have been grouped and reported as a single entity. For example, ortho, meta, and para xylene are the three (3) structural isomers of dimethylbenzene and are reported as o,m,p-xylene though separate results are available in Appendix B of this report. Several "emissions indicators," in addition to the TGOC (THC) as Propane, were also calculated. The HC as Hexane results represent the sum of all organic compounds detected and expressed as hexane. All of the following sums are sub-groups of this measure. The "Sum of VOCs" is based on the sum of the individual target Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) measured and includes the Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) and Polycyclic Organic Material (POMs) listed in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. The "Sum of

HAPs" is the sum of the individual target HAPs measured and includes the POMs. Finally, the "Sum of POMs" is the sum of all of the polycyclic organic material measured.

Results for the emission indicators for Test DG and DZ are shown in the following table. All results are reported as pounds emitted per ton of metal.

Emissions Indicators	Test DG	Test DZ	% Change from DG
TGOC (THC) as Propane	12.2	3.39	-72%
HC as Hexane	11.1	2.37	-79%
Sum of VOCs	4.06	0.901	-78%
Sum of HAPs	2.00	0.803	-60%
Sum of POMs	0.104	0.067	-36%

The results from the above table show a decrease in emission indicators for Test DZ (Ester Cured Phenolic binder system) compared to DG (Phenolic Urethane binder system) ranging from 36% to 79% lower emissions.

It must be noted that the reference and product testing performed is not suitable for use as emission factors or for purposes other than evaluating the *relative emission* reductions associated with the use of alternative materials, equipment, or processes. The emissions measurements are unique to the specific castings produced, materials used, and testing methodology associated with these tests, and should not be used as the basis for estimating emissions from actual commercial foundry applications.

1.0 Introduction

1.1 Background

Technikon LLC is a privately held contract research organization located in McClellan, California, a suburb of Sacramento. Technikon offers emissions research services to industrial and government clients specializing in the metal casting and mobile emissions areas. Technikon operates the Casting Emission Reduction Program (CERP). CERP is a cooperative initiative between the Department of Defense (US Army) and the United States Council for Automotive Research (USCAR). Its purpose is to evaluate alternative casting materials and processes that are designed to reduce air emissions and/or produce more efficient casting processes. Other technical partners directly supporting the project include: the American Foundry Society (AFS); the Casting Industry Suppliers Association (CISA); the US Environmental Protection Agency (USE PA); and the California Air Resources Board (CARB).

1.2 CERP Objectives

The primary objective of CERP is to evaluate materials, equipment, and processes used in the production of metal castings. Technikon's facility was designed to evaluate alternate materials and production processes designed to achieve significant air emission reductions, especially for the 1990 Clean Air Act Amendment HAPs. The facility has two principal testing arenas: a Pre-Production Foundry designed to measure airborne emissions from individually poured molds, and a Production Foundry designed to measure air emissions in a continuous full scale production process. Each of these testing arenas has been specially designed to facilitate the collection and evaluation of airborne emissions and associated process data. The data collected during the various testing projects are evaluated to determine both the airborne emissions impact of the materials and/or process changes, and their stability and impact upon the quality and economics of casting and core manufacture. The materials, equipment, and processes may need to be further adapted and defined so that they will integrate into current casting facilities smoothly and with minimum capital expenditure.

Normally, Pre-Production testing is conducted first in order to evaluate the air emissions impact of a proposed alternative material, equipment, or process in the most cost effective manner. The Pre-Production Foundry is a simple general purpose manual foundry that was adapted and instrumented to make detailed emission measurements using methods based on EPA protocols for pouring, casting cooling, and shakeout processes on *discrete* molds under tightly controlled conditions not feasible in a commercial foundry. The Pre-Production Foundry uses a four-cavity, AFS irregular gear mold as its test pattern for No-Bake testing. All No-Bake testing occurs in the Pre-Production Foundry.

The Production Foundry's design as a basic greensand foundry was deliberately chosen so that whatever is tested in this facility will also be convertible to existing mechanized commercial foundries. The type and size of equipment, materials, and processes used emulate an automotive foundry. This facility is used to evaluate materials, equipment, and processes in a *continuous*

process that is allowed to vary to the limits of commercial experience in a controlled manner. The Production Foundry provides simultaneous detailed individual emission measurements using methods based on US EPA protocols of the melting, pouring, sand preparation, mold making, and core making processes. It is instrumented so that the data on all activities of the metal casting process can be simultaneously and continuously collected, in order to completely evaluate the economic impact of the prospective emission reducing strategy. The Production Foundry's test casting is a single cavity Ford Motor Company I-4 engine block. Castings are randomly selected to evaluate the impact of the material, equipment, or process on casting quality. Alternative materials, equipment, and processes that demonstrate significant air emission reduction potential, preserve casting quality parameters, and that are economically viable based on the Pre-Production testing, may be further evaluated in the Production Foundry.

It must be noted that the results from the reference and product testing performed are not suitable for use as emission factors or for other purposes other than evaluating the *relative emission_reductions* associated with the use of alternative materials, equipment, or manufacturing processes. The emissions measurements are unique to the specific castings produced, materials used, and testing methodology associated with these tests. These measurements *should not* be used as the basis for estimating emissions from actual commercial foundry applications.

1.3 Report Organization

This report has been designed to document the methodology and results of a specific test plan that was used to evaluate the performance of an alternative material, equipment, or process in the Pre-Production Foundry. Section 2 of this report includes a summary of the methodologies used for data collection and analysis, emission calculations, QA/QC procedures, and data management and reduction methods. Specific data collected during this test are summarized in Section 3 of this report, with detailed data included in Appendices B and C of this report. Section 4 of this report contains a discussion of the results and recommendations for additional testing, if any.

The raw data for this test series are included in a data binder that is maintained at the Technikon facility. There are several support documents that provide details regarding the testing and analytical procedures used. Appendix F contains a listing of these support documents.

1.4 Preliminary Testing

The foundation for the specific test protocols and airborne emission measurements has been determined from testing performed to:

- Establish the required number of samples needed to statistically support the evaluation of emission reduction potentials of the alternative materials, equipment, and processes that may be evaluated;
- Provide a series of standardized emissions from standard mold packages.

It has been determined that nine replicate tests will provide a statistically significant sample for the purposes of evaluating the emission reductions from alternative materials, equipment, and processes. The results of the testing conducted in support of this conclusion is included in a report entitled Evaluation of the Required Number of Replicate Tests to Provide Statistically Significant Air Emission Reduction Comparisons for the CERP Pre-Production Foundry Test Program.

1.5 Specific Test Plan and Objectives

This report contains the results of testing performed to assess the emission reduction potential of two different No-bake binder systems. The test hypothesis is that the test binder system will have lower VOC and HAP emissions than a reference (baseline) No-Bake binder system. Prior to Test DZ, Ester Phenolic binder systems had not been tested at the Technikon facility. Thus, comparison to a Phenolic Urethane system was needed. Table 1-1 provides a summary of the test plans. The details of the approved test plans are included in Appendix A.

Table 1-1 Test Plan Summary

	Test Plans		
Type of Process tested	No-Bake Phenolic Urethane	No-Bake Ester Cured Phenolic	
Test Plan Number	RE100102DG	RE100121DZ	
Binder System	Delta HA TECHNISET® 20-665/23-635/17-727	Ashland Specialty Chemical Company NBE-1/NBE-2	
Metal Poured	Iron	Iron	
Casting Type	Four-cavity AFS Irregular Gear Mold		
Number of molds poured	9	11	
Test Dates	11-13-00 > 11-15-00	1/31/01 > 3/6/01	
Emissions Measured	70 organic HAPs and VOCs		
Process Parameters Measured	Total Casting, Mold and Binder Weights, Metallurgical data, % LOI, Stack Temperature, Stack Moisture Content, Stack Pressure, and Stack Volumetric Flow Rate		



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2.0 **Test Methodology**

2.1 **Description of Process and Testing Equipment**

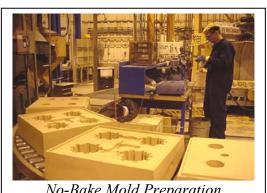
Figure 2-1 is a diagram of the Pre-Production Foundry process equipment.

Stack Binder System Stack Sampling Train Pouring, Cooling Hand Mold Mold Assembly Casting Production and Shakeout Inspection (enclosed) Casting Re-melt New Sand Induction Furnace Scrap Iron

Figure 2-1 **Pre-Production Foundry Layout Diagram**

2.2 **Description of Testing Program**

The specific steps used in this sampling program are summarized below:



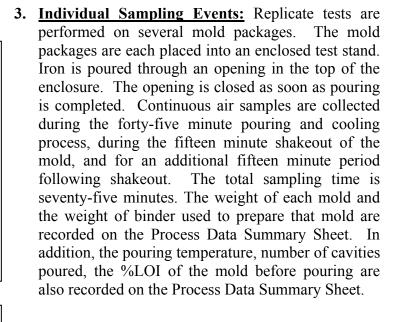
No-Bake Mold Preparation

- 1. Test Plan Review and Approval: The proposed test plan was reviewed by the Technikon staff and CTC Program Manager, and approved.
- 2. Mold and Metal Preparation: The molds are prepared to a standard composition by the Technikon production team. Relevant process data are collected during mold preparation. Iron is melted in a 1000 lb. Ajax induction furnace (Model MFB-1000). The amount of metal melted is determined from the poured weight of the casting and the number of molds to be poured.

The metal composition is prescribed by a metal composition worksheet. The weight of metal poured into each mold is recorded on the process data summary sheet.



Pouring of Molds
Through Opening in
Collection Hood





Castings after Shake Out

The unheated emission hood is ventilated at approximately 700 SCFM through a 12-inch diameter heated duct. Emissions samples are drawn from sampling ports located to ensure conformance with EPA Method 1. The tip of the probe is located in the centroid of the duct.



Volatiles and Condensables Sampling

4. <u>Process Parameter Measurements:</u> Table 2-1 lists the process parameters that are monitored during each test. The analytical equipment and methods used are also listed.

Table 2-1 Process Parameters Measured

Parameter	Analytical Equipment and Methods	
Mold Weight	Acme 4260 Crane Scale (Gravimetric)	
Casting Weight	Westweigh PP2847 Platform Scale (Gravimetric)	
Binder Weight	Mettler PJ8000 Digital Scale (Gravimetric)	
Sand Resin Tensile Strength	Dietert 405 Universal Strength Machine	
Tensile Test Bar Weight	Mettler PJ 4000 Digital Scale (Gravimetric)	
LOI, %	Denver Instruments XE-100 Analytical Scale (AFS procedure 321-87-S)	
Metallurgical Parameters		
Pouring Temperature	Electro-Nite DT 260 (T/C immersion pyrometer)	
Carbon/Silicon, and Fusion Temperature	Electro-Nite Datacast 2000 (Thermal Arrest)	
Alloy Weights	OHAUS MP-2	
Carbon/Silicon	Baird Foundry Mate Optical Emission Spectrometer	

4. <u>Air Emissions Analysis:</u> The specific sampling and analytical methods used in the Pre-Production Foundry tests are based on the US EPA reference methods shown in Table 2-2. The details of the specific testing procedures and their variance from the reference methods are included in the <u>Technikon Emissions Testing and Analytical Testing Standard Operating Procedures.</u>

Table 2-2 Sampling and Analytical Methods

Measurement Parameter	Test Method
Port location	EPA Method 1
Number of traverse points	EPA Method 1
Gas velocity and temperature	EPA Method 2
Gas density and molecular weight	EPA Method 3a
Gas moisture	EPA Method 4, gravimetric
HAPs concentration	EPA Method 18, TO11, NIOSH 2002*
VOCs concentration	EPA Method 18, 25A, TO11, NIOSH 2002*
Condensables	Technikon method **

^{*}These methods were specifically modified to meet the testing objectives of the CERP Program.

^{**}The Technikon condensables method is intended to provide a measure of the EPA Method 5 "back-half" determination.

5. Data Reduction, Tabulation and Preliminary Report Preparation: The analytical results of the emissions tests provide the mass of each analyte in the sample. The total mass of the analyte emitted is calculated by multiplying the mass of analyte in the sample times the ratio of total stack gas volume to sample volume. The total stack gas volume is calculated from the measured stack gas velocity and duct diameter, and corrected to dry standard conditions using the measured stack pressures, temperatures, gas molecular weight and moisture content. The total mass of analyte is then divided by the weight of the casting poured to provide emissions data in pounds of analyte per ton of metal.

The results of each of the sampling events are included in Appendix B of this report. The results of each test are also averaged and are shown in Table 3.1.

6. Report Preparation and Review: The Preliminary Draft Report is reviewed by the Process Team and Emissions Team to ensure its completeness, consistency with the test plan, and adherence to the prescribed QA/QC procedures. Appropriate observations, conclusions and recommendations are added to the report to produce a Draft Report. The Draft Report is reviewed by the Vice President-Measurement Technologies, the Vice President-Operations, and the Technikon President. Comments are incorporated into a draft Final Report prior to final signature approval and distribution.

2.3 Quality Assurance and Quality Control (QA/QC) Procedures

Detailed QA/QC and data validation procedures for the process parameters, stack measurements, and laboratory analytical procedures are included in the <u>Technikon Emissions Testing and Analytical Testing Standard Operating Procedures.</u> In order to ensure the timely review of critical quality control parameters, the following procedures are followed:

- Immediately following the individual sampling events performed for each test, specific process parameters are reviewed by the Manager Process Engineering to ensure that the parameters are maintained within the prescribed control ranges. Where data are not within the prescribed ranges, the Manager-Process Engineering and the Vice President of Operations determine whether the individual test samples should be invalidated or flagged for further analysis following review of the laboratory data.
- The source (stack) and sampling parameters, analytical results and corresponding laboratory QA/QC data are reviewed by the Emissions Measurement Team to confirm the validity of the data. The VP-Measurement Technologies reviews and approves the recommendation, if any, that individual sample data should be invalidated. Invalidated data are not used in subsequent calculations.

3.0 Test Results

The average emission result, in pounds per ton of metal poured, is presented in Table 3-1 for tests reported in this document. This table includes the individual VOC compounds that comprise at least 95% of the total VOCs measured, along with the corresponding sum of VOCs, sum of HAPs, and sum of POMs. The table also includes the TGOC (THC) as Propane, HC as Hexane and the percentage difference between the baseline (DG) and the test system (DZ). Percentage differences in **bold** are the result of emissions differences, not test variability. Figures 3-1, 3-2, and 3-3 represent the comparisons of the five emissions indicators and selected individual HAP and VOC emissions data from Table 3-1 in graphical form. Appendix B contains the detailed data including the results for all analytes measured. Table 3-2 includes the averages of the key process and source parameters and the data target ranges. Detailed process and source data are presented in Appendix C.

Method 25A charts for the tests are included in Appendix D of this report. The charts are presented to show the VOC profile of emissions for each pour.

The laboratory analytical data validation log for this test is maintained in the Technikon offices.

Table 3-1 Summary of Test Plan DG and DZ Average Results

Analytes	Test DG (Lb/Tn)	Test DZ (Lb/tn)	% Change From Test DG
TGOC (THC) as Propane	12.2	3.39	-72%
HC as Hexane	11.1	2.37	-79%
Sum of VOCs	4.06	0.901	-78%
Sum of HAPs	2.00	0.803	-60%
Sum of POMs	0.104	0.067	-36%
Individua	al Organic HA	Ps	
Phenol	0.942	0.121	-87%
o,m,p-Cresol	0.500	0.047	-91%
Benzene	0.299	0.318	7%
Dimethylnaphthalenes	0.086	0.001	-98%
Toluene	0.056	0.054	-2%
Formaldehyde	0.021	0.084	310%
Acetaldehyde	0.004	0.069	1582%
Methylnaphthalenes	0.018	0.050	176%
o,m,p-Xylene	0.031	0.032	0%
Propionaldehyde	0.001	0.017	2167%
Naphthalene	ND	0.015	NA
Ot	her VOCs		
Dimethylphenols	1.07	0.032	-97%
Diethylbenzenes	0.299	ND	-100%
Trimethylbenzenes	0.216	0.013	-94%
Tetradecane	0.141	ND	-100%
Butylbenzenes	0.116	ND	-100%
Dodecane	0.060	ND	-100%
Indan	0.057	ND	-100%
Undecane	0.033	ND	-100%
Trimethylphenols	ND	0.021	NA
Butyraldehyde/Methacrolein	0.021	0.013	-37%
Other Analytes			
Condensables	0.800	0.448	-44%
Carbon Monoxide	4.18	4.32	3%
Methane	0.590	0.543	-8%
Carbon Dioxide	59.3	52.2	-12%

Individual results constitute >95% of mass of all detected VOCs.

ND: Non Detect; NA: Not Applicable

All "Other Analytes" are not included in the sum of HAPs or VOCs.

Percent Change from Test DG" values in bold indicate a 95% probability that the differences in the average values were not from test variability.

Table 3-2 Summary of Test Plan DG and DZ Process and Stack Parameters

Average Process and Stack Parameters	Average of Baseline DG	Target Range for Test DG	Average of Test DZ (Iron)	Target Range for Test DZ
Casting Metal Weight, casting & sprue, lbs.	131	128 - 134	140	132 - 140
Pouring Temperature, °F	2639	2615 - 2645	2634	2615 - 2645
No Bake Mold Weight, lbs.	332	325 - 335	403	385 - 405
Resin, % BOS	N/A	N/A	1.30	1.3
Binder, % BOS	1.14	1.1	N/A	N/A
Ratio Resin to co-reactant	55/45	55/45	N/A	N/A
% Co-reactant BO Resin	N/A	N/A	25.1	25
Total Resin, true %(BO(Binder + sand))	1.12	1.07 - 1.12	1.28	1.26 - 1.33
Total Binder, true %(BO(Binder + sand))	1.17	1.14 - 1.18	1.60	1.57 - 1.62
No Bake Mold LOI, % 1400°F	1.41	1.1-1.9	0.99	1.5 - 2.5
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 2 hrs, psi	208	100 - 220	41	60 - 100
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 24 hrs at 90% RH, psi	87	40 - 100	N/D	50 - 100
Average Stack Temperature, °F	105	110 ± 50	104	110 ±15
Total Moisture Content, %				
*	0.89	N/A	1.35	N/A
Average Stack Velocity, ft./sec.	16.01	15 ± 2	16.0	15 ± 2
Avg. Stack Pressure, in. Hg	30.17	N/A	29.91	N/A
Stack Flow Rate, scfm	705	700 ± 50	695	700 ± 50

Binder (DG) = Resin = Co-reactant + catalyst

Binder (EB) = Resin + Co-reactant

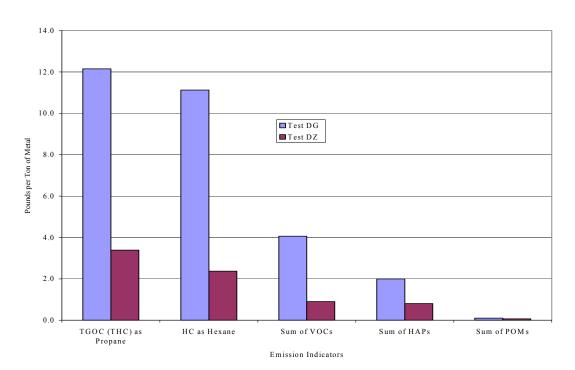
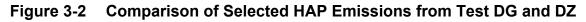
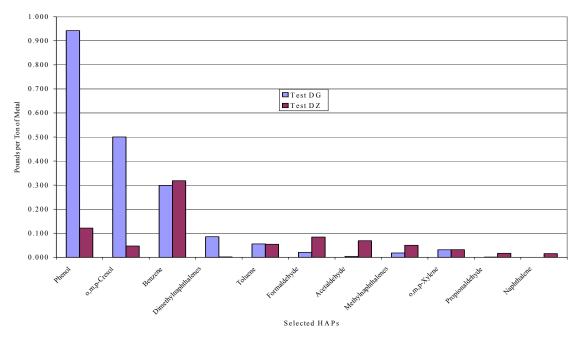
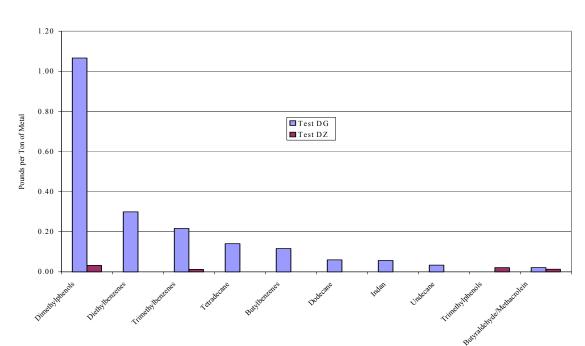


Figure 3-1 Comparison of Emission Indicators from Test DG and DZ







Selected VOCs

Figure 3-3 Comparison of Selected VOC Emissions from Test DG and DZ



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4.0 Discussion of Results

The sampling and analytical methodologies were the same for Test Plans DG and DZ.

Observation of measured process parameters indicates that the validated tests were run within an acceptable range. In Table 3-1, the "% Change from Test DG" emissions values presented in **bold** letters indicate a greater than 95% probability that the differences in the average values were not the result of variability in the test protocol determined from T-Statistic calculations. A table showing the T-Statistics calculated is found in Appendix B.

A total of 11 test pours were performed for the Test Series DZ. Seven of the test pours (Tests 1-7) were invalidated, due to process validation considerations (see Appendix C)*. The results from these test pours were not used during calculations of the reported averages.

The results of the tests performed for the comparison of Test DZ to Test DG show a 72% reduction in TGOC (THC) as propane, a 79% reduction in HC as hexane, a 78% reduction in VOCs, a 60% reduction in HAPs, and a 36% reduction in POMs.

Test DZ showed similar results for total VOCs and total HAPs. From Table 3-1, the VOCs detected that were not HAPs comprised only 8.7% of the Sum of VOCs. Benzene was found in the largest amount with phenol following next. Comparing Test DZ to Test DG, benzene increased by 7% and phenol decreased by 87%.

For the phenolic urethane system (DG), dimethylnaphthalenes comprised 82% of the total POMS and methylnaphthalenes comprised 17.4%. Naphthalene was not detected. For the ester cured phenolic binder system (DZ), dimethylnaphthalenes comprised 2.1% of the total POMs, methylnaphthalenes comprised 75%, and naphthalenes comprised 22.7%.

The chemistry of a phenolic urethane binder system is different than an ester cured phenolic binder system; therefore, different results from the two binders can be expected. The comparison of Test DZ to DG provides only a reference benchmark.

EPA Method 25A, TGOM (THC) as propane, is weighted to the detection of more volatile hydrocarbon species, beginning at C1 (methane), with results calibrated against a three-carbon alkane (propane). HC as hexane is weighted to detection of relatively less volatile compounds and detects hydrocarbon compounds in the alkane range between C6 and C16, with results calibrated against a six-carbon alkane (hexane).

*This test was conducted at a time when the mold tooling had to be rebuilt. The sand weight from the old tooling was too different to be considered a comparable test. New test binder materials were obtained but yielded dramatically different, although consistent, LOI results from those of the first tests. The LOI quality control test revealed that the LOI content of the binder in the molds was out of range, despite calibration. The results are valid, just not at the planned organic content. This fact needs to be taken into consideration when compared to reference Test DG.



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APPENDIX A APPROVED TEST PLANS FOR TEST SERIES DG AND DZ



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TECHNIKON/CERP TEST PLAN

> CONTRACT NUMBER: 1256 TASK NUMBER: 120

> CONTROL NUMBER: RE 1 00102

> SAMPLE FAMILY: DG

> SAMPLE EVENTS: 001 thru 021

> SITE: X PRE-PRODUCTION(243) CERP FOUNDRY(238)

> **TEST TYPE:** Iron: No-Bake Phenolic Urethane Baseline

> MOLD TYPE: No-Bake variable-tooth gear precision mold made with

Delta-HA Techniset® No-Bake 20-665 Part I, 23-635 Part

II, 17-727 Part III

> NUMBER OF MOLDS: 21

> CORE TYPE: N/A

> TEST DATE: START: 13 Nov 00

FINISH: 27 Dec 00

TEST OBJECTIVES:

Primary: To measure emissions from No-Bake molds, formulated for use with cast iron, and manufactured based on protocols developed in capability study CP and CW to make a No-Bake Iron baseline. The Airsense real-time spectrometer & THC analyzer will be used to monitor the test, and an outside laboratory will collect sample tubes for analysis.

VARIABLES:

Three part No-Bake resin at 1.1% resin (BOS) in the ratio of 55% Delta-HA Techniset[®] 20-665 resin, 45% Delta-HA Techniset[®] 23-635 co-reactant, and 7% (BOR Part I) Delta-HA Techniset[®] 17-727 Part III activator

BRIEF OVERVIEW:

The molds will be the standard 4-on variable-tooth gear made from Okie 90 silica sand with the above resin system. The molds will be transferred to the Pouring/cooling/shakeout hooded station used for greensand and core baselines.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

A shakeout fixture, which will promote disintegration of the No-Bake mold, shall be installed on the shakeout device. This fixture will carry the No-Bake mold and locate the pouring basin in the standard pouring position. Steel hangers will be implanted in each cavity to promote separation of castings from the no bake sand during shakeout.

Stem M Honghot	11/1/00
Manager Process Engineering	Date
(Technikon)	11-9-00
V.P. Measurement Technologies	Date
(Technikon)	
<u> </u>	11-9-22
V.P. Operations (Technikon)	Date
Harry & CHAR Emissions Feam (USCAR)	12/5/00 Date
Anno Claile	12/5/00
Process and Pacilities Team (USCAR)	Date
20 Muers	14/2/00
Project Manager (CTC)	Date ²

TECHNIKON TEST PLAN

> CONTRACT NUMBER: 1256 TASK NUMBER: 110

> **CONTROL NUMBER:** RE 1 00121

> SAMPLE FAMILY: DZ

> **SAMPLE EVENTS:** 001 thru 011

> SITE: X PRE-PRODUCTION (243) PRODUCTION(238)

> **TEST TYPE:** Ashland Phenol – Ester Phenolic, Fe, No-Bake (NBE-1

Resin, NBE-2 Catalyst) Vendor Study

> MOLD TYPE: <u>Ester Phenolic No-Bake Iron System</u>

> TEST DATE: START: 31 Jan 01

FINISH: 6 Mar 01

TEST OBJECTIVES:

Primary:

To measure emissions from No-Bake molds, formulated for use with cast iron, and manufactured based on protocols developed in capability study CP, CW, and DJ to make a Phenolic Urethane No-bake baseline against which other No-Bake tests will be compared. The total hydrocarbon analyzer will be used to monitor the test and sample tubes and bags will be collected and sent to an outside laboratory for analysis.

VARIABLES:

No-bake resin at 1.3% resin (BOS) with ester co-reactant. The amount of co-reactant is to be determined in a pretest evaluation of strip time on 70-80°F sand. Recommended co-reactant concentration is 25%.

Protocols were developed in CW and CP for making Phenolic Urethane no-bake molds. The alkaline Phenolic is a different chemical system whose physical, mechanical, and emission characteristics may not fall within the Parameters of the Phenolic Urethane test criteria.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

The THC will be used to validate whether mold has cracked before shakeout.

Ste- 71 Knight	1-71-01
Process Engineering Manager	Date
(Technikon)	
CR Howard	1-29-01
V.P. Measurement Technology	Date
(Technikon)	
ERmly	1/29/01
V.P. Operations	Date
(Technikon)	
Lan Cothell	02/22/01
Emissions Team (USCAR)	Date
Long Collett	02/22/01
Process and Facilities Team (USCAR)	Date
Project Manager (CTC)	4/25/01 Date

Series DG

Pre-Production Phenolic Urethane / Iron No-Bake Process Instructions

A. EXPERIMENT

1. Establish a Phenolic Urethane Iron No-Bake baseline that other No-Bake vendor materials will be compared.

B. Materials

- 1. No-Bake molds: Okie 90 Silica Sand and 1.1% Delta-HA Techniset ® No-Bake Phenolic-Urethane core resin composed of 20-665 part I resin, 23-635 Part II co-reactant, & 17-727 Part III activator. This resins are designed for iron applications.
- **2.** Metal: Class 30 Gray cast iron.

Note: Observe all safety precautions attendant to these operations as delineated in the Pre-Production operating and safety instruction manual.

C. MOLD REQUIREMENTS

1. Make nine (9) Phenolic No-Bake molds according standards determined in CW & CP capability studies.

D. PHENOLIC URETHANE NO-BAKE CORE SAND PREPARATION

- 1. The phenolic urethane No-Bake sand shall be 1.1% total resin (BOS), Part I/Part II ratio 55/45, Part III at 7% of Part I.
- 2. Calibrate the Kloster No-Bake sand mixer to dispense 240 pounds/min more or less.
- **3.** Calibrate the resin pumps:
 - a) Part I: Based on the actual measured sand dispensing rate calibrate the Part I resin to be 55% of 1.1% total resin or 0.605% +/- .01% (BOS).
 - **b)** Part II: Based on the actual measured sand dispensing rate calibrate the Part II coreactant to be 45 % of 1.1 % total resin or 0.495% +/- 0.01% (BOS).
 - c) Calibrate the Part III activator to be 7% +/- 0.1% of Part I.

E. DOG BONES

1. Make 24 dogbones according to the protocol establish in capability study CW. (Two (2) 12-piece sets of test dogbones using 12-on core box)

- 2. Sample the raw uncoated sand from the hopper feeding the core sand mixer, bag, label with date, time, and mold number. Send to sand lab for LOI comparison.
- 3. Place the core box on the vibrating compaction table.
- 4. Start the Kloster mixer and waste a few pounds of sand.
- 5. Flood the core box with sand then stop the mixer.
- 6. Strike off the core box to ½ inch deep
- 7. Turn on the vibrating compaction table for 15 seconds.
- **8.** Screed off most of the excess sand.
- Screed the core box a second time moving very slowly in a back and forth manner to remove all excess sand.

Note: It is important to neither gouge the sand nor leave excess sand in center neck portion of the dogbone or the test results will be affected

- **10.** Set aside for about 6-7 minutes or until hard to the touch.
- 11. Carefully remove the cores from the core box by separating the corebox components.
- 12. Place 6 bones in the 90% Rh cabinet.
- 13. Perform tensile tests on 6 bones at each of the following times after dogbone manufacture: 30 minutes, 2 hours, 24 hours, and 24 hours@ 90% Rh. Report the average and standard deviation for each set of six (6) at each time for each mold.
- **14.** Weigh each dogbone and record the weight to the nearest 0.1 grams using the PJ 4000 electronic scale at the time it is tensile tested.

Note: maintain the correlation between the reported weight of a dogbone and its tensile strength and scratch hardness.

- **15.** Run a 1400°F core LOI on three (3) of the 30- minute tensile test dogbones. Report the average value for each mold.
- **16.** Run a 1400°F core LOI on the raw uncoated sand sampled at the same time as the dogbones are made. Calculate a Core Resin LOI as the difference between the average Core LOI and raw sand core LOI. Report this value for each mold.

F. NO-BAKE MOLD MAKING: 4 ON GEAR CORE BOX

- 1. Inspect the box for cracks and other damage. Repair before use.
- 2. Prepare the core box halves with a light coating of Ashland Zipslip[®] IP 78. Allow to fully dry.
- 3. Place the drag core box on the vibrating compaction table.
- **4.** Begin filling the box.
- **5.** Immediately start the table vibration.
- **6.** Manually spread the sand around the box as it is filling.
- 7. Strike off the box until it is full.
- **8.** Allow the vibrator to run an additional 10 seconds after the box is full.
- **9.** Strike off the core box so that the core mold is 5-1/2 inches thick.

- **10.** Set the core box aside for 5 to 6 minutes or until it is hard to the touch.
- 11. Invert the box and place on a transport pallet.
- 12. Remove the pivot hole pins.
- 13. Remove the core mold half by tapping lightly on the box with a soft hammer.
- 14. Set the drag core box aside.
- **15.** Place the cope core box on the vibrating compaction table.
- **16.** Follow steps F3-F13 except that the cope mold is 5 inches thick.
- 17. Rotate the unboxed core to set it on edge.
- 18. Drill vent holes as per template.
- 19. Hand trim the pour basin to promote minimum splash and minimum cup volume.
- **20.** Close cope onto drag. Visually check for closure.
- **21.** Install two (2) steel straps, one on either side of the pouring cup, with 4 metal corner protectors each to hold the mold tightly closed.
- 22. Weigh and record the weight of the closed mold.

G. EMISSION HOOD

1. Loading

- a) Hoist the mold onto the shakeout deck fixture within the emission hood with the pouring cup side toward the furnace.
- **b)** Install the cope weighting device.
- c) Install a half inch re-rod casting hangers through the cope into each of the four riser cavities and suspend them over the horizontal mold retaining bars.
- d) Close, seal, and lock the emission hood

2. Shakeout

- a) After 45 minutes of cooling time has elapsed turn on the shakeout unit and run for 15 minutes as prescribed in the emission test plan from pouring.
- **b)** Turn off the shakeout. The emission sampling will continue for an additional 15 minutes or a total of 75 minutes
- c) Wait for the emission team to signal that they are finished sampling.
- d) Open the hood, remove the castings
- e) Clean core sand out of the pit and off the shakeout.
- f) Weigh and record cast metal weight.

H. MELTING

1. Initial charge

a) Charge the furnace according to the <u>Generic Start Up Charge for Pre-Production</u> heat recipe bearing effectivity date 18 Mar 1999.

- **b)** Place part of the steel scrap on the bottom, followed by carbon alloys, and the balance of the steel.
- c) Place a pig on top on top.
- **d)** Bring the furnace contents to the point of beginning to melt over a period of 1 hour at reduced power.
- e) Add the balance of the metallics under full power until all is melted and the temperature has reached 2600 to 2700°F.
- f) Slag the furnace and add the balance of the alloys.
- g) Raise the temperature of the melt to 2700°F and take a DataCast 2000 sample. The temperature of the primary liquidus (TPL) must be in the range of 2200-2350°F.
- h) Hold the furnace at 2500-2550°F until near ready to tap.
- i) When ready to tap raise the temperature to 2700°F and slag the furnace.
- j) Record all metallic and alloy additions to the furnace, tap temperature, and pour temperature. Record all furnace activities with an associated time.

2. Back charging

- a) If additional iron is desired back charge according to the *Generic Pre-Production Last Melt* heat recipe bearing effectivity date 18 Mar 1999.
- **b)** Charge a few pieces of steel first to make a splash barrier, followed by the carbon alloys.
- c) Follow the above steps beginning with H.1.e

3. Emptying the furnace

- a) Pig the extra metal only after the last emission measurement is complete to avoid contaminating the air sample.
- b) Cover the empty furnace with ceramic blanket to cool.

I. Pouring

1. Preheat the ladle.

- a) Tap 400 pounds more or less of 2700°F metal into the cold ladle.
- **b)** Casually pour the metal back to the furnace.
- c) Cover the ladle.
- d) Reheat the metal to $2780 + -20^{\circ}$ F.
- e) Tap 450 pounds more or less of iron into the ladle while pouring inoculating alloys onto the metal stream near its base.
- f) Cover the ladle to conserve heat.
- g) Move the ladle to the pour position, open the emission hood pour door and wait until the metal temperature reaches $2630 + 10^{\circ}$ F.
- **h)** Commence pouring keeping the sprue full.

i) Upon completion close the hood door, return the extra metal to the furnace, and cover the ladle.

William Snider For: Steven Knight Process Engineering Manager

Series DZ

Pre-Production Iron Alkaline Phenolic Cured No-Bake Process Instructions

A. Experiment:

1. A study to compare emissions from Phenol-Formaldehyde No-Bake molds to which other No-bake vender materials will be compared.

B. Materials:

- 1. No-bake molds: Wexford W450 Lakesand and 1.3% Ashland No-bake Phenol Formal-dehyde core resin composed of NBE-1 Part I resin, and NBE-2 catalyst (co-reactant). These resins are designed for iron applications.
- 2. Metal: Class 30 Gray cast iron.

Caution: Observe all safety precautions attendant to these operations as delineated in the Pre-production operating and safety instruction manual.

C. CATALYST REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The catalyst requirement for this system is not insignificant and must be recognized as one of the source material for emissions.
- **2.** Before the scheduled test date conduct a strip time determination in the sand lab at the required resin content and operating temperature. Use the minimum catalyst so determined.

D. MOLD REQUIREMENTS

- **1.** Make nine (9) Phenol Formaldehyde no-bake molds according standards determined in CW, CP, DJ capability studies.
- 2. Make the molds with a 7 inch high drag and 7 inch high cope.
- 3. Monitor the pour with the THC to detect mold cracking before shakeout.

E. Phenol - Formaldehyde No-bake Core Sand preparation:

- 1. The Phenol Formaldehyde no-bake sand shall be 1.3% total resin (BOS). The amount of catalyst shall be pre-determined in a strip time evaluation.
- 2. Use pump 1 for the resin and pump 2 for the catalyst.
- **3.** Flush the Part 1 and Part 2 pumps and lines with the Furan resin and acid catalysts respectively until only these materials come out. The part 3 pump is not used.
- 4. Calibrate the Kloster no-bake sand mixer to dispense 180 pounds/min more or less.
- **5.** Calibrate the resin pumps:

- a) Furan resin Part I: Based on the actual measured sand dispensing rate calibrate the furan resin to be 1.3% resin +/- .01% (BOS).
- **b)** Acid catalyst Part II: Calibrate the acid catalyst pump per the strip time evaluation +/-.25% of the Phenol Formaldehyde resin (Part I).

F. Dog bones:

- 1. Make 24 dogbones according to the protocol established in capability study CW.(Two (2) 12-piece sets of test dogbones using 12-on core box)
- 2. Sample the raw uncoated sand from the hopper feeding the core sand mixer, bag, label with date, time, and mold number. Send to sand lab for LOI comparison.
- **3.** Place the core box on the vibrating compaction table.
- 4. Start the Kloster mixer and waste a few pounds of sand.
- **5.** Flood the core box with sand then stop the mixer.
- 6. Strike off the core box to ½ inch deep
- 7. Turn on the vibrating compaction table for 15 seconds.
- **8.** Screed off most of the excess sand.
- **9.** Screed the core box a second time moving very slowly in a back and forth manner to remove **all** excess sand.

Note: It is important to neither gouge the sand nor leave excess sand in center neck portion of the dogbone or the test results will be affected

- 10. Set aside for a time equivalent to the pre-determined strip time or until hard to the touch.
- 11. Carefully remove the cores from the core box by separating the corebox components.
- 12. Place 6 bones in the 90% Rh cabinet.
- 13. Perform tensile tests on 6 bones at each of the following times after dogbone manufacture: 30 minutes, 2 hours, 24 hours, and 24 hours@ 90% Rh. Report the average and standard deviation for each set of six (6) at each time for each mold.
- **14.** Weigh each dogbone and record the weight to the nearest 0.1 grams using the PJ 4000 electronic scale at the time it is tensile tested.

Note: maintain the correlation between the reported weight of a dogbone and its tensile strength and scratch hardness.

- **15.** Run a 1400°F core LOI on three (3) of the 30- minute tensile test dogbones. Report the average value for each mold.
- **16.** Run a 1400°F core LOI on the raw uncoated sand sampled at the same time as the dogbones are made. Calculate a Core Resin LOI as the difference between the average Core LOI and raw sand core LOI. Report this value for each mold.

G. No-bake mold making: 4 on gear core box.

1. Inspect the box for cracks and other damage. Repair before use.

- 2. Prepare the core box halves with a light coating of Ashland Zipslip ® IP 78. Allow to fully dry.
- **3.** Place the drag core box on the vibrating compaction table.
- **4.** Begin filling the box.
- **5.** Immediately start the table vibration.
- **6.** Manually spread the sand around the box as it is filling.
- 7. Strike off the box until it is full.
- **8.** Allow the vibrator to run an additional 10 seconds after the box is full.
- **9.** Strike off the core box so that the core mold is 7 inches thick.
- **10.** Set the core box aside for 5 to 6 minutes or until it is hard to the touch.
- 11. Invert the box and place on a transport pallet.
- **12.** Remove the pivot hole pins.
- 13. Remove the core mold half by tapping lightly on the box with a soft hammer.
- 14. Set the drag core box aside.
- **15.** Place the cope core box on the vibrating compaction table.
- **16.** Follow steps G3-G13 except that the cope mold is 7 inches thick.
- 17. Rotate the unboxed core to set it on edge.
- **18.** Drill vent holes as per template.
- 19. Hand trim the pour basin to promote minimum splash and minimum cup volume.
- **20.** Close cope onto drag. Visually check for closure.
- **21.** Install two (2) steel straps, one on either side of the pouring cup, with 4 metal corner protectors each to hold the mold tightly closed.
- 22. Weigh and record the weight of the closed mold.

H. EMISSION HOOD:

1. Loading.

- a) Hoist the mold onto the shakeout deck fixture within the emission hood with the pouring cup side toward the furnace.
- **b)** Install the cope weighting device.
- c) Install a half inch re-rod casting hangers through the cope into each of the four riser cavities and suspend them over the horizontal mold retaining bars.
- d) Close, seal, and lock the emission hood

2. Shakeout.

- a) After 45 minutes of cooling time has elapsed turn on the shakeout unit and run for 15 minutes as prescribed in the emission test plan. from pouring.
- **b)** Turn off the shakeout. The emission sampling will continue for an additional 15 minutes or a total of 75 minutes
- c) Wait for the emission team to signal that they are finished sampling.
- d) Open the hood, remove the castings
- e) Clean core sand out of the pit and off the shakeout.

f) Weigh and record cast metal weight.

I. MELTING:

1. Initial charge:

- a) Charge the furnace according to the **Generic Start Up Charge for Pre-Production** heat recipe bearing effectivity date 18 Mar 1999.
- **b)** Place part of the steel scrap on the bottom, followed by carbon alloys, and the balance of the steel.
- c) Place a pig on top on top.
- **d)** Bring the furnace contents to the point of beginning to melt over a period of 1 hour at reduced power.
- e) Add the balance of the metallics under full power until all is melted and the temperature has reached 2600 to 2700°F.
- f) Slag the furnace and add the balance of the alloys.
- g) Raise the temperature of the melt to 2700°F and take a DataCast 2000 sample.
- h) The temperature of the primary liquidus (TPL) must be in the range of 2200-2350°F.
- i) Hold the furnace at 2500-2550°F until near ready to tap.
- j) When ready to tap raise the temperature to 2700°F and slag the furnace.
- **k)** Record all metallic and alloy additions to the furnace, tap temperature, and pour temperature. Record all furnace activities with an associated time.

2. Back charging.

- a) If additional iron is desired back charge according to the **Generic Pre-production** Last Melt heat recipe bearing effectivity date 18 Mar 1999.
- **b)** Charge a few pieces of steel first to make a splash barrier, followed by the carbon alloys.
- c) Follow the above steps beginning with I.1.e

3. Emptying the furnace.

- a) Pig the extra metal only after the last emission measurement is complete to avoid contaminating the air sample.
- **b)** Cover the empty furnace with ceramic blanket to cool.

J. POURING:

1. Preheat the ladle.

- a) Tap 400 pounds more or less of 2700°F metal into the cold ladle.
- **b)** Casually pour the metal back to the furnace.
- c) Cover the ladle.

- d) Reheat the metal to $2780 + -20^{\circ}$ F.
- e) Tap 450 pounds more or less of iron into the ladle while pouring inoculating alloys onto the metal stream near its base.
- f) Cover the ladle to conserve heat.
- g) Move the ladle to the pour position, open the emission hood pour door and wait until the metal temperature reaches $2630 + 10^{\circ}$ F.
- h) Commence pouring keeping the sprue full.
- i) Upon completion close the hood door, return the extra metal to the furnace, and cover the ladle.

William Snider

For:

Steven Knight

Process Engineering Manager

								te		-	
Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
11/13/00											No-Bake Iron, 1.1% Resin
EVENT 1											
AIRSENSE	DG00101										TOTAL
THC	DG00102										TOTAL
PUF	DG00118								35L		Port B
11/13/00											No-Bake Iron, 1.1% Resin
EVENT 2											
AIRSENSE	DG00201										TOTAL
THC	DG00202										TOTAL
PUF	DG00210								35L		Port B
<u> </u>											
11/13/00											No-Bake Iron, 1.1% Resin
EVENT 3											
AIRSENSE	DG00301										TOTAL
THC	DG00302										TOTAL
PUF	DG00310								35L		Port B
11/14/00											
EVENT 4											
PUF	DG004								35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
11/14/00											
EVENT 5											
AIRSENSE	DG00501	X									TOTAL
THC	DG00502	X									TOTAL
M-18	DG00503		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DG00504					1			25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DG00505		1						25	2	TOTAL
M-18	DG00506					1			25	2	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG00507		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG00508					1			25	3	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG00509		1						25	4	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG00510					1			25	4	TOTAL
EXCESS									25	5	Excess
NIOSH 1500	DG00511		1						500	6	TOTAL Orbo 32L
EXCESS									500	7	Excess
NIOSH 2002	DG00512		1						500	8	TOTAL (SKC 226-15)
EXCESS									500	9	Excess
TO11	DG00513		1						1000	10	TOTAL
TO11	DG00514					1			1000	10	TOTAL
EXCESS									1000	11	Excess
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG00515		1						35L		Port B

po	le #		le	cate		Breakthrough		Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	
Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Break	Spike	Spike	Flow	Train	Comments
11/14/00											
EVENT 7											
AIRSENSE	DG00701	X									TOTAL
THC	DG00702	X									TOTAL
M-18	DG00703		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DG00704			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG00705		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG00706			1					25	4	TOTAL
EXCESS									25	5	Excess
NIOSH 1500	DG00707		1						500	6	TOTAL Orbo 32L
EXCESS									500	7	Excess
NIOSH 2002	DG00708		1						500	8	TOTAL (SKC 226-15)
EXCESS									500	9	Excess
TO11	DG00709		1						1000	10	TOTAL
EXCESS									1000	11	Excess
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG00710		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	ta	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	ke	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	
Me	Sar	Data	Sar	Du	Bla	Bre	Spike	Spi	Flo	Tra	Comments
11/15/00											
EVENT 8											
AIRSENSE	DG00801	X									TOTAL
THC	DG00802	X									TOTAL
M-18	DG00803		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DG00804			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG00805		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG00806			1					25	4	TOTAL
EXCESS									25	5	Excess
NIOSH 1500	DG00807		1						500	6	TOTAL Orbo 32L
EXCESS									500	7	Excess
NIOSH 2002	DG00808		1						500	8	TOTAL (SKC 226-15)
EXCESS									500	9	Excess
TO11	DG00809		1						1000	10	TOTAL
EXCESS									1000	11	Excess
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG00810		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	ta	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	
W	Sal	Data	Sa	Du	Bl	Br	Sp	Sp	FIG	Tr	Comments
11/15/00											
EVENT 9											
AIRSENSE	DG00901	X									TOTAL
THC	DG00902	X									TOTAL
M-18	DG00903		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DG00904			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG00905		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG00906			1					25	4	TOTAL
EXCESS									25	5	Excess
NIOSH 1500	DG00907		1						500	6	TOTAL Orbo 32L
EXCESS									500	7	Excess
NIOSH 2002	DG00908		1						500	8	TOTAL (SKC 226-15)
EXCESS									500	9	Excess
TO11	DG00909		1						1000	10	TOTAL
EXCESS									1000	11	Excess
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG00910		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
11/15/00											
EVENT 10											
AIRSENSE	DG01001	X									TOTAL
THC	DG01002	X									TOTAL
M-18	DG01003		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DG01004			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG01005		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG01006			1					25	4	TOTAL
EXCESS									25	5	Excess
NIOSH 1500	DG01007		1						500	6	TOTAL Orbo 32L
EXCESS									500	7	Excess
NIOSH 2002	DG01008		1						500	8	TOTAL (SKC 226-15)
EXCESS									500	9	Excess
TO11	DG01009		1						1000	10	TOTAL
EXCESS									1000	11	Excess
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG01010		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
11/15/00											
EVENT 11											
AIRSENSE	DG01101	X									TOTAL
THC	DG01102	X									TOTAL
M-18	DG01103		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DG01104			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG01105		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG01106			1					25	4	TOTAL
EXCESS									25	5	Excess
NIOSH 1500	DG01107		1						500	6	TOTAL Orbo 32L
EXCESS									500	7	Excess
NIOSH 2002	DG01108		1						500	8	TOTAL (SKC 226-15)
EXCESS									500	9	Excess
TO11	DG01109		1						1000	10	TOTAL
EXCESS									1000	11	Excess
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG01110		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	
, ,	Ñ	a	S	a	В	В	S	S	Ŧ		Comments
11/16/00											
EVENT 12											
AIRSENSE	DG01201	X									TOTAL
THC	DG01202	X									TOTAL
M-18	DG01203		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DG01204			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG01205		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG01206			1					25	4	TOTAL
EXCESS									25	5	Excess
NIOSH 1500	DG01207		1						500	6	TOTAL Orbo 32L
EXCESS									500	7	Excess
NIOSH 2002	DG01208		1						500	8	TOTAL (SKC 226-15)
EXCESS									500	9	Excess
TO11	DG01209		1						1000	10	TOTAL
EXCESS									1000	11	Excess
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG01210		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
11/16/00											
EVENT 13											
AIRSENSE	DG01301	X									TOTAL
THC	DG01302	X									TOTAL
M-18	DG01303		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DG01304			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG01305		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 by MS	DG01306			1					25	4	TOTAL
EXCESS									25	5	Excess
NIOSH 1500	DG01307		1						500	6	TOTAL Orbo 32L
EXCESS									500	7	Excess
NIOSH 2002	DG01308		1						500	8	TOTAL (SKC 226-15)
EXCESS									500	9	Excess
TO11	DG01309		1						1000	10	TOTAL
EXCESS									1000	11	Excess
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG01310		1						35L		Port B
M-18	DG01311						X		25		BOTTLE - Mix 1A
M-18	DG01312						X		25		BOTTLE - Mix 1A
M-18	DG01313						X		25		TRAIN - Mix 1A
M-18	DG01314						X		25		TRAIN - Mix 1A
TO11	DG01315						X		500		BOTTLE - Mix 2
TO11	DG01316						X		500		BOTTLE - Mix 2
TO11	DG01317						X		500		TRAIN - Mix 2
TO11	DG01318						X		500		TRAIN - Mix 2

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
12/26/00											
EVENT 14											
AIRSENSE	DG01401										TOTAL
THC	DG01402	X									TOTAL
NIOSH 1500	DG01403		1						200	1	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01404		1						200	2	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01405		1						200	3	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01406		1						200	4	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
GAS,CO + CO2	DG01407		1						60	5	Bag sample to Airtoxics
NIOSH 1500	DG01408		1						200	6	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01409		1						200	7	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01410		1						200	8	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01411		1						200	9	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01412		1						200	10	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01413		1						200	11	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG01414		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	
, ,	Š	D	Š	q	B	B	S	Sı	F	T	Comments
12/26/00											
EVENT 15											
AIRSENSE	DG01501										TOTAL
THC	DG01502	X									TOTAL
NIOSH 1500	DG01503		1						200	1	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01504		1						200	2	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01505		1						200	3	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01506		1						200	4	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
GAS,CO + CO2	DG01507		1						60	5	Bag sample to Airtoxics
NIOSH 1500	DG01508		1						200	6	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01509		1						200	7	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01510		1						200	8	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01511		1						200	9	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01512		1						200	10	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01513		1						200	11	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG01514		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
12/26/00											
EVENT 16											
AIRSENSE	DG01601										TOTAL
THC	DG01602	X									TOTAL
NIOSH 1500	DG01603		1						200	1	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01604		1						200	2	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01605		1						200	3	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01606		1						200	4	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
GAS,CO + CO2	DG01607		1						60	5	Bag sample to Airtoxics
NIOSH 1500	DG01608		1						200	6	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01609		1						200	7	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01610		1						200	8	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01611		1						200	9	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01612		1						200	10	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01613		1						200	11	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG01614		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
12/26/00											
EVENT 17											
AIRSENSE	DG01701										TOTAL
THC	DG01702	X									TOTAL
NIOSH 1500	DG01703		1						200	1	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01704		1						200	2	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01705		1						200	3	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01706		1						200	4	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
GAS,CO + CO2	DG01707		1						60	5	Bag sample to Airtoxics
NIOSH 1500	DG01708		1						200	6	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01709		1						200	7	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01710		1						200	8	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01711		1						200	9	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01712		1						200	10	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01713		1						200	11	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG01714		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	
. ,	Ñ	Q	Š	q	B	В	S	S	F	L	Comments
12/27/00											
EVENT 18											
AIRSENSE	DG01801										TOTAL
THC	DG01802	X									TOTAL
NIOSH 1500	DG01803		1						200	1	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01804		1						200	2	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01805		1						200	3	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01806		1						200	4	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
GAS,CO + CO2	DG01807		1						60	5	Bag sample to Airtoxics
NIOSH 1500	DG01808		1						200	6	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01809		1						200	7	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01810		1						200	8	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01811		1						200	9	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01812		1						200	10	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01813		1						200	11	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG01814		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	
12/27/00	3 2	I	9 2	I	I	I	9 1	9 2	F		Comments
EVENT 19											
AIRSENSE	DG01901										TOTAL
THC	DG01902	X									TOTAL
NIOSH 1500	DG01903		1						200	1	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01904		1						200	2	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01905		1						200	3	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01906		1						200	4	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
GAS,CO + CO2	DG01907		1						60	5	Bag sample to Airtoxics
NIOSH 1500	DG01908		1						200	6	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01909		1						200	7	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01910		1						200	8	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01911		1						200	9	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01912		1						200	10	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG01913		1						200	11	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG01914		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	
. ,	Š.	Q	Š	D	B	B	S	SI	FI	T	Comments
12/27/00											
EVENT 20											
AIRSENSE	DG02001										TOTAL
THC	DG02002	X									TOTAL
NIOSH 1500	DG02003		1						200	1	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02004		1						200	2	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02005		1						200	3	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02006		1						200	4	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
GAS,CO + CO2	DG02007		1						60	5	Bag sample to Airtoxics
NIOSH 1500	DG02008		1						200	6	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02009		1						200	7	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02010		1						200	8	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02011		1						200	9	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02012		1						200	10	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02013		1						200	11	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG02014		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	æ	ıple	Duplicate	ık	Breakthrough	Ke	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	
Met	Sam	Data	Sample	Dup	Blank	Bre	Spike	Spil	Flov	Tra	Comments
12/27/00											
EVENT 21											
AIRSENSE	DG02101										TOTAL
THC	DG02102	X									TOTAL
NIOSH 1500	DG02103		1						200	1	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02104		1						200	2	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02105		1						200	3	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02106		1						200	4	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
GAS,CO + CO2	DG02107		1						60	5	Bag sample to Airtoxics
NIOSH 1500	DG02108		1						200	6	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02109		1						200	7	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02110		1						200	8	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02111		1						200	9	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02112		1						200	10	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
NIOSH 1500	DG02113		1						200	11	TOTAL - Orbo 32small
Moisture			1						500	12	
Excess									5000	13	Excess
PUF	DG02114		1						35L		Port B

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
1/31/01											Samples to Clayton Lab.
EVENT 1											unless noted.
THC	DZ00101	X									TOTAL
M-18	DZ00102		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DZ00103			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18	DZ00104				1				0	2	QC-Manifold Blank
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00105		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00106			1					25	4	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00107				1				0	4	QC-Manifold Blank
GAS,CO + CO2	DZ00108		1						60	5	TEDLAR BAG Sample to Airtoxics Lab.
Excess									1000	6	Excess
Excess									1000	7	Excess
TO11	DZ00109		1						750	8	Total
TO11	DZ00110				1				0	8	QC - Manifold Blank
Excess									500	9	Excess
Excess									250	10	Excess
Excess									1700	11	Excess
Moisture									500	12	EPA Method 4
Excess									2500	13	
PUF	DZ001		1						15L		Sample using opposite port

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
1/31/01											Samples to Clayton Lab.
EVENT 2											unless noted.
THC	DZ00202	X									TOTAL
M-18	DZ00203		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DZ00204			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00205		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00206			1					25	4	TOTAL
GAS,CO + CO2	DZ00207		1						60	5	TEDLAR BAG Sample to Airtoxics Lab.
Excess									1000	6	Excess
Excess									1000	7	Excess
TO11	DZ00208		1						750	8	Total
Excess									500	9	Excess
Excess									250	10	Excess
Excess									1700	11	Excess
Moisture									500	12	EPA Method 4
Excess									2500	13	
PUF	DZ002		1						15L		Sample using opposite port

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
1/31/01											Samples to Clayton Lab.
EVENT 3											unless noted.
THC	DZ00301	X									TOTAL
M-18	DZ00302		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DZ00303					1			25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DZ00304			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18	DZ00305					1			25	2	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00306		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00307					1			25	3	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00308			1					25	4	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00309					1			25	4	TOTAL
GAS,CO + CO2	DZ00310		1						60	5	TEDLAR BAG Sample to Airtoxics Lab.
Excess									1000	6	Excess
Excess									1000	7	Excess
TO11	DZ00311		1						750	8	Total
TO11	DZ00312					1			750	8	Total
Excess									500	9	Excess
Excess									250	10	Excess
Excess									1700	11	Excess
Moisture									500	12	EPA Method 4
Excess									2500	13	
PUF	DZ003		1						15L		Sample using opposite port

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
1/31/01											Samples to Clayton Lab.
EVENT 4											unless noted.
THC	DZ00402	X									TOTAL
M-18	DZ00403		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DZ00404			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00405		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00406			1					25	4	TOTAL
GAS,CO + CO2	DZ00407		1						60	5	TEDLAR BAG Sample to Airtoxics Lab.
Excess									1000	6	Excess
Excess									1000	7	Excess
TO11	DZ00408		1						750	8	Total
Excess									500	9	Excess
Excess									250	10	Excess
Excess									1700	11	Excess
Moisture									500	12	EPA Method 4
Excess									2500	13	
PUF	DZ004		1						15L		Sample using opposite port

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
2/1/01											Samples to Clayton Lab.
EVENT 5											unless noted.
AIRSENSE	DZ00501										TOTAL
THC	DZ00502	X									TOTAL
M-18	DZ00503		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DZ00504			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00505		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00506			1					25	4	TOTAL
GAS,CO + CO2	DZ00507		1						60	5	TEDLAR BAG Sample to Airtoxics Lab.
Excess									1000	6	TOTAL (SKC 226-115)
Excess									1000	7	Excess
TO11	DZ00508		1						750	8	Total
Excess									500	9	Excess
Excess									250	10	Excess
Excess									1700	11	Excess
Moisture									500	12	EPA Method 4
Excess									2500	13	
PUF	DZ005		1						15L		Sample using opposite port

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
2/1/01											Samples to Clayton Lab.
EVENT 6											unless noted.
AIRSENSE	DZ00601										TOTAL
THC	DZ00602	X									TOTAL
M-18	DZ00603		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DZ00604			1					25	2	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00605		1						25	3	TOTAL
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00606			1					25	4	TOTAL
GAS,CO + CO2	DZ00607		1						60	5	TEDLAR BAG Sample to Airtoxics Lab.
Excess									1000	6	Excess
Excess									1000	7	Excess
TO11	DZ00608		1						750	8	Total
Excess									500	9	Excess
Excess									250	10	Excess
Excess									1700	11	Excess
Moisture									500	12	EPA Method 4
Excess									2500	13	
PUF	DZ006		1						15L		Sample using opposite port

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
2/1/01											Samples to Clayton Lab.
EVENT 7											unless noted.
THC	DZ00702	X									TOTAL
M-18	DZ00703		1						25	1	TOTAL
M-18	DZ00704			1					25	2	TOTAL
Excess									25	3	Excess
Excess									25	4	Excess
Excess									60	5	Excess
Excess									1000	6	Excess
Excess									1000	7	Excess
Excess									750	8	Excess
Excess									500	9	Excess
Excess									250	10	Excess
Excess									1700	11	Excess
Excess									500	12	Excess
Excess									2500	13	Excess
PUF	DZ007		1						15L		Sample using opposite port

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
3/6/01											Samples to Clayton Lab.
EVENT 8											unless noted.
THC	DZ00801	X									TOTAL
M-18	DZ00802		1						25	1	TOTAL M-18 (FID)
M-18	DZ00803			1					25	2	DUP M-18 (FID)
M-18	DZ00804				1				0	2	Manifold Blank
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00805		1						25	3	TOTAL M-18 MS
Excess									25	4	Excess
GAS,CO + CO2	DZ00806		1						60	5	TEDLAR BAG Sample to Airtoxics Lab.
NIOSH1500	DZ00807		1						500	6	TOTAL (SKC 226-01)
NIOSH1500	DZ00808			1					500	7	DUP (SKC 226-01)
NIOSH1500	DZ00809				1				0	7	Manifold Blank
TO11	DZ00810		1						250	8	TOTAL (DNPH)
TO11	DZ00811			1					250	9	DUP (DNPH)
TO11	DZ00812				1				0	9	Manifold Blank
Excess									1000	10	Excess
Excess									1000	11	Excess
Moisture									500	12	EPA Method 4
Excess									2500	13	Excess
PUF	DZ008		1						15L		Sample using opposite port

Method	Sample #	ra e	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	ke	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	
Me	Sar	Data	Sar	nq	Bla	Bre	Spike	Spi	Flo	Tra	Comments
3/6/01											Samples to Clayton Lab.
EVENT 9											unless noted.
THC	DZ00901	X									TOTAL
M-18	DZ00902		1						25	1	TOTAL M-18 (FID)
M-18	DZ00903					1			25	1	Breakthrough M-18 (FID)
Excess									25	2	Excess
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ00904		1						25	3	TOTAL M-18 MS
Excess									25	4	Excess
GAS,CO + CO2	DZ00905		1						60	5	TEDLAR BAG Sample to Airtoxics Lab.
NIOSH1500	DZ00906		1						500	6	TOTAL (SKC 226-01)
Excess									500	7	Excess
TO11	DZ00907		1						250	8	TOTAL (DNPH)
TO11	DZ00908					1			250	8	Breakthrough (DNPH)
Excess									250	9	Excess
Excess									1000	10	Excess
Excess									1000	11	Excess
Moisture									500	12	EPA Method 4
Excess									2500	13	Excess
PUF	DZ009		1						15L		Sample using opposite port

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
3/6/01											Samples to Clayton Lab.
EVENT 10											unless noted.
THC	DZ01001	X									TOTAL
M-18	DZ01002		1						25	1	TOTAL M-18 (FID)
Excess									25	2	Excess
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ01003		1						25	3	TOTAL M-18 MS
Excess									25	4	Excess
GAS,CO + CO2	DZ01004		1						60	5	TEDLAR BAG Sample to Airtoxics Lab.
NIOSH1500	DZ01005		1						500	6	TOTAL (SKC 226-01)
Excess									500	7	Excess
TO11	DZ01006		1						250	8	TOTAL (DNPH)
Excess									250	9	Excess
Excess									1000	10	Excess
Excess									1000	11	Excess
Moisture									500	12	EPA Method 4
Excess									2500	13	Excess

Method	Sample #	Data	Sample	Duplicate	Blank	Breakthrough	Spike	Spike Duplicate	Flow (ml/min)	Train Channel	Comments
3/6/01											Samples to Clayton Lab.
EVENT 11											unless noted.
THC	DZ01101	X									TOTAL
M-18	DZ01102		1						25	1	TOTAL M-18 (FID)
Excess									25	2	Excess
M-18 MS (Quant)	DZ01103		1						25	3	TOTAL M-18 MS
Excess									25	4	Excess
GAS,CO + CO2	DZ01104		1						60	5	TEDLAR BAG Sample to Airtoxics Lab.
NIOSH1500	DZ01105		1						500	6	TOTAL (SKC 226-01)
Excess									500	7	Excess
TO11	DZ01106		1						250	8	TOTAL (DNPH)
Excess									250	9	Excess
Excess									1000	10	Excess
Excess									1000	11	Excess
Moisture									500	12	EPA Method 4
Excess									2500	13	Excess
PUF	DZ011		1						15L		Sample using opposite port
M-18	DZ01107						X		25		BOTTLE - Mix 1A
M-18	DZ01108						X		25		BOTTLE - Mix 1A
TO11	DZ01109						X		500		BOTTLE - Mix 2
TO11	DZ01110						X		500		BOTTLE - Mix 2

APPENDIX B TEST SERIES DG AND DZ DETAILED RESULT



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Test Plan DG and DZ Average Test Results with T-Statistics

Analytes	Test DG (Lb/Tn)	Test DZ (Lb/tn)	T Statistic
TGOC (THC) as Propane	12.2	3.39	31.33
HC as Hexane	11.1	2.37	29.95
Sum of VOCs	4.06	0.901	16.41
Sum of HAPs	2.00	0.803	13.74
Sum of POMs	0.104	0.067	5.30
Individua	l Organic HA	Ps	
Phenol	0.942	0.121	16.88
o,m,p-Cresol	0.500	0.047	16.10
Benzene	0.299	0.318	1.26
Dimethylnaphthalenes	0.086	0.001	14.91
Toluene	0.056	0.054	0.41
Formaldehyde	0.021	0.084	20.38
Acetaldehyde	0.004	0.069	25.69
Methylnaphthalenes	0.018	0.050	12.72
o,m,p-Xylene	0.031	0.032	0.05
Propionaldehyde	0.001	0.017	28.19
Naphthalene	ND	0.015	6.56
Ot	her VOCs		
Dimethylphenols	1.07	0.032	22.89
Diethylbenzenes	0.299	ND	4.05
Trimethylbenzenes	0.216	0.013	11.28
Tetradecane	0.141	ND	11.31
Butylbenzenes	0.116	ND	8.38
Dodecane	0.060	ND	21.05
Indan	0.057	ND	28.89
Undecane	0.033	ND	21.66
Trimethylphenols	ND	0.021	4.90
Butyraldehyde/Methacrolein	0.021	0.013	3.65
Oth	er Analytes		
Condensables	0.800	0.448	6.77
Carbon Monoxide	4.18	4.32	0.52
Methane	0.590	0.543	1.75
Carbon Dioxide	59.3	52.2	3.58

Individual results constitute >95% of mass of all detected VOCs.

ND: Non Detect

All "Other Analytes" are not included in the sum of HAPs or VOCs.

Test Plan DG Individual Test Results – Lbs/Tn Metal

POMs	HAPS	COMPOUND / SAMPLE											
PC	H	NUMBER	DG005	DG006	DG007	DG008	DG009	DG010	DG011	DG012	DG013	AVERAGE	STDEV
		Pour Date	11/14/00	11/14/00	11/14/00	11/15/00	11/15/00	11/15/00	11/15/00	11/16/00	11/16/00		
		THC as Propane	1.25E+01	1.09E+01	1.35E+01	1.26E+01	1.23E+01	1.23E+01	1.17E+01	I	1.15E+01	1.22E+01	7.85E-01
		HC as Hexane		9.92E+00						I	1.07E+01	1.11E+01	8.21E-01
		Sum of VOCs	4.08E+00	3.95E+00	4.83E+00	3.33E+00	4.40E+00	4.62E+00	3.49E+00	I	3.80E+00	4.06E+00	5.28E-01
		Sum of HAPs						2.10E+00		I	1.88E+00	2.00E+00	2.09E-01
		Sum of POMs	1.11E-01	9.14E-02	1.13E-01	8.12E-02	1.24E-01	1.31E-01	8.32E-02	I	9.43E-02	1.04E-01	1.89E-02
								ual HAPs a					
	Z	Phenol						9.46E-01	9.39E-01	I	8.34E-01	9.42E-01	1.32E-01
	Z	m,p-Cresol		4.10E-01					4.17E-01	I	4.78E-01	4.55E-01	6.02E-02
	Z	Benzene	2.85E-01		2.71E-01				3.14E-01	I	2.94E-01	2.99E-01	1.68E-02
	Z	Toluene	5.12E-02	5.02E-02				5.78E-02		I	5.17E-02	5.56E-02	5.02E-03
X	Z	1,2-Dimethylnaphthalene	4.80E-02					5.57E-02		I	4.23E-02	4.58E-02	6.55E-03
	Z	o-Cresol	3.56E-02	6.83E-02	8.54E-02					I	2.05E-02	4.58E-02	2.55E-02
	Z	m,p-Xylene	2.27E-02		2.77E-02					I	2.13E-02	2.34E-02	2.20E-03
	Z	Formaldehyde	3.17E-02		2.47E-02			9.42E-03		I	2.83E-02	2.05E-02	8.67E-03
X	Z	1,5-Dimethylnaphthalene	1.98E-02		2.05E-02		2.22E-02	2.42E-02	1.52E-02	I	1.62E-02	1.85E-02	3.72E-03
	Z	Aniline	1.57E-02	1.94E-02	2.46E-02	1.57E-02	1.64E-02	I	1.88E-02	I	1.89E-02	1.85E-02	3.13E-03
	Z	Styrene	1.40E-02	1.38E-02	1.58E-02	1.26E-02	1.48E-02	1.52E-02	1.47E-02	I	1.32E-02	1.43E-02	1.05E-03
X	Z	1,3-Dimethylnaphthalene	1.41E-02	1.26E-02	1.46E-02	1.04E-02	1.63E-02	1.69E-02	1.07E-02	I	1.20E-02	1.35E-02	2.45E-03
X	Z	2-Methylnaphthalene	1.25E-02	1.10E-02	1.26E-02	9.23E-03	1.40E-02	1.39E-02	9.27E-03	I	1.06E-02	1.16E-02	1.90E-03
	Z	o-Xylene	7.78E-03	7.42E-03	9.23E-03	7.41E-03	8.12E-03	8.75E-03	8.07E-03	I	7.42E-03	8.03E-03	6.71E-04
X	Z	1-Methylnaphthalene	6.69E-03	5.84E-03	6.94E-03					I	5.85E-03	6.46E-03	1.12E-03
	Z	Ethylbenzene	5.76E-03	5.97E-03				7.40E-03		I	5.33E-03	6.07E-03	7.76E-04
X	Z	1,6-Dimethylnaphthalene	6.37E-03	ND	7.00E-03			8.10E-03		I	5.34E-03	5.45E-03	2.50E-03
	Z	Biphenyl	4.88E-03	4.01E-03	4.78E-03	3.53E-03	5.17E-03	5.31E-03	3.53E-03	I	3.95E-03	4.40E-03	7.23E-04
	Z	Acetaldehyde	I		3.27E-03	3.68E-03	6.77E-03	2.89E-03	2.70E-03	I	5.38E-03	4.08E-03	1.48E-03
X	Z	2,3-Dimethylnaphthalene	3.22E-03	1.80E-03	3.63E-03	ND		4.28E-03	ND	I	1.88E-03	2.33E-03	1.68E-03
	Z	Acrolein	1.12E-03	8.85E-04	1.38E-03	7.09E-04	1.08E-03	3.94E-04	5.56E-04	I	1.28E-03	9.25E-04	3.51E-04
	Z	Propionaldehyde	I	7.83E-04	8.34E-04		1.01E-03	5.11E-04	4.95E-04	I	8.80E-04	7.37E-04	1.93E-04
	Z	2-Butanone	ND	1.82E-04	6.86E-04	5.93E-04	ND	9.42E-04	I	I	ND	3.43E-04	3.91E-04
	Z	Hexane	2.35E-03	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	2.93E-04	8.30E-04

POMs	HAPS	COMPOUND / SAMPLE											
PC	Ή	NUMBER	DG005	DG006	DG007	DG008	DG009	DG010	DG011	DG012		AVERAGE	STDEV
		Pour Date	11/14/00	11/14/00	11/14/00	11/15/00	11/15/00	11/15/00	11/15/00	11/16/00	11/16/00		
X	Z	1,8-Dimethylnaphthalene	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A						
X		2,3,5-Trimethylnaphthalene	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A						
X	Z	2,6-Dimethylnaphthalene	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A						
X	Z	2,7-Dimethylnaphthalene	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A						
	Z	Cumene	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A						
X	Z	Naphthalene	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A						
		N,N-Dimethylaniline	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	N/A	N/A
		2,6-Dimethylphenol	1.11E+00	1.01E+00	1.28E+00	9.58E-01	1.13E+00	1.15E+00	9.20E-01	I	9.66E-01	1.07E+00	1.24E-01
		1,2-Diethylbenzene	4.40E-01	2.36E-01	5.65E-01	7.77E-03	2.60E-01	5.24E-01	7.68E-03	I	2.57E-01	2.87E-01	2.13E-01
		1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	1.51E-01	1.39E-01	1.69E-01	1.30E-01	1.51E-01	1.46E-01	1.24E-01	I	1.26E-01	1.42E-01	1.52E-02
		Tetradecane	9.51E-02	1.72E-01	1.86E-01	1.53E-01	1.03E-01	1.05E-01	1.44E-01	I	1.67E-01	1.41E-01	3.52E-02
		Isobutylbenzene	1.44E-01	1.31E-01	6.73E-02	6.48E-02	1.52E-01	1.52E-01	1.32E-01	I	7.68E-02	1.15E-01	3.85E-02
		Dodecane	5.72E-02	5.09E-02	6.27E-02	5.29E-02	7.02E-02	7.22E-02	5.32E-02	I	5.78E-02	5.96E-02	8.01E-03
		Indan	5.68E-02	5.35E-02	6.73E-02	5.28E-02	5.87E-02	6.10E-02	5.24E-02	I	5.07E-02	5.67E-02	5.55E-03
		1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	4.02E-02	3.75E-02	4.64E-02	3.67E-02	4.57E-02	4.68E-02	4.08E-02	I	4.04E-02	4.18E-02	4.00E-03
		Undecane	3.38E-02	2.82E-02	3.83E-02	2.95E-02	3.46E-02	4.04E-02	3.00E-02	I	3.13E-02	3.33E-02	4.34E-03
		1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	5.51E-02	ND	ND	2.55E-02	ND	1.32E-01	ND	I	4.51E-02	3.23E-02	4.61E-02
		Indene	3.84E-02	3.60E-02	2.07E-02	1.24E-02	3.89E-02	2.17E-02	2.76E-02	I	2.62E-02	2.77E-02	9.49E-03
		Butyraldehyde/Methacrolien	3.14E-02	2.21E-02	I	1.82E-02	1.93E-02	1.74E-02	1.38E-02	I	2.62E-02	2.12E-02	5.94E-03
		1,3-Diethylbenzene	ND	ND	1.35E-02	4.64E-02	ND	1.34E-02	ND	I	2.15E-02	1.19E-02	1.63E-02
		1,3-Diisopropylbenzene	9.80E-03	4.29E-03	9.29E-03	8.11E-03	9.21E-03	9.49E-03	8.42E-03	I	8.10E-03	8.34E-03	1.76E-03
		Tridecane	6.87E-03	7.66E-03	6.97E-03	5.53E-03	8.30E-03	7.95E-03	5.37E-03	I	6.27E-03	6.86E-03	1.09E-03
		2-Ethyltoluene	3.61E-03	5.13E-03	9.52E-03	3.12E-03	1.07E-02	6.65E-03	4.01E-03	I	5.78E-03	6.06E-03	2.76E-03
		Benzaldehyde	5.63E-03	4.09E-03	5.84E-03	2.99E-03	4.62E-03	2.66E-03	2.52E-03	I	5.42E-03	4.22E-03	1.37E-03
		o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	4.16E-03	2.96E-03	3.42E-03	1.96E-03	3.46E-03	1.71E-03	1.62E-03	I	3.65E-03	2.87E-03	9.75E-04
		Decane	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.11E-02	ND	ND	I	ND	1.38E-03	3.91E-03
		sec-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.02E-03	2.93E-03	ND	I	1.49E-03	9.30E-04	1.36E-03
		Pentanal	ND	ND	7.92E-04	ND	3.28E-03	2.75E-04	ND	I	ND	5.44E-04	1.14E-03
		2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A						
		1,4-Diethylbenzene	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A						

POMs	HAPS	COMPOUND / SAMPLE NUMBER	DG005	DG006	DG007	DG008	DG009	DG010	DG011	DG012	DG013	AVERAGE	STDEV
		Pour Date	11/14/00	11/14/00	11/14/00	11/15/00	11/15/00	11/15/00	11/15/00	11/16/00	11/16/00		
		2,3,5-Trimethylphenol	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		2,3-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		2,4,6-Trimethylphenol	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		2,5-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		3,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		3,5-Dimethylphenol	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		3-Ethyltoluene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		4-Ethyltoluene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
X		Acenaphthalene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		a-Methylstyrene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		Anthracene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		Crotonaldehyde	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		Cyclohexane	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		Heptane	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		Hexaldehyde	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		Nonane	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		n-Propylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		Octane	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		p-Cymene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
		tert-Butylbenzene	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	I	ND	N/A	N/A
							0	ther Analy	ytes				
		Acetone	I	1.24E-03	5.64E-04	1.72E-03	1.77E-03	1.70E-03	1.52E-03	I	1.45E-03	1.42E-03	4.21E-04
		Condensables	NT	8.85E-01	I	7.87E-01	8.08E-01	9.10E-01	6.73E-01	7.12E-01	8.26E-01	8.00E-01	8.56E-02

COMPOUND / SAMPLE NUMBER	DG018	DG019	DG020	DG021	AVERAGE	STDEV
Pour Date	12/27/00	12/27/00	12/27/00	12/27/00		
			Other Analytes (c	ontinued)		
Carbon Monoxide	3.74E+00	4.71E+00	4.27E+00	4.02E+00	4.18E+00	4.13E-01
Methane	5.50E-01	6.40E-01	6.52E-01	5.17E-01	5.90E-01	6.63E-02
Carbon Dioxide	6.05E+01	6.11E+01	6.14E+01	5.42E+01	5.93E+01	3.40E+00
Ethane	ND	ND	ND	ND	N/A	N/A
Propane	ND	ND	ND	ND	N/A	N/A
Isobutane	ND	ND	ND	ND	N/A	N/A
Butane	ND	ND	ND	ND	N/A	N/A
Neopentane	ND	ND	ND	ND	N/A	N/A
Isopentane	ND	ND	ND	ND	N/A	N/A
Pentane	ND	ND	ND	ND	N/A	N/A

I: Data was rejected based on data validation considerations.

N/A: Not Applicable; NT: Not Tested

All "Other Analytes" are not included in the sum of HAPs or VOCs.

	1			Tiun DE									
POMs	HAPs	COMPOUND / SAMPLE NUMBER	DZ002	DZ003	DZ004	DZ005	DZ006	DZ008	DZ009	DZ010	DZ011	Average	STDEV
		Pour Dates	1/31/01	1/31/01	1/31/01	2/1/01	2/1/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	3/6/01		
		TGOC (THC) as Propane	I	I	I	I	I	3.43E+00	3.44E+00	3.30E+00	3.39E+00	3.39E+00	6.63E-02
		HC as Hexane	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	2.27E+00	2.39E+00	2.39E+00	2.44E+00	2.37E+00	7.06E-02
		Sum of VOCs	I	I	I	Ι	I	8.13E-01	9.85E-01	8.24E-01	9.80E-01	9.01E-01	9.49E-02
		Sum of HAPs	I	I	I	Ι	I	7.34E-01	8.61E-01	7.15E-01	9.01E-01	8.03E-01	9.23E-02
		Sum of POMs	I	I	I	I	I	6.37E-02	7.21E-02	6.29E-02	6.76E-02	6.66E-02	4.23E-03
					Indiv	idual HAI	es and VO	Cs					
	X	Benzene	I	I	I	I	I	2.92E-01	3.40E-01	2.95E-01	3.46E-01	3.18E-01	2.87E-02
	X	Phenol	I	I	I	I	I	8.60E-02	1.35E-01	1.14E-01	1.49E-01	1.21E-01	2.75E-02
	X	Formaldehyde	I	I	I	I	I	8.30E-02	8.43E-02	I	8.55E-02	8.43E-02	1.25E-03
	X	Acetaldehyde	I	I	I	I	I	6.33E-02	6.56E-02	7.35E-02	7.19E-02	6.85E-02	4.91E-03
	X	Toluene	I	I	I	I	I	5.15E-02	5.63E-02	4.97E-02	5.99E-02	5.44E-02	4.64E-03
Z	X	1-Methylnaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	5.23E-02	4.82E-02	4.28E-02	3.97E-02	4.58E-02	5.63E-03
	X	o-Cresol	I	I	I	I	I	2.30E-02	4.30E-02	3.61E-02	5.15E-02	3.84E-02	1.20E-02
	X	m,p-Xylene	I	I	I	I	I	2.54E-02	3.11E-02	2.66E-02	3.41E-02	2.93E-02	4.00E-03
	X	Propionaldehyde	I	I	I	I	I	1.55E-02	1.63E-02	1.81E-02	1.69E-02	1.67E-02	1.12E-03
Z	X	Naphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	8.82E-03	1.76E-02	1.49E-02	1.94E-02	1.52E-02	4.63E-03
	X	m,p-Cresol	I	I	I	I	I	1.24E-02	I	2.06E-02	ND	1.10E-02	1.04E-02
	X	2-Butanone	I	I	I	I	I	8.37E-03	7.58E-03	8.77E-03	7.67E-03	8.10E-03	5.72E-04
	X	Acrolein	I	I	I	I	I	4.52E-03	5.02E-03	5.57E-03	5.72E-03	5.21E-03	5.47E-04
Z	X	2-Methylnaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	2.53E-03	4.59E-03	3.81E-03	5.99E-03	4.23E-03	1.45E-03
	X	o-Xylene	I	I	I	I	I	1.90E-03	2.47E-03	2.04E-03	2.56E-03	2.24E-03	3.22E-04
	X	Ethylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	2.62E-03	2.03E-03	2.84E-03	1.87E-03	1.29E-03
Z	X	1,3-Dimethylnaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	1.76E-03	1.43E-03	2.52E-03	1.43E-03	1.06E-03
	X	Styrene	I	I	I	I	I	3.26E-03	ND	ND	ND	8.16E-04	1.63E-03
	X	Hexane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Z	X	1,2-Dimethylnaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Z	X	1,5-Dimethylnaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA

POMs	HAPs	COMPOUND / SAMPLE NUMBER	DZ002	DZ003	DZ004	DZ005	DZ006	DZ008	DZ009	DZ010	DZ011	Average	STDEV
		Pour Dates	1/31/01	1/31/01	1/31/01	2/1/01	2/1/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	3/6/01		
Z	X	1,6-Dimethylnaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Z	X	1,8-Dimethylnaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Z	X	2,3,5-Trimethylnaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Z	X	2,3-Dimethylnaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Z	X	2,6-Dimethylnaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Z	X	2,7-Dimethylnaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
Z	X	Acenaphthalene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
	X	Biphenyl	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
	X	Cumene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		2,4-Dimethylphenol	I	I	I	I	I	2.24E-02	5.17E-02	4.28E-02	I	3.90E-02	1.50E-02
		2,4,6-Trimethylphenol	I	I	I	I	I	9.20E-03	2.55E-02	2.00E-02	2.84E-02	2.08E-02	8.47E-03
		Butyraldehyde/Methacrolein	I	I	I	I	I	1.21E-02	1.28E-02	1.46E-02	1.36E-02	1.33E-02	1.07E-03
		1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	7.39E-03	1.08E-02	8.81E-03	1.28E-02	9.94E-03	2.34E-03
		Pentanal	I	I	I	I	I	9.66E-03	9.11E-03	9.46E-03	8.34E-03	9.14E-03	5.80E-04
		Benzaldehyde	I	I	I	I	I	5.22E-03	4.40E-03	4.91E-03	4.69E-03	4.80E-03	3.49E-04
		2,6-Dimethylphenol	I	I	I	I	I	1.18E-02	ND	ND	ND	2.95E-03	5.91E-03
		Indene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	3.48E-03	3.03E-03	4.02E-03	2.63E-03	1.80E-03
		1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	3.80E-03	2.28E-03	4.25E-03	2.58E-03	1.92E-03
		Hexaldehyde	I	I	I	I	I	1.46E-03	1.69E-03	2.02E-03	1.86E-03	1.76E-03	2.41E-04
		Crotonaldehyde	I	I	I	I	I	ND	8.83E-04	9.38E-04	9.04E-04	6.81E-04	4.55E-04
		2,5-Dimethylphenol	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		o,m,p-Tolualdehyde	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		1,2-Diethylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		1,3-Diethylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		1,3-Diisopropylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		1,4-Diethylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA

POMs	HAPs	COMPOUND / SAMPLE NUMBER	DZ002	DZ003	DZ004	DZ005	DZ006	DZ008	DZ009	DZ010	DZ011	Average	STDEV
		Pour Dates	1/31/01	1/31/01	1/31/01	2/1/01	2/1/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	Average	SIDEV
		2,3,5-Trimethylphenol	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		2,3-Dimethylphenol	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		2-Ethyltoluene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		3,4-Dimethylphenol	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		3,5-Dimethylphenol	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		3-Ethyltoluene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		4-Ethyltoluene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		a-Methylstyrene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Anthracene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Butylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Cyclohexane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Decane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Dodecane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Heptane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Indan	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Isobutylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Nonane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		n-Propylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Octane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		p-Cymene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		sec-Butylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		tert-Butylbenzene	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Tetradecane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Tridecane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
		Undecane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	ND	NA	NA
						Other A	nalytes		<u> </u>			î	
		Condensables	I	I	I	I	I	5.65E-01	4.27E-01	4.37E-01	3.63E-01	4.48E-01	8.46E-02

POMs	HAPs	COMPOUND / SAMPLE NUMBER	DZ002	DZ003	DZ004	DZ005	DZ006	DZ008	DZ009	DZ010	DZ011	Average	STDEV
		Pour Dates	1/31/01	1/31/01	1/31/01	2/1/01	2/1/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	3/6/01		
		Acetone	I	I	I	I	I	9.98E-03	1.01E-02	1.13E-02	1.06E-02	1.05E-02	6.11E-04
		Carbon Monoxide	I	I	I	I	I	4.84E+00	3.99E+00	4.14E+00	I	4.32E+00	4.55E-01
		Methane	I	I	I	I	I	5.73E-01	5.24E-01	5.32E-01	I	5.43E-01	2.60E-02
		Carbon Dioxide	I	I	I	I	I	5.51E+01	5.26E+01	4.88E+01	I	5.22E+01	3.20E+00
		Ethane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	I	NA	NA
		Propane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	I	NA	NA
		Isobutane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	I	NA	NA
		Butane	I	I	I	Ι	I	ND	ND	ND	I	NA	NA
		Neopentane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	I	NA	NA
		Isopentane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	I	NA	NA
		Pentane	I	I	I	I	I	ND	ND	ND	I	NA	NA

I: Data rejected based on validation considerations.

ND: Non Detect; NA: Not Applicable; NT: Not Tested

All "Other Analytes" are not included in the Sum of HAPs or VOCs.



APPENDIX C TEST SERIES DG AND DZ DETAILED PROCESS AND SOURCE DATA



Test DG Process and Source Data

Description	DG001	DG002	DG003	DG004	DG005	DG006	DG007	DG008	DG009
	11/13/00	11/13/00	11/13/00	11/14/00	11/14/00	11/14/00	11/14/00	11/15/00	11/15/00
Casting Metal Weight, lbs. (Note 1)	132	130	111	134	136	138	123	130	129
Total No Bake Mold Weight, lbs.	332	333	339	326	329	332	334	333	334
Total Binder Weight including catalyst, lbs	3.813	3.824	3.893	4.003	4.040	4.076	4.101	3.775	3.786
No. Cavities Poured (four-on gears)	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
No Bake Mold LOI, % 1400°F	1.24	1.23	1.17	1.49	1.25	1.39	1.23	1.52	1.68
Pouring Temperature, °F	2640	2638	2635	2626	2636	2640	2622	2636	2638
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 30 min., psi	115.00	109.67	86.67	102.67	123.67	103.67	87.00	129	82.83
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 2 hrs, psi	151.00	147.83	145.00	209.67	198.33	200.33	203.67	237.33	200.50
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 24 hrs, psi	181.17	182.17	196.67	274.83	239.33	221.17	239.00	200.67	179.17
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 24 hrs at 90% RH, psi	61.50	61.00	62.00	64.83	64.17	107.17	105.50	73.00	85.17
Sand Flow Rate, lbs / 15 seconds	58.60	58.60	58.60	55.00	55.00	55.00	55.00	59.50	59.50
(Resin + co-reactant), % BOS	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.10	1.10
Resin, grams	160.40	160.40	160.40	161.90	161.90	161.90	161.90	163.50	163.50
Co-reactant, grams	137.20	137.20	137.20	137.10	137.10	137.10	137.10	134.50	134.50
Catalyst, BO Resin, grams	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.40	11.40	11.40	11.40	11.70	11.70
Total Binder, true % BO(Binder + Sand)	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.23	1.13	1.13
Total (Resin + co-reactant), true % BO(Binder + sand)	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.18	1.09	1.09
Average Stack Temperature, °F	-	-	_	-	105	109	111	97	104
Total Moisture Content, %	-	-	-	-	0.94	0.98	0.94	0.78	0.78
Average Stack Velocity, ft./sec.	-	-	_	-	15.90	15.90	15.90	16.20	15.80
Avg. Stack Pressure, in. Hg	-	-	-	-	30.14	30.10	30.09	30.24	30.23
Stack Flow Rate, scfm	-	-	-	-	697	693	693	727	699
Total Hydrocarbon, (Note 4) ppm	-	-	-	-	144.5	128.9	142.1	133.6	134.2
THC variation100*(DG00x-DG(ave.)) / DG(ave) %	-	-	-	-	9.82	-2.04	7.99	1.53	1.99

BO = Based On ()

Binder = Resin + Co-reactant + Catalyst

Binder fraction = binder including catalyst(lbs)/(sand + binder including catalyst(lbs)). Binder fraction x mold weight used in mold = Total Binder Weight including catalyst.

Example: (0.6808/(58.6 + 0.6808)) = 0.0114. 0.0114x 332 = 3.785 (lbs binder per mold) 1.1% No Bake resin DG001-013

Example: (0.6637/(58.5 + 0.6637))=0.0112. 0.0112 x 324=3.635 (lbs binder /mold) 1.1% No Bake resin DG018-021

- NOTE 1: Casting metal used is Iron. Rebar hangers excluded from casting weight.
- NOTE 2: Dog Bone Tensile Strength values are the average of six samples.
- NOTE 3: No stack data for tests DG001-004 was recorded, therefore, these tests will not be used for comparisons.
- NOTE 4: Test pours DG014 and DG017 were run-outs. DG015, no hangers were installed and DG016 was mfr'd incorrectly.
- NOTE 5: Castings DG003, DG007, DG019 and DG020 had shorter than average pour sprues.
- NOTE 6: Tests DG018, DG020 and DG021 will not be used in the comparison averages due to LOI, Dogbone tensile strength value, & THC variations.
- NOTE 7: Tests in bold type are used for the report comparison.
- NOTE 8: DG012 will not be used because there is no LOI data.

Test DG Process and Source Data

													Average
													of
													DG001-
Description	DG010	DG011		DG013	DG014		DG016	DG017		DG019	DG020	DG021	021
						12/26/01	12/26/01				12/27/00		
Casting Metal Weight, lbs. (Note 1)	132	134	132	131	124	-	-	138	133	127	124	136	130
Total No Bake Mold Weight, lbs.	334	332	330	333	332	327	-	327	325	324	314	321	330
Total Binder Weight including catalyst, lbs	3.786	3.763	3.822	3.857	3.821	3.763	-	3.763	3.646	3.634	3.522	3.601	3.814
No. Cavities Poured (four-on gears)	4	4	4	4	4	4	-	4	4	4	4	4	4
No Bake Mold LOI, % 1400°F	1.35	1.46	ND	1.64	-	-	-	-	0.99	1.16	0.97	1.22	1.31
Pouring Temperature, °F	2658	2631	2628	2636	2632	2636	-	2626	2622	2652	2622	2640	2635
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 30 min., psi	103.00	78.67	85.50	129.67	-	-	-	-	35.83	84.67	72.50	89.83	95.29
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 2 hrs, psi	242.00	212.17	256.50	234.17	-	-	-	-	95.17	145.33	124.83	122.83	183.92
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 24 hrs, psi	260.17	186.67	241.17	240.33	-	-	-	-	207.50	207.00	191.67	163.83	212.50
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 24 hrs at 90% RH, psi	80.33	104.67	86.17	96.00	-	-	-	-	68.83	63.67	61.83	49.00	76.17
Sand Flow Rate, lbs / 15 seconds	59.50	59.50	59.00	59.00	58.50	58.50	58.50	58.50	58.50	58.50	58.50	58.50	58.09
(Resin + co-reactant), % BOS	1.10	1.10	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.13	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.13
Resin, grams	163.50	163.50	161.50	161.50	162.90	162.90	162.90	162.90	156.90	156.90	156.90	156.90	161.19
Co-reactant, grams	134.50	134.50	140.40	140.40	136.10	136.10	136.10	136.10	134.00	134.00	134.00	134.00	136.15
Catalyst, BO Resin, grams	11.70	11.70	12.00	12.00	10.20	10.20	10.20	10.20	10.40	10.40	10.40	10.40	11.11
Total Binder, true % BO(Binder + Sand)	1.13	1.13	1.16	1.16	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.15	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.16
Total (Resin + co-reactant) true% BO(Binder + sand)	1.09	1.09	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.08	1.11
Average Stack Temperature, °F	107	108	97	101	99	101	-	-	99	106	111	111	104
Total Moisture Content, %	0.89	0.97	0.74	0.79	0.92	0.97	-	-	0.86	0.92	0.92	0.9	0.89
Average Stack Velocity, ft./sec.	16.40	16.40	15.70	15.80	15.70	15.80	-	-	15.70	15.80	15.90	16.40	15.95
Avg. Stack Pressure, in. Hg	30.19	30.15	30.12	30.12	30.31	30.28	-	-	30.35	30.30	30.31	30.26	30.21
Stack Flow Rate, scfm	719	718	703	700	702	701	-	-	703	698	695	718	704
Total Hydrocarbon, (Note 4) ppm	134.3	129.4	-	127.8	-	-	-	-	119.9	136.6	142.5	105.2	131.6
THC variation100*(DG00x-DG(ave.))/DG(ave) %	2.06	-1.66	-	-2.88	-	-	-	-	-8.88	3.81	8.30	-20.05	-
BO = Based On ()	Binder =	Resin + Co	-reactant + C	'atalyst									

Binder = Resin + Co-reactant + Catalyst

Binder fraction = binder including catalyst(lbs)/(sand + binder including catalyst(lbs)). Binder fraction x mold weight used in mold = Total Binder Weight including catalyst.

Example: (0..6637/(58.5 + 0.6637)) = 0.0112. $0.0112 \times 324 = 3.635$ (lbs binder per mold) 1.1% No Bake resin DG018-021

NOTE 1: Casting metal used is Iron. Rebar hangers excluded from casting weight.

NOTE 2: Dog Bone Tensile Strength values are the average of six samples.

NOTE 3: No stack data for tests DG001-004 was recorded, therefore, these tests will not be used for comparisons.

NOTE 4: Test pours DG014 and DG017 were run-outs. DG015, no hangers were installed and DG016 was mfr'd incorrectly.

NOTE 5: Castings DG003, DG007, DG019 and DG020 had shorter than average pour sprues.

NOTE 6: Tests DG018, DG020 and DG021 will not be used in the comparison averages due to LOI, Dogbone tensile strength value, & THC variations.

NOTE 7: Tests in bold type are used for the report comparison.

NOTE 8: DG012 will not be used because there is no LOI data.

Test DZ Process and Source Data

Description	DZ001	DZ002	DZ003	DZ004	DZ005	DZ006	DZ007	DZ008	DZ009	DZ010	DZ011	Averages	Averages
	1/31/01	1/31/01	1/31/01	1/31/01	2/1/01	2/1/01	2/1/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	3/6/01	all	for Report
Casting Metal Weight, lbs. (Note 1)	N/D	148	130	145	140	134	Note 6	134	140	143	141	139	140
Total No Bake Mold Weight, lbs.	443	448	449	446	366	371	318	401	409	401	402	405	403
Total Binder Weight including catalyst, lbs	7.078	7.158	7.173	7.126	5.831	5.910	5.066	6.415	6.543	6.415	6.431	6.47	6.45
No. Cavities Poured (four-on gear)	N/D	4	4	4	4	4	-	4	4	4	4	4	4
No Bake Mold LOI, % 1400°F	1.54	1.54	1.55	1.53	1.60	1.59	1.34	1.03	1.05	1.01	0.86	1.33	0.99
Pouring Temperature, °F	2640	2640	2637	2620	2630	2633	2635	2638	2621	2641	2634	2634	2634
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 30 min., psi	26	40	41	38	30	43	37	21	27	28	21	32	24
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 2 hrs, psi	66	73	80	84	ND	ND	ND	35	42	43	44	58	41
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 24 hrs, psi	102	117	110	106	117	118	94	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	109	N/D
Dog Bone Tensile Strength 24 hrs at 90% RH, psi	87	68	70	82	91	84	64	N/D	N/D	N/D	N/D	78	N/D
Sand Flow Rate, lbs / 15 seconds	48.50	48.50	48.50	48.50	47.50	47.50	47.50	47.20	47.20	47.20	47.20	47.75	47.20
Resin, % BOS	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.29	1.29	1.29	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30	1.30
Resin, grams	286.00	286.00	286.00	286.00	278.70	278.70	278.70	278.50	278.50	278.50	278.50	281.28	278.50
Co-reactant, grams	71.50	71.50	71.50	71.50	70.40	70.40	70.40	69.90	69.90	69.90	69.90	70.62	69.90
Catalyst (contained in Co-reactant)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0
Co-reactant, BO Resin, %	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.3	25.3	25.3	25.1	25.1	25.1	25.1	25.11	25.10
Total Binder, true %(BO(resin + co-reactant + sand))	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.59	1.59	1.59	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60	1.60
Total Resin, true %(BO(resin + coreactant + sand))	1.28	1.28	1.28	1.28	1.27	1.27	1.27	1.28	1.28	1.28	1.28	1.28	1.28
Average Stack Temperature, °F	-	98	102	100	99	102	-	98	103	107	109	102	104
Total Moisture Content, %	-	0.74	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.77	-	1.27	1.32	1.38	1.44	1.02	1.35
Average Stack Velocity, ft./sec.	-	15.7	15.8	16.0	15.7	16.0	-	15.8	16.2	16.0	16.0	15.9	16.0
Avg. Stack Pressure, in. Hg	-	30.33	30.33	30.26	30.35	30.39	-	29.87	29.92	29.92	29.94	30.15	29.91
Stack Flow Rate, scfm		705	702	714	704	714	-	696	705	690	689	702	695
Binder = Resin + Co-reactant	BO = Based	l on ()											

Total binder weight including catalyst = Binder weight per lb of sand x Total No Bake mold weight.

Binder weight per lb of sand = (Binder (parts 1&2) (gms) / 454 (gms/lb)) / (binder (parts 1&2) (gms) / 454 (gms/lbs) + sand(lbs)).

Example: (0.7875)(lbs Binder)) / (0.7875 (lbs Binder) + 48.50 (lbs sand)) = 0.0160 (lbs binder / lb of sand). 0.0160 x 443 = 7.078 (lbs binder per mold) 1.3% No Bake resin EB001- 011

NOTE 1: Casting metal used is Iron.

NOTE 2: Dog Bone Tensile Strength values are the average of six samples.

NOTE 3: ND means no data available.

NOTE: 4 DZ001-004 mold height is 14" (7" cope & drag), DZ005-006 mold height is 12" (5" cope and 7" drag) and new tooling pattern was used. All were dis-qualified due to mold weight and height.

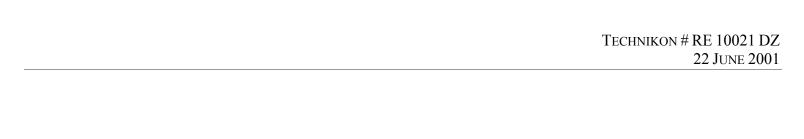
NOTE: 5 Test DZ001 was stopped due to run-out.

NOTE: 7 All mold copes had to be pried loose of the castings, using a pry bar, at the conclusion of the test.

NOTE: 8 Tests DZ001-007 and DZ010-011 @ 1400° F; DZ008-009 @ 1050° F. Method changed to eliminate carbonate decomposition error factor. Duplicate runs at 1050° F and 1400° F were the same \pm 1%.

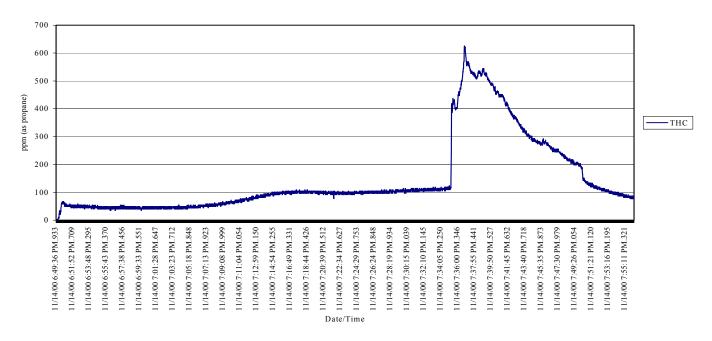
NOTE 9: Total binder weight variation is caused by mold height variation. See NOTE 4.

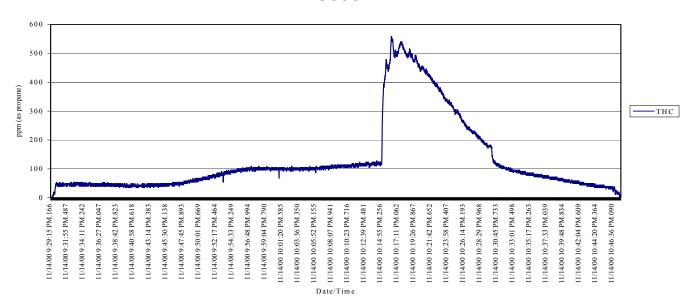
NOTE 10: DZ008-011. Different batch of resin which had less LOI content than as received. Tests are usable but the LOI content is different than the test plan.

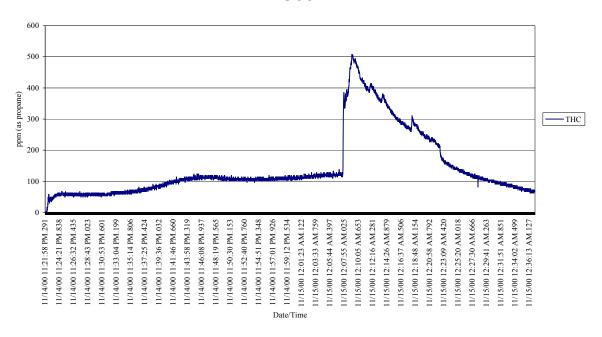


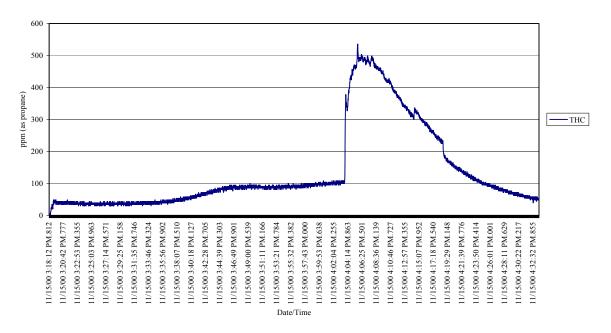
APPENDIX D METHOD 25A CHARTS

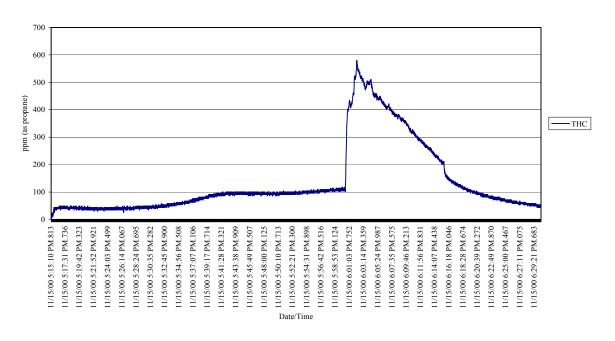


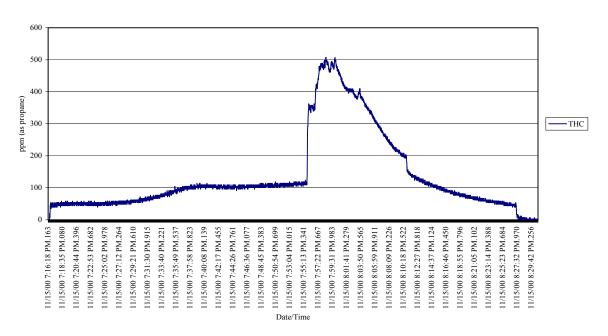


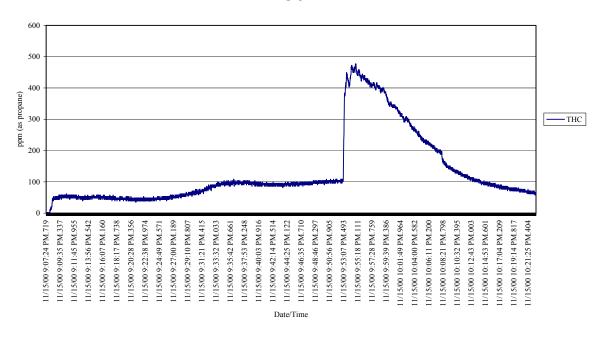


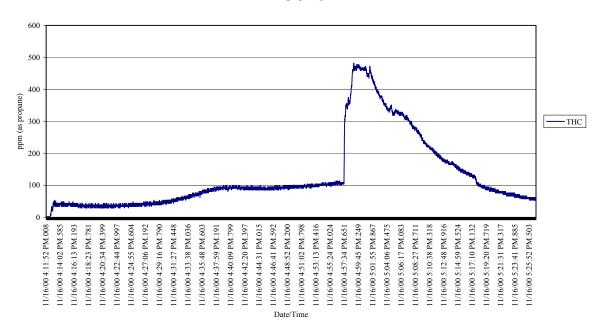




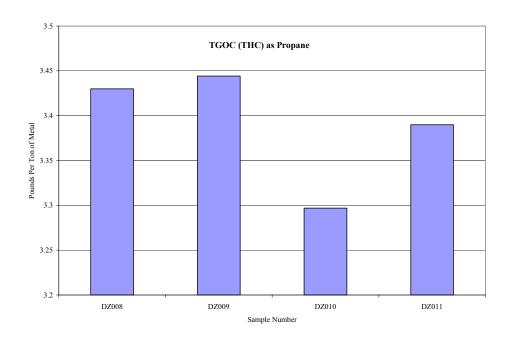




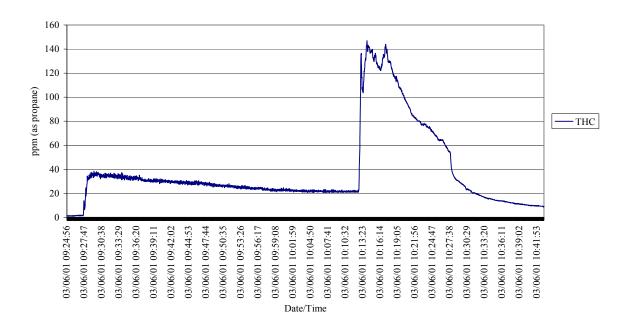




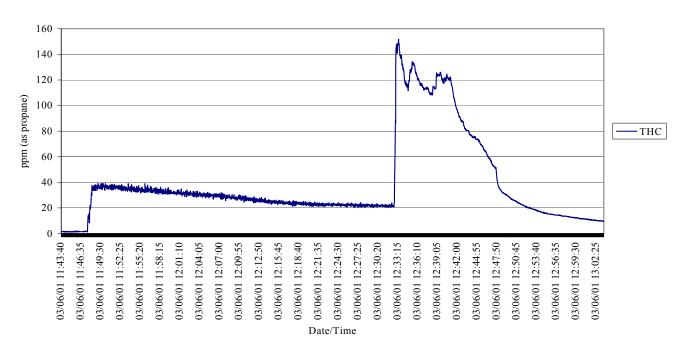
Test Series DZ - TGOC (THC) as Propane



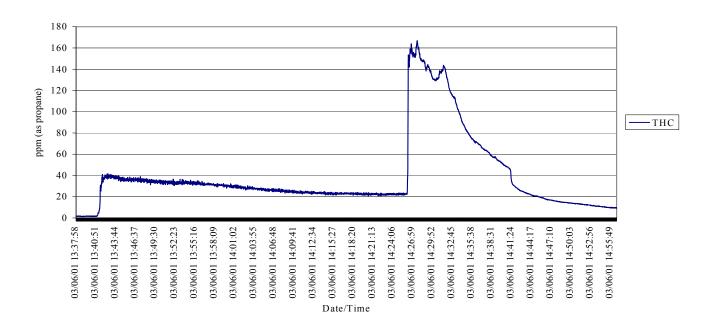
DZ008



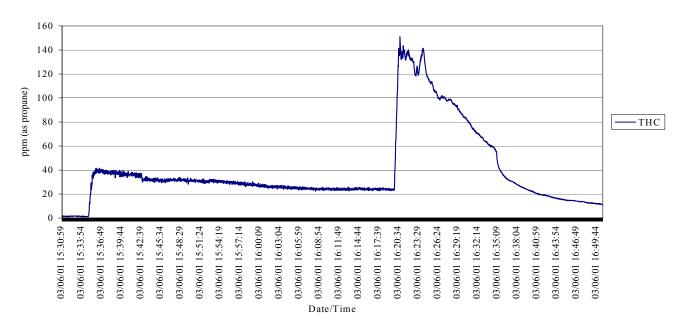
DZ009



DZ010



DZ011





APPENDIX E LISTING OF SUPPORT DOCUMENTS



Listing of Support Documents

The following documents contain specific test results, procedures, and documentation used in support of this Test Plan

- 1. <u>Casting Emission Reduction Program Foundry Product Testing Guide: Reducing Emissions by Comparative Testing</u>, May 4, 1998.
- 2. Technikon Emissions Testing and Analytical Testing Standard Operating Procedures.
- 3. Emission Baseline Test Results for the CERP Pre-Production Foundry Processes.
- 4. Evaluation of the Required Number of Replicate Tests to Provide Statistically Significant Air Emission Reduction Comparisons for the CERP Pre-Production Foundry Test Program.



APPENDIX F GLOSSARY



Glossary

t-Test

The calculated T statistic, Ts, is compared against a table value. The table value is a function of the sample size and on the level of confidence desired. For tests with nine sample values each, the T value associated with a confidence level of 95% is 2.12. Calculated values of Ts greater than or equal to this value would indicate that there is 95% or better probability that the differences between the two test series were not the result of test variability.

ND Non Detect, No Data

NT Lab testing was not done on this analyte.

ane

LOI

HC as **Hex-** Calculated by the summation of all area between elution of Hexane through the elution of Hexadecane. The quantity of HC is performed against a five-point calibration curve of Hexane by dividing the total area count from C6 through C16 to the area of Hexane from the initial calibration curve.

Polycyclic Organic Matter (POM) including Naphthalene and other compounds **POM** that contain more than one benzene ring and have a boiling point greater than or equal to 100 degrees Celsius.

Loss of Ignition. LOI represents the change in weight of a sample expressed as % of the original dry weight as a consequence of combustion in air at the test temperature of 1400°F

Part 1 plus Part 2 plus Part 3 Binder

Resin Part 1

Co-Reactant Part 2

Part 3 Catalyst

Based On () BO

BOS Based On Sand