

# The Design Engineer's Role in the Casting Supply Chain

**Bruce Willson** 

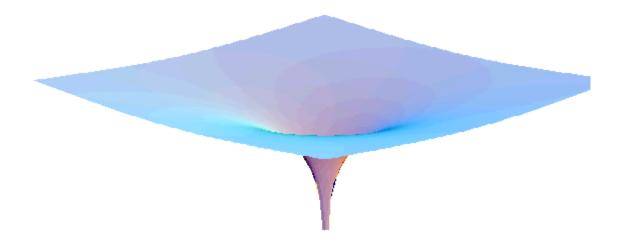




http://www.ofalloncasting.com/

### ∞ Definition of an Engineer

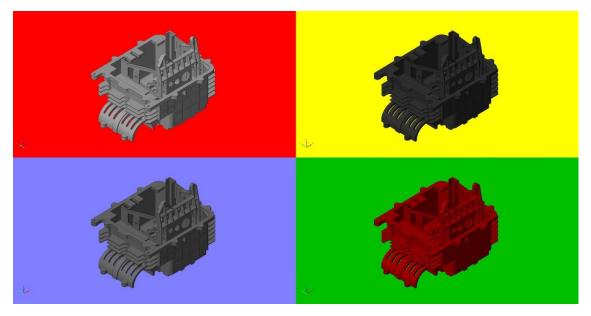
- Someone who knows almost everything
- About almost nothing





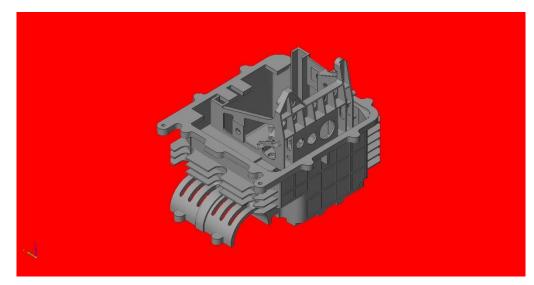
70 – 95% of total Product Cost is the result of Design Decisions.

- Manufacturability
- Availability
- Reliability
- Inventory
- Administrative costs
- Affordability





Premise: Castings present a cost effective solution for the manufacture of complex Near Net shapes that reduce Part Count and improve the affordability, manufacturability and reliability of the end product



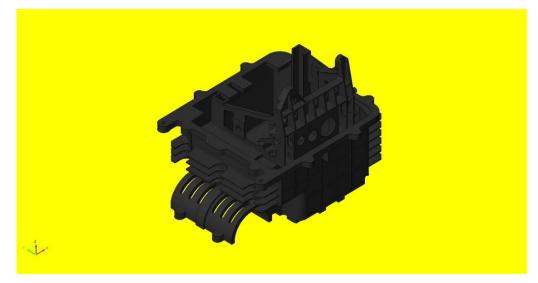
Successful casting design requires some specialized expertise and an appreciation for the strengths and weaknesses of the foundry process.



Provide an Overview of the Investment Casting Process

Explore Investment Casting Strengths & Weaknesses

Develop an Understanding of The Design Engineer's Role





## **Casting Processes – American Foundry Society**

#### Sand Casting Processes

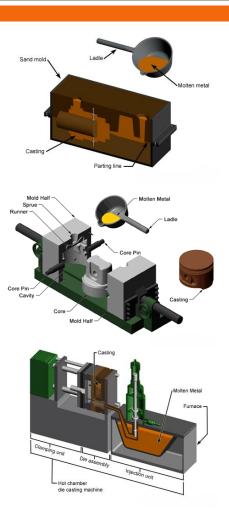
- Green Sand
- Chemically Bonded Sand
  - Gas Catalyzed / Coldbox Systems
  - Shell Process
  - Nobake / Airset Systems
- Unbonded Sand
  - Lost Foam
  - V-Process

#### Permanent Mold Processes

- Die Casting
- Permanent Mold Casting (Gravity Diecasting)
- Low-Pressure / Vacuum Permanent Mold Casting

#### 50 Ceramic & Plaster Processes

- Investment Casting
- Ceramic Molding
- Plaster Molding





# <sup>50</sup> The Investment Casting Process is divided into two main branches which differ by their ceramic molding method.

**Solid Mold Process** - Wax Pattern Assemblies are suspended within a "casing" which is filled with a ceramic "investment". Once the investment is dry the Solid Mold may be fired and cast.

The Solid Mold process was the prevalent Investment Casting method prior to the advent of the Shell Process in the 1970's and remains in use today to manufacture castings of intricate detail



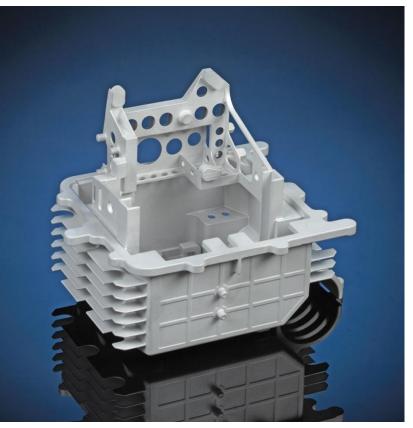
**Shell Process** – Wax Pattern Assemblies are repeatedly dipped into vats of ceramic slurry and sand to form a shell. The shell is then dried, fired & cast.

The Shell Process and provides economies in material usage and eliminates the need for a casing.





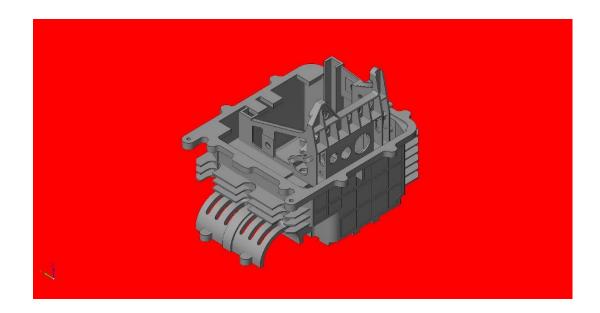
- Definition: Investment Casting is a foundry process by which a cast metal part is produced from a ceramic (investment) mold that has been formed by a disposable (wax or plastic) pattern.
- Investment Casting is sometimes also known as Lost Wax Casting or as Precision Casting.
- The American Foundry Society has identified 255 U.S. Investment Casting foundries.\*



AFS/MCDP -2013 Casting of the Year

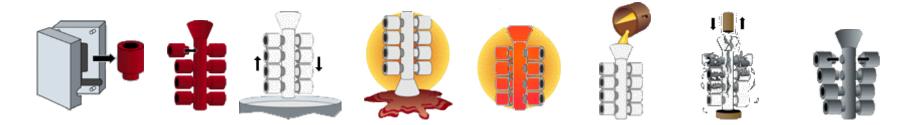


### **The Investment Casting Process**





#### 50 Eight basic steps to Manufacture an Investment Casting

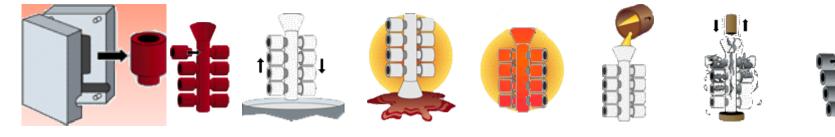


http://www.investmentcasting.org/video.asp





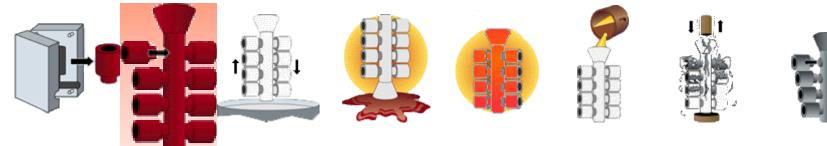
#### Step 1: Produce a disposable (wax) pattern from mold







### Step 2: Assemble multiple patterns to gating system



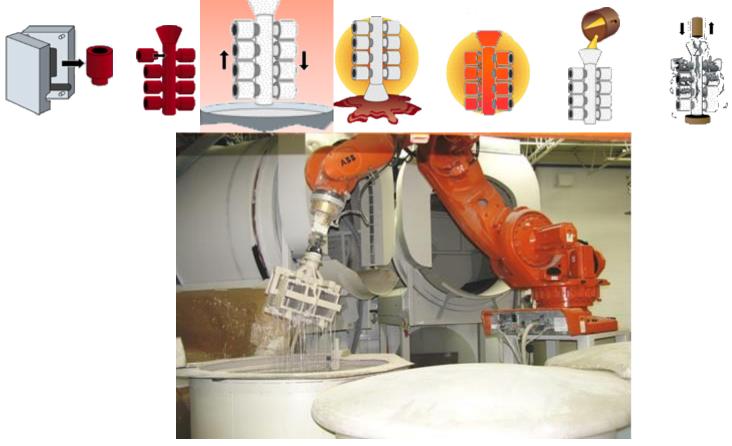


Wax Pattern Assembly

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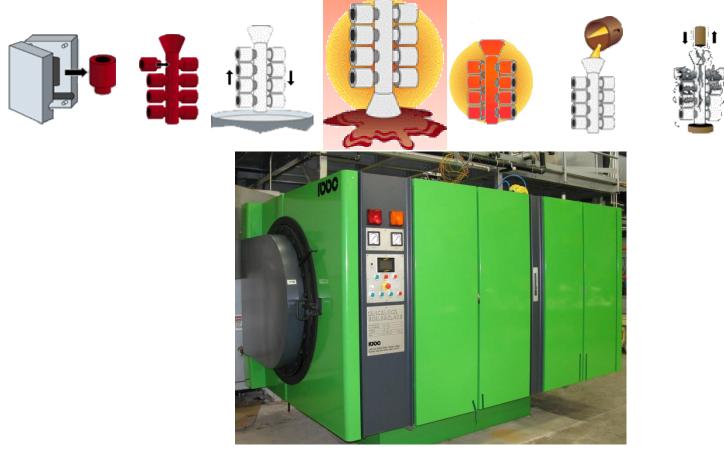
### Step 3: Form Ceramic Shell around Wax Assembly

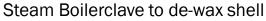


Layer of Ceramic Shell being applied by robot



### Step 4: De-Wax Ceramic Shell

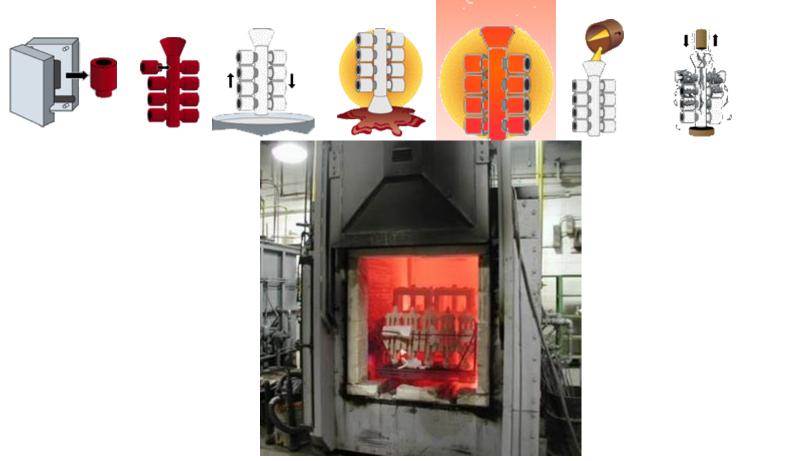








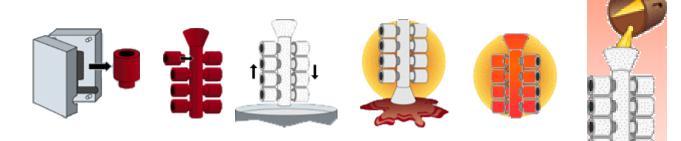
### Step 5: Fire the Ceramic Shell







#### Step 6: Cast metal into fired Ceramic Shell







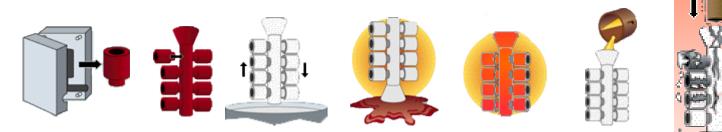
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Casting Ceramic Shell from Ladle



#### Step 7: Remove Ceramic Shell from solidified metal

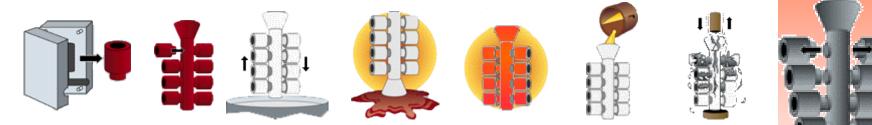




Removing Ceramic with Water Blast



#### Step 8: Separate Castings from runner system





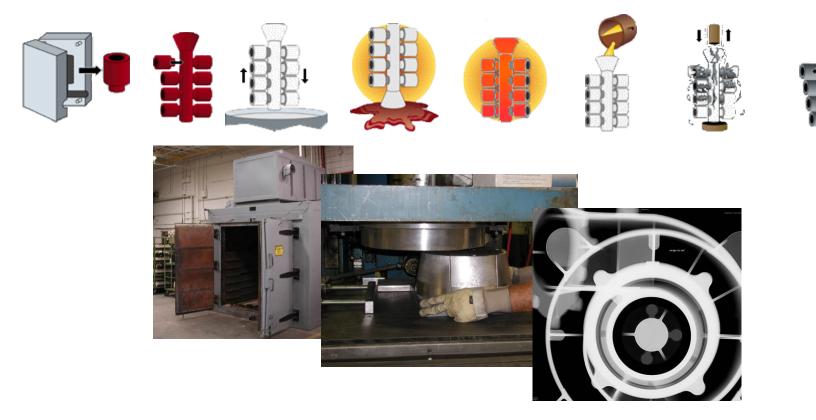
Cut-off operation with band saw

Gate Grinding



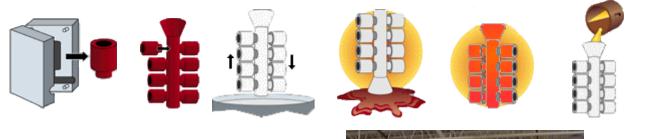


#### <sup>80</sup> With Aluminum castings there are additional operations:





### ∞ Solution Anneal (T4)





Anneal Oven & Quench Tank

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#### Restore Straightness



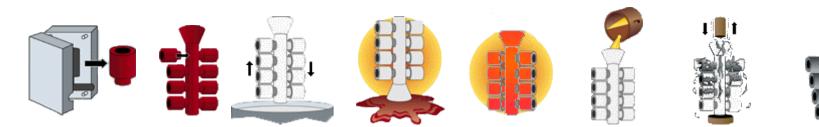


Straightening



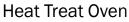


### no Artificial Aging (T6)

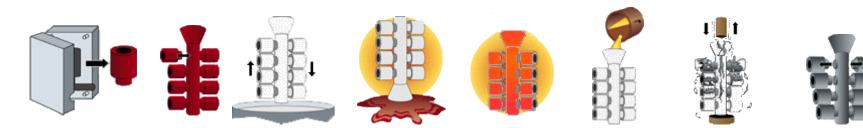


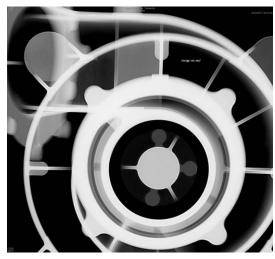






### 50 Final Inspection

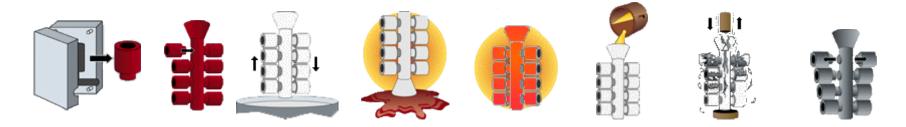




X-Ray Image (digital)



50 Eight basic steps to Manufacture an Investment Casting



For the majority of process steps Investment Castings are handled as SPRUES and not as individual PARTS.

Process is less sensitive to part configuration





# **Investment Casting Strengths**

### 50 Complexity at Incremental Cost

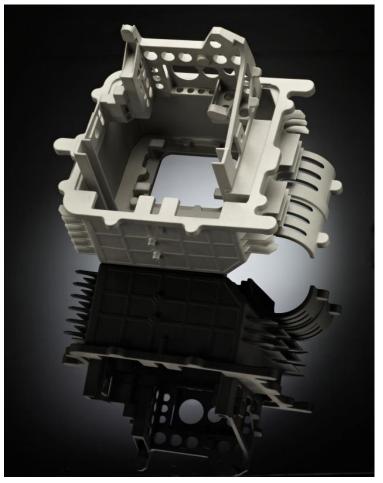
- Combine multiple pieces into one
- Reproduce fine detail
  - Contours and rounded surfaces
  - Undercuts

### 🔊 Near Net Shape

- Minimize secondary operations
- Minimal stock allowance

### 🔊 Design Freedom

- No draft angle
- Internal configuration
- 50 Low Initial Investment
  - Moderate tooling costs



American Foundry Society 2013 – "Casting of the Year"

afs



## **Investment Casting Weaknesses**

### **Multiple Process Steps**

- More Labor Intensive Process
- Higher per Unit Cost

### ∞ Long Cycle Time

 Approximately 3-weeks from pattern injection to shipping

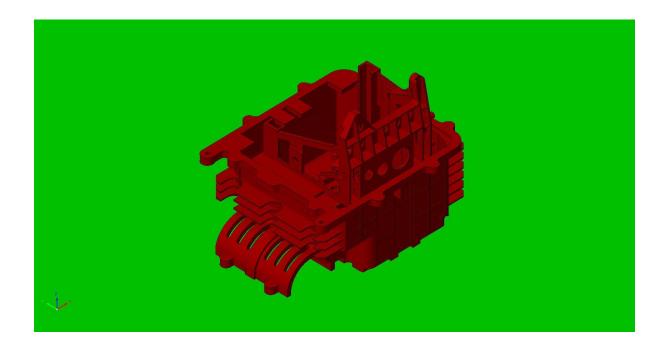


American Foundry Society 2013 – "Casting of the Year"

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### **Characteristics of Investment Casting**





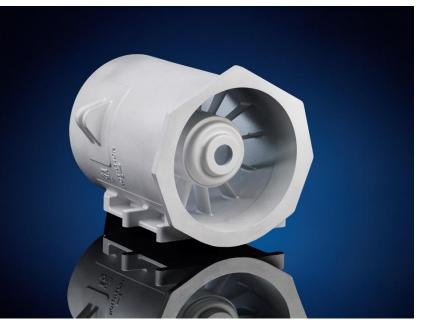
### **Characteristics of a Potential Investment Casting**

#### n Alloy Machinability

- Near Net Shape
- Reduced Secondary Machining

#### Eliminate Assembly & Fabrication

- Reduction of Part Count
- 🔊 Light Weight
  - Optimum wall .070 .120"
- So Cosmetic Appearance
  - 60 200 RMS
- Precision Tolerances
  - ±.005 inch per inch



2014 – AFS/MCDP Casting of the Year - Honorable Mention



# **Typical Nonferrous Applications**

n Electronic Boxes & Chassis

Part Count Reduction

note Fluid Flow

Near Net Shape

Optics Housings
Thin wall to reduce weight

Microwave Bends
Near Net Shape









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# **Investment Casting Cost Drivers**

#### 5 Size of Part

• Determines the number of parts per sprue

### ∞ Configuration of Part

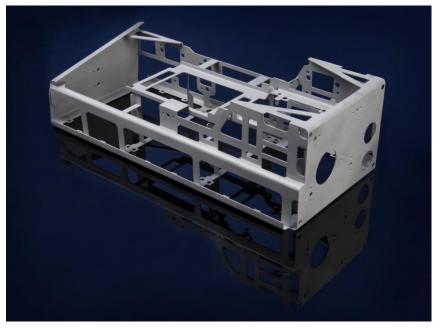
- Drives the number of gates
- Contributes to scrap & rework

#### Inspection Requirements

- Radiography
- Physical Property Testing

#### Premium Tolerances

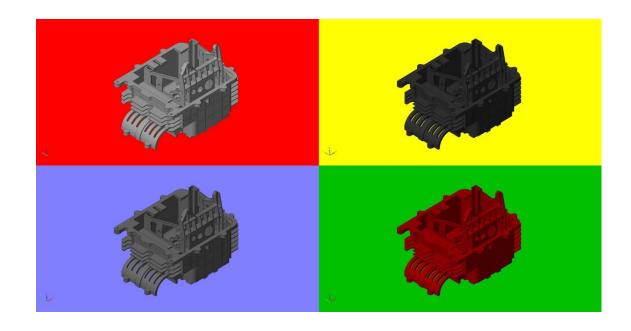
Can Increase labor content



2014 – ICI Aerospace Casting of the Year



70 – 95% of total Product Cost is the result of Design Decisions.

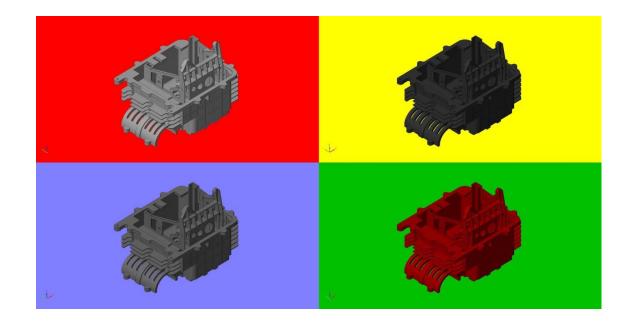


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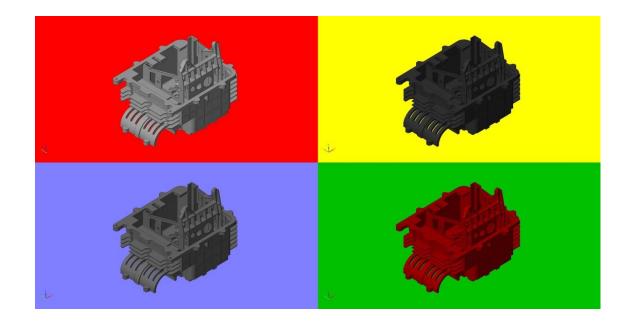
Manufacturability
Manufactured with predictable yields?





70 – 95% of total Product Cost is the result of Design Decisions.

- Manufacturability
- Availability Can the product be delivered when you need it?



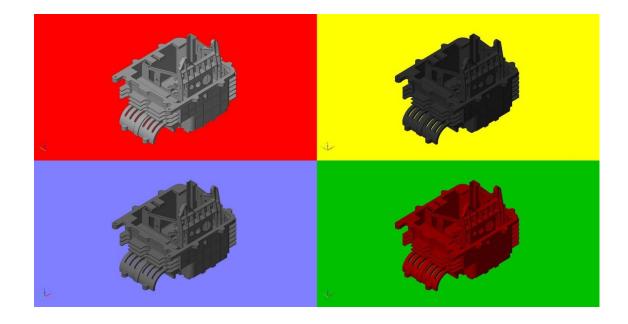


70 – 95% of total Product Cost is the result of Design Decisions.

- Manufacturability
- Availability

•

Reliability Is the product "Good" when you receive it?

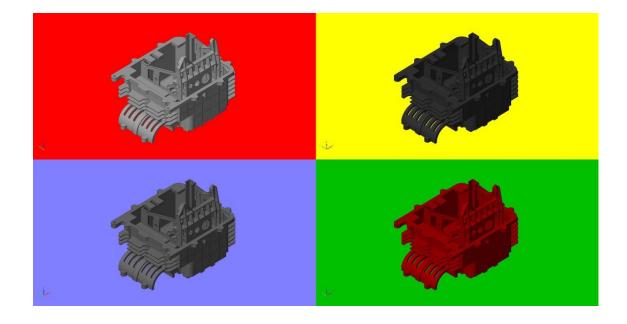




70 – 95% of total Product Cost is the result of Design Decisions.

- Manufacturability
- Availability
- Reliability

Inventory Did you receive all the needed parts for the assembly?



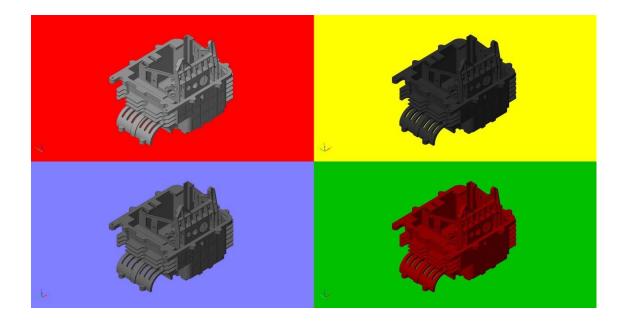


70 – 95% of total Product Cost is the result of Design Decisions.

- Manufacturability
- Availability
- Reliability
- Inventory
- Administrative costs

The costs of shortages & rejects?

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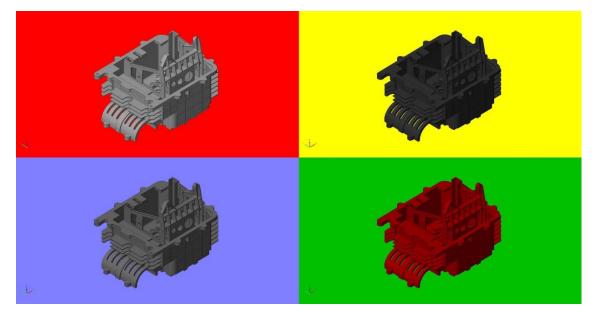




70 – 95% of total Product Cost is the result of Design Decisions.

- Manufacturability
- Availability
- Reliability
- Inventory
- Administrative costs
- Affordability Excess costs effect your price, profit and reputation.

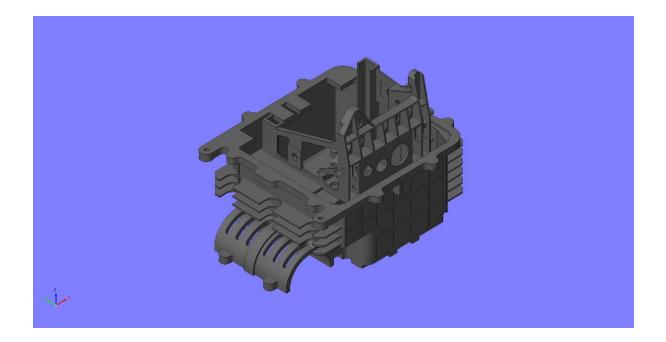
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#### 50 The High Cost of Part Count

• The fewer parts - the more Affordable an engineered Assembly



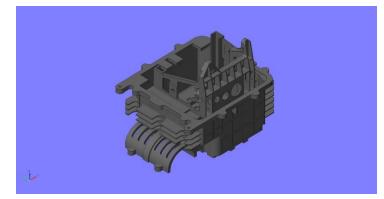


Castings, and in particular Investment Castings, are an effective method to reduce the total Part Count of an engineered assembly.

- 🔊 Part Design
  - Checking & Approval
  - Document & Data Control
  - Make / Buy Decision
- Procurement
  - Requisitions
  - Purchase Orders
  - Expedites
  - Surveillance
- 6 Manufacturing
  - Tooling
  - Planning
  - Inspection

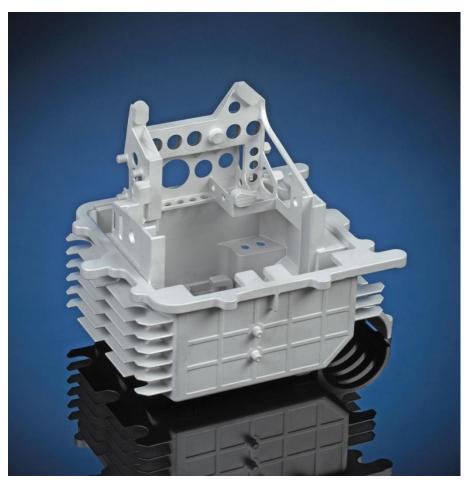
#### Receiving

- Incoming Inspection
- Shipping & Receiving
- Inventory
- Cost of Quality
- so Assembly
  - Risks of Assembly failure
  - Warranty costs



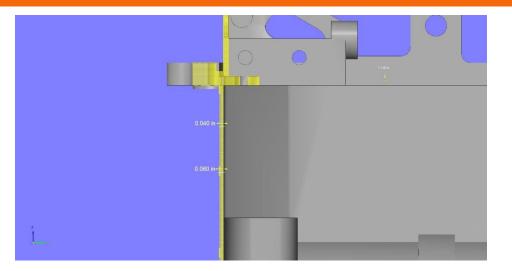


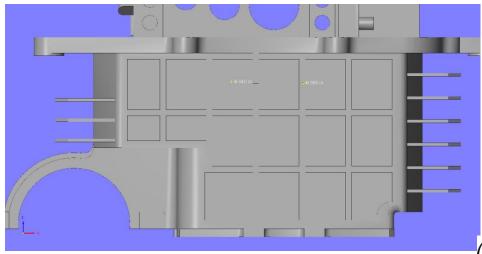
#### AFS / MCDP - 2013 Casting of the Year





- n Lightweight
  - 7.5" x 7.5" x 10"
  - 20 Ounces
  - .040 Wall Thickness
  - .060 Ribs for Stiffness

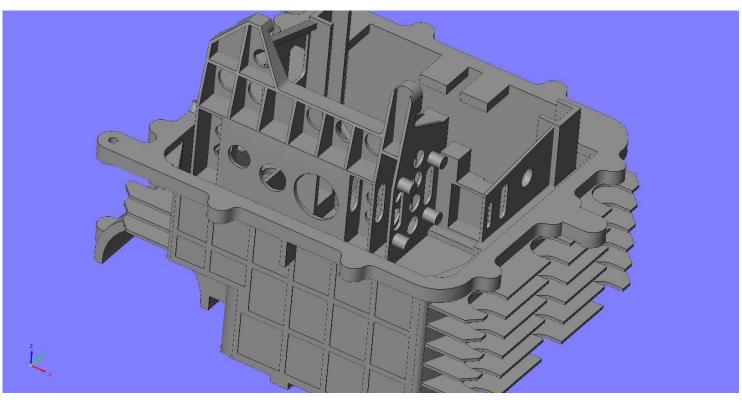






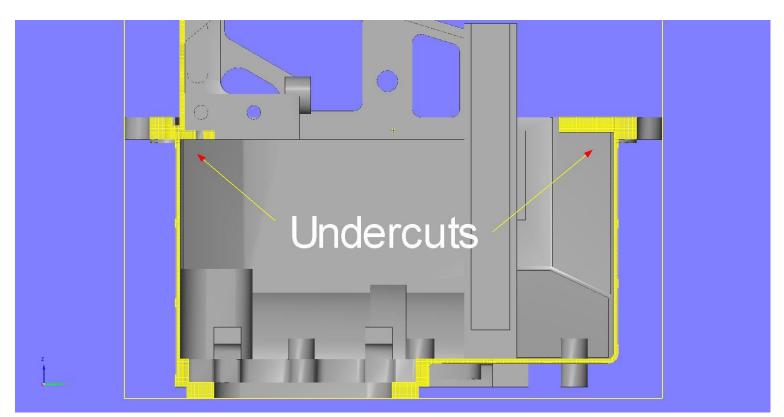
#### 🔊 Lightweight

- Lightening Pockets
- Lightening Holes & Slots





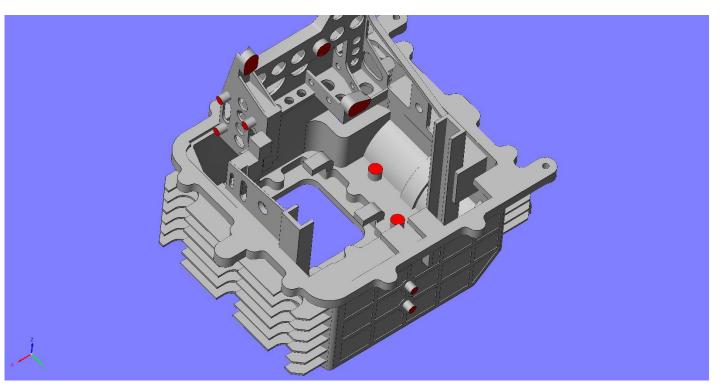
- n Lightweight
  - Undercuts





#### Reduced Part Count

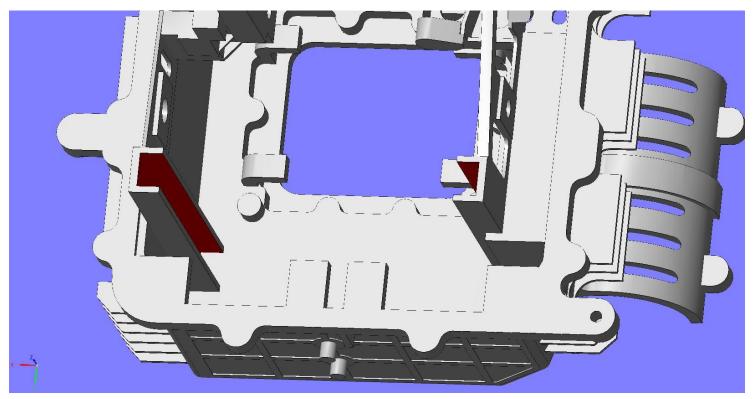
- Mounting Bosses raised
- Minimizes Secondary Machining





#### Reduced Part Count

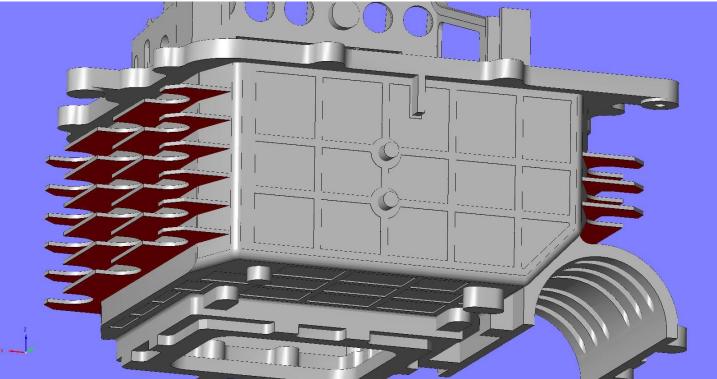
Card Guide Slots





#### Reduced Part Count

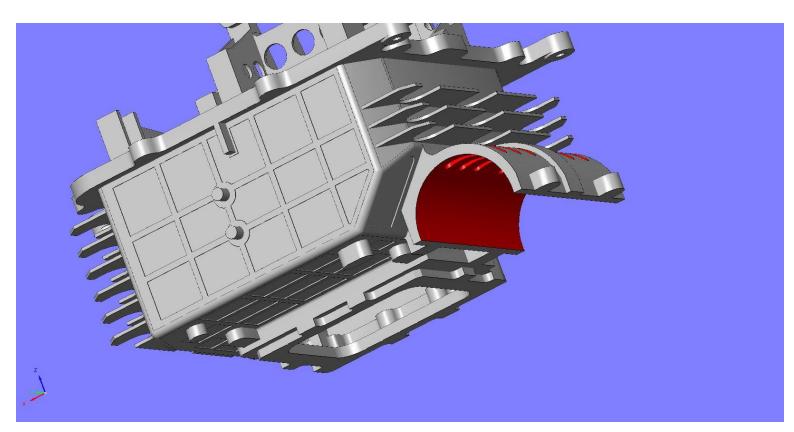
- Heat Sink Fins
  - Includes Clearance for wrench access





#### Reduced Part Count

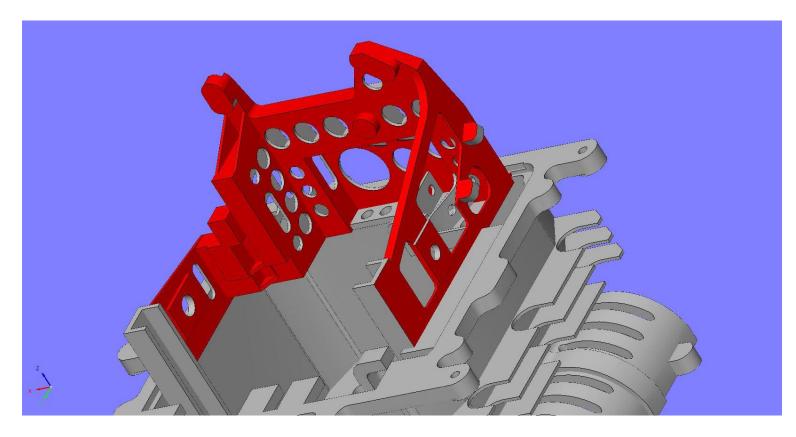
• Pole Mount Clamp Half





#### Reduced Part Count

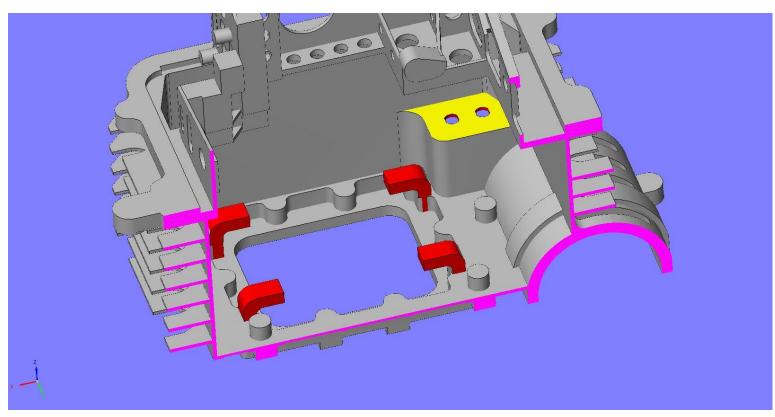
• Superstructure





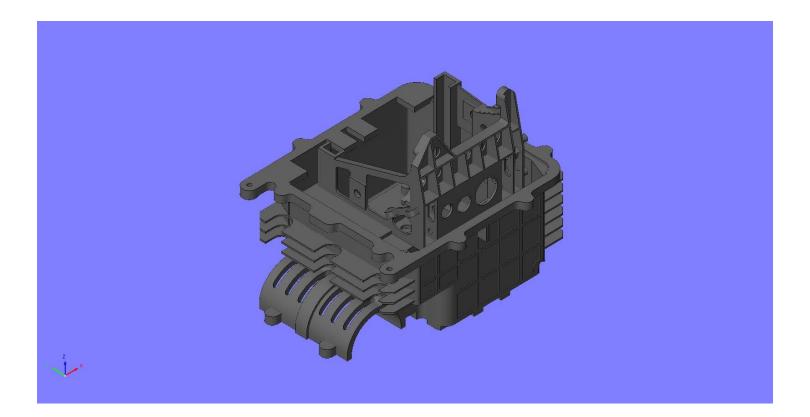
#### Reduced Part Count

(4) Mounting Hooks & Double "D" Holes





#### Lessons Learned

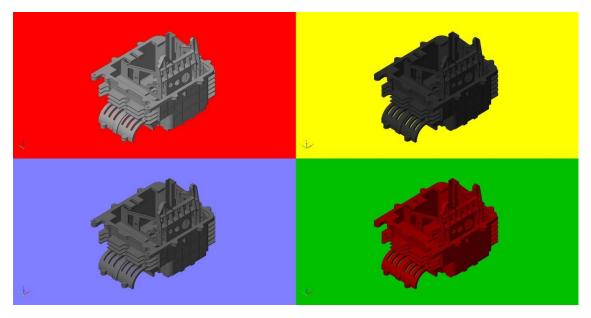






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#### 50 Castings are Custom Products

- Have only one purpose for one customer
- Require a Specialized Expertise

#### So Grow your Internal Specialized Expertise

- Engineering
- Quality
- Procurement

#### Develop Understanding of External Processes

- Good Design Practices for each process
- Strengths & Weaknesses of competing processes



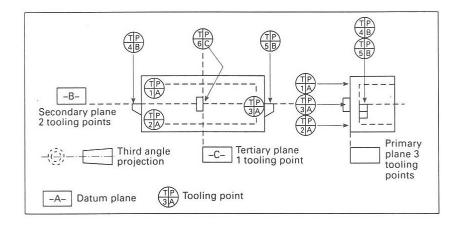


#### 50 Utilize good casting design practices

- Adequate fillet radii
- Reasonable tolerances
- Datums & Datum Points

### 50 Good Design improves casting Producability

- Predictable casting yields
- Stabilizes Price
- Improves Delivery Performance
- Consistent Product Quality
  - Fewer rejections
  - Fewer engineer changes



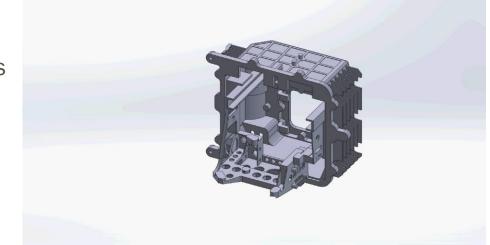


#### Design for Higher Levels of Complexity

- Complexity cost is largely reflected only in tooling & at pattern injection
- Part Count Reduction Combine multiple piece structure
- Reduce secondary operations
- Reduce assembly operations

#### 50 Near-Net-Shape Design

• Machine only Critical Features



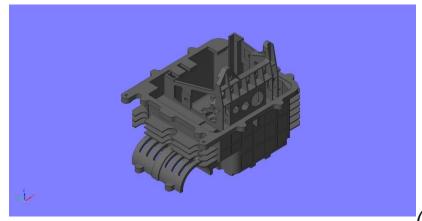


#### Embrace Concurrent Engineering

- Supplier Involvement early design
  - Opportunity to combine parts and Reduce Part Count of Assemblies
  - Avoid unnecessary Designed-In cost
- Solicit design feedback from Supply Base

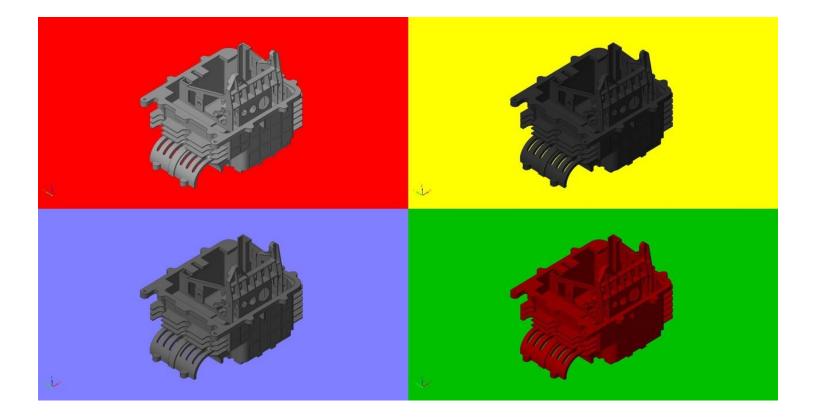
#### So Vendor & Industry Provided Educational Opportunities

- Concurrent Engineering
- o IC-101
- o IC-201





#### 5 Thank You!





### Contact



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YouTube:<a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UEiuYo9L0Jk">http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UEiuYo9L0Jk</a><a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IbNqipic0g4">http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IbNqipic0g4</a>

